

# Answer Key for Warder

## Exercises 1-21

*prepared by*

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# Exercise 1

## Pali into English p. 15

*tathāgato bhāsati*  
"thus-gone" / speaks  
The Tathagata speaks.

*upāsako pucchati*  
lay disciple / asks  
The lay disciple asks.

*puriso evaṃ vadati*  
person / thus / speaks  
The man speaks thus.

*devo amanusso hoti*  
god / non-human / is  
The god is a non-human.

*evaṃ vadāmi*  
thus / I say  
I say thus.

*khattiyo pakkamati*  
warrior / leaves  
The warrior leaves.

*mahāmatto nisīdati*  
minister / sits down  
The minister sits down.

*samaṇo tathāgato hoti*  
ascetic / "thus-gone" / is  
The ascetic is the Tathagata.

*putto upāsako passati*  
son / lay disciple / sees  
The son, (who is) a lay disciple, sees.

*brāhmaṇo upasaṃkamati*  
Brahmin / approaches  
The Brahmin approaches.

*manusso jīvati*  
human / lives  
The human lives.

*evaṃ vadanti*  
thus / they say  
They say this.

# Exercise 1

## English into Pali

p. 15

*The man speaks*  
puriso / vadati  
puriso vadati

*The ascetic is "thus-gone"*  
samaṇo / hoti / tathāgato  
samaṇo tathāgato (hoti)

*The priest goes away*  
brāhmaṇo / pakkamati  
brāhmaṇo pakkamati

*The god says so*  
devo / vadati / evaṃ  
devo evaṃ vadati  
*There is a time*  
hoti / samayo  
samayo hoti

*The son sits down*  
putto / nisīdati  
putto nisīdati

*The minister is a priest*  
mahāmatto / hoti / brāhmaṇo  
mahāmatto brāhmaṇo (hoti)

*The noble approaches*  
khattiyo / upasaṃkamati  
khattiyo upasaṃkamati  
*The god dies*  
devo / cavati  
devo cavati

*You say so (sing.)*  
vadasi / evaṃ  
evaṃ vadasi

*You say so (pl.)*  
vadatha / evaṃ  
evaṃ vadatha

*We say so*  
vadāma / evaṃ  
evaṃ vadāma

## Exercise 2

### Pali into English

p. 19

*sugato dhammaṃ bhāsati*  
"well-gone" / doctrine / speaks  
The "well-gone" (the Buddha)  
speaks the doctrine.

*upāsako pattaṃ āharati*  
lay disciple / bowl / brings  
The lay disciple brings the bowl.

*manussā bhavaṃ icchanti*  
humans / existence / wish for  
Humans wish for existence.

*gāmaṃ gacchāma*  
to the village / we go  
We go to the village.

*samaṇo āgacchati*  
ascetic / comes  
The ascetic comes.

*tathāgato sugato hoti*  
"thus-gone" / "well-gone" / is  
The "thus-gone" is the "well-  
gone."

*brāhmaṇo purise pucchati*  
Brahmin / people / asks  
The Brahmin asks the people.

*devā cavanti*  
gods / die  
The gods die.

*vādaṃ vadanti*  
statement / they speak  
They utter the statement.

*puttā pabbajanti*  
sons / go forth  
The sons go forth.

*satto tiṭṭhati*  
being / stays  
The being stays.

*samaṇe atthaṃ pucchanti*  
ascetics / meaning / they ask  
They ask the ascetics the meaning.

## Exercise 2

### English into Pali

p. 19

*They go to the minister*  
gacchanti / mahāmatṭaṃ  
mahāmatṭaṃ gacchanti

*The men see the ministers*  
purisā / passanti / mahāmatte  
purisā mahāmatte passanti

*The god, who is not a human being,  
approaches the "thus-gone"*  
devo amanusso / upasaṃkamati /  
tathāgataṃ  
devo amanusso tathāgataṃ  
upasaṃkamati

*You ask the philosopher about the  
doctrine*  
pucchasi / samaṇaṃ / dhammaṃ  
samaṇaṃ dhammaṃ pucchasi

*We ask the philosopher who is "well-  
gone"*  
pucchāma / samaṇaṃ / sugataṃ  
samaṇaṃ sugataṃ pucchāma

*The "thus-gone" gives up negligence*  
tathāgato / pajahati / pamādaṃ  
tathāgato pamādaṃ pajahati

*The lay disciples enter the village*  
upāsakā / pavisanti / gāmaṃ  
upāsakā gāmaṃ pavisanti

*The ascetics meditate*  
samaṇā / jhāyanti  
samaṇā jhāyanti

*The substance remains*  
kāyo / tiṭṭhati  
kāyo tiṭṭhati

*He reaches the top*  
phusati / aggaṃ  
aggaṃ phusati

*We ask the philosopher the meaning*  
pucchāma / samaṇaṃ / atthaṃ  
samaṇaṃ atthaṃ pucchāma

*He gives alms*  
deti (dadāti) / piṇḍaṃ  
piṇḍaṃ deti (dadāti)



## Exercise 3

### Pali into English

p. 22

*bhagavā dhammaṃ deseti*  
the Blessed One / the doctrine /  
teaches  
The Blessed One teaches the doctrine.

*rājānaṃ vañcesi*  
the king / you deceive  
You deceive the king.

*upāsakaṃ brāhmaṇaṃ dhāreti*  
a lay follower / the Brahmin / he  
accepts  
He accepts the Brahmin as a lay  
follower.

*rājā purise āmanteti*  
the king / the people / addresses  
The king addresses the people.

*brāhmaṇo brahmānaṃ passati*  
the Brahmin / God (Brahma) /  
sees  
The Brahmin sees God (Brahma).

*rājā khattiyo mahāmattaṃ pucchati*  
the king / a noble / the minister /  
asks  
The king who is a noble asks the  
minister.

*brāhmaṇā rājānaṃ vadanti*  
the Brahmins / (to) the king /  
speak  
The Brahmins speak to the king.

*puriso bhāraṃ chaḍḍeti*  
the man / the load / abandons  
The man abandons the load.

*evaṃ kathenti*  
thus / they relate  
Thus do they relate.

*kālaṃ paccayaṃ paññāpentī*  
time / the cause / they declare  
They declare time as the cause.

## Exercise 3

### English into Pali

p. 23

*The lay disciples salute the fortunate one*  
upāsakā / abhivādentī /  
bhagavantam  
upāsakā bhagavantam abhivādentī

*He binds the hands*  
bandhati / hatthe  
hatthe bandhati

*I experience the result*  
paṭisaṃvedemi / vipākam  
vipākam paṭisaṃvedemi

*The king addresses the priest*  
rājā / āmanteti / brāhmaṇam  
rājā brāhmaṇam āmanteti

*The priest who is minister speaks thus  
to the fortunate one*  
brāhmaṇo / mahāmatto / vadati /  
evam / bhagavantam  
brāhmaṇo mahāmatto  
bhagavantam evam vadati

*Existence is the condition*  
bhavo / paccayo  
bhavo paccayo

*He remembers the meaning*  
dhāreti / attham  
attham dhāreti

*The fortunate one dresses*  
bhagavā / nivāseti  
bhagavā nivāseti

*The gods discuss the matter*  
devā / mantenti / attham  
devā attham mantenti

*The fortunate one asks the king*  
bhagavā / pucchati / rājānam  
bhagavā rājānam pucchati

*He enters the dwelling*  
pavisati / viharam  
viharam pavisati

*You rebut the argument*  
nibbeṭhesi / vadam  
vadam nibbeṭhesi

*The king takes counsel*  
rājā / manteti  
rājā manteti

*He renounces gain*  
pajahati / lābham  
lābham pajahati

## Exercise 4

### Pali into English

p. 27

*upāsakā nisīdiṃsu*

lay-followers / sat down

The lay-followers sat down [D.II.85 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).1.22]

*bhutāpubbaṃ rājā Disampati nāma ahosi. Reṇu nāma*

in the past / king / Disampati / by name / there was / Renu / by name

At one time there was a king named Disampati. The prince named

*kumāro putto ahosi. Govindo nāma brāhmaṇo purohito*

prince / son / was / Govinda / by name / Brahmin / prime minister

Renu was his son. The prime minister was a Brahmin named

*ahosi. Jotipālo nāma māṇavo putto ahosi.*

was / Jotipala / by name / young Brahmin / son / was

Govinda. The young Brahmin named Jotipala was his son.

*Reṇu ca rājaputto Jotipālo ca māṇavo sahayā ahesuṃ.*

Renu / and / prince / Jotipala / and / young Brahmin / friends / were

Prince Renu and the young Brahmin Jotipala were friends.

*atha kho Govindo brāhmaṇo kālaṃ akāsi.*

then / indeed / Govinda / the Brahmin / time made (died)

Then Govinda the Brahmin died.

*Rājā Disampati paridevesi*

king / Disampati / grieved

King Disampati grieved. [D.II.230-231 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).29]

*evaṃ tadā āsi*

thus / then / it was

This is how it was. [D.I.143 – v.(Kūṭadanta).21]

## Exercise 4

### English into Pali

p. 27

*The priest went away*  
brāhmaṇo / pakkāmi  
brāhmaṇo pakkāmi

*The fortunate one entered the village*  
bhagavā / pāvīsi / gāmaṃ  
bhagavā gāmaṃ pāvīsi

*The son was called Uttara*  
putto / ahosi / nāma / Uttaro  
Uttaro nāma putto ahosi

*The fortunate one addressed Ananda*  
bhagavā / āmantesi / Ānandaṃ  
bhagavā Ānandaṃ āmantesi

*I have taught the doctrine*  
desesiṃ / dhammaṃ  
dhammaṃ desesiṃ

*The nobles approached the prince*  
khattiyā / upasaṃkamīṃsu / rājaputtaṃ  
khattiyā rājaputtaṃ upasaṃkamīṃsu

*I spoke thus*  
abhāsīṃ / evaṃ  
evaṃ abhāsīṃ

*The prince went forth*  
rājaputto / pabbaji  
rājaputto pabbaji

## Exercise 5

### Pali into English

p. 33

*Renu rājaputto rājānaṃ Disampatiṃ etad avoca.*  
Renu / prince / king / Disampati / this / said  
Prince Renu said this to King Disampati:

*mā kho tvaṃ deva paridevesi.*  
do not / indeed / you / lord / you grieve  
“Do not grieve, lord.”

*atthi deva Jotipālo nāma māṇavo putto ti.*  
there is / lord / Jotipala / by name / young Brahmin / son / (end-quote)  
There is, lord, a young Brahmin named Jotipala who is his son.”

*atha kho rājā Disampati purisaṃ āmantesi.*  
then / indeed / King / Disampati / a man / addressed  
Then King Disampati addressed a man. [D.II.231 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).29-30]

*ahaṃ ime dhamme desesiṃ*  
I / these / doctrines / preached  
I preached these doctrines. [D.II.75 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).1.5]

*rājā khattiyo taṃ purisaṃ etad avoca*  
king / noble / that / man / this / he said  
The king who was a noble spoke thus to that man. [D.III.65 – xxvi.(Cakkavatti-Sihanāda).10]

*mā samaṇaṃ upasaṅkami*  
do not / recluse / approach  
Do not approach the recluse. [D.I.129 – v.(Kūṭadanta).6]

*ahaṃ purohito brāhmaṇo ahoṣiṃ*  
I / prime minister / Brahmin / was  
I was the Brahmin who was prime minister. [D.I.143 – v.(Kūṭadanta).21]

*ahaṃ asmi brahmā issaro*  
I am / God / lord  
I am the lord God. [D.I.18 – i.(Brahmajāla).2.5]

*idaṃ avoca bhagavā*  
this / he said / Blessed One  
The Blessed One said this. [D.II.252 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).62]

*te rājaputtaṃ avocum*  
they / prince / spoke  
They spoke to the prince. [D.II.233 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).33]

*mā saddaṃ akattha*  
do not / noise / make  
Don't make a noise. [D.I.179 – ix.(Poṭṭhapāda).4]  
*so nirodhaṃ phusati*  
he / cessation / attains  
He attains cessation. [D.I.185 – ix.(Poṭṭhapāda).20]

*samaṇā aṃha*  
recluses / we are  
We are recluses. [D.III.84 – xxvii.(Aggañña).9]

*na taṃ deva vañcemi*  
not / you / lord / I deceive  
I do not deceive you, lord. [D.I.50 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).10]

*eso mahārāja bhagavā*  
this / great king / Blessed One  
Your majesty, this is the Blessed One. [D.I.50 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).11]

*mayam bhagavantaṃ upasaṃkamimhā*  
we / Blessed One / approached  
We approached the Blessed One. [D.II.288 – xxi.(Sakkapañha).2.10]

*atthi kāyo*  
there is / body  
There is a body. [D.II.292 – xxii.(Mahāsatipaṭṭhāna).2]

*upeti pi apeti pi*  
he comes / and / he goes / and  
He comes and goes. [D.I.180 – ix.(Poṭṭhapāda).6]

*evam etaṃ brāhmaṇa*  
thus / this / Brahmin  
This is so, Brahmin. [D.I.124 – iv.(Soṇadaṇḍa).22]

## Exercise 5

### English into Pali

p. 34

*The wanderer said this to the fortunate one*  
paribbājako / avoca / etad / bhagavantam  
paribbājako bhagavantam etad avoca

*Those wanderers were silent*  
te / paribbājakā / ahesum / tuṅhī  
te paribbājakā tuṅhī ahesum

*I teach the doctrine*  
aham / desemi / dhammam  
aham dhammam desemi

*I am a priest*  
aham / asmi / brāhmaṇo  
aham brāhmaṇo asmi

*This king is a human being, I too am a human being*  
ayam / rājā / manusso / aham / pi / manusso  
ayam rājā manusso, aham pi manusso

*I love her*  
aham / kāmemi / tam  
aham tam kāmemi

*Don't go in (sing.)*  
mā / pāvīsi  
mā pāvīsi

*We said to that fortunate one*  
mayam / avocumha / tam / bhagavantam  
mayam tam bhagavantam avocumha

*Don't grieve (plur.)*  
mā / paridevittha  
mā paridevittha

*He goes forth (use pronoun)*  
so / pabbajati  
so pabbajati

*Then (add kho) Mahagovinda the priest towards those nobles approached that way*

atha kho / Mahāgovindo / brāhmaṇo / yena / te / khattiyā /  
upasaṃkamaṃ / tena

atha kho Mahāgovindo brāhmaṇo yena te khattiyā ten' upasaṃkamaṃ

*He said this to those nobles*

so / avoca / etad / te / khattiye  
so te khattiye etad avoca

*They ask me the meaning*

te / pucchanti / maṃ / atthaṃ  
te maṃ atthaṃ pucchanti

*He said this to us*

so / avoca / etad / amhe  
so amhe etad avoca

*She said this to me*

sā / avoca / etad / maṃ  
sā maṃ etad avoca

*I teach this doctrine*

desemi / imaṃ / dhammaṃ  
imaṃ dhammaṃ desemi

*This is cessation (use idaṃ)*

ayaṃ / nirodho  
ayaṃ nirodho

*You are (emphatically) priests, O Vasetthas*

tumhe / attha / kho / brāhmaṇā / Vāsetṭhā  
tumhe kho attha brāhmaṇā Vāsetṭhā



## Exercise 6

### Pali into English

p. 38

*ehi tvaṃ purisa. yena Jotipālo māṇavo ten' upasaṅkama.*

go / you / man / towards / Jotipala / young Brahmin / that way /  
approach

“You must go, my man. Approach the young Brahmin Jotipala.

*Jotipālaṃ māṇavaṃ evaṃ vadehi ... evaṃ devā ti ...*

Jotipala / young Brahmin / thus / say ... / yes / lord / (end-quote)  
Say this to the young Brahmin Jotipala” ... “Yes, lord” ...

*so puriso Jotipālaṃ māṇavaṃ etad avoca:*

that / man / Jotipala / young Brahmin / this / said  
That man said this to the young Brahmin Jotipala:

*bhavaṃ atthu bhavantaṃ Jotipālaṃ māṇavaṃ.*

good fortune / may it be / his honour / Jotipala / young Brahmin  
“May good fortune be upon his honour the young Brahmin Jotipala.

*rājā Disampati bhavantaṃ Jotipālaṃ māṇavaṃ āmanteti ...*

king / Disampati / his honour / Jotipala / young Brahmin / calls  
King Disampati calls his honour the young Brahmin Jotipala.”

*Jotipālo māṇavo yena rājā Disampati ten' upasaṅkami.*

Jotipala / young Brahmin / towards / King / Disampati / that way /  
approached

The young Brahmin Jotipala approached King Disampati.

*Jotipālaṃ māṇavaṃ rājā Disampati etad avoca.*

Jotipala / young Brahmin / King / Disampati / this / said  
King Disampati said this to the young Brahmin Jotipala:

*Anusāsatu bhavaṃ Jotipālo māṇavo ...*

may he advise / his honour / Jotipala / young Brahmin  
“May his honour the young Brahmin Jotipala advise ....”

*te atthe anusāsati.*

on those / issues / he advised

He advised on those issues. [D.II.231-232 (not I.231-232 as per book) –  
xix.(Mahāgovinda).30-31]

*gaccha tvaṃ Ānanda*

go / you / Ananda

You must go, Ananda. [D.II.104 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).3.6]

*idaṃ hara*  
this / take  
Take this. [D.I.67 – ii.(*Sāmaññaphala*).54]

*etu bhagavā*  
may he come / Blessed One  
May the Blessed One come. [D.I.179 – ix.(*Poṭṭhapāda*).5]

*ayaṃ samaṇo Gotamo āgacchati*  
this / recluse / Gotama / comes  
This recluse Gotama is coming. [D.I.179 – ix.(*Poṭṭhapāda*).4]

*nibbeṭhehi sace pahosi*  
explain / if / you can  
Explain this if you can. [D.III.117 – xxix.(*Pāsādika*).1]

*desetu sugato dhammaṃ*  
may he preach / Fortunate One / doctrine  
May the Blessed One preach the doctrine. [D.II.38 – xiv.(*Mahāpadāna*).3.6]

*pivattha khādathā ti*  
drink / eat / (end-quote)  
“Drink, eat.” [cf. D.II.147 – xvi.(*Mahāparinibbāna*).5.19 and D.II.170 – xvii.(*Mahāsudassana*).1.3]

*abhikkama mahārāja*  
go forward / your majesty  
Go forward, your majesty. [D.I.50 – ii.(*Sāmaññaphala*).10]

*thūpaṃ karonti*  
monument / they make  
They make a monument. [D.II.142 – xvi.(*Mahāparinibbāna*).5.11]

*etha tumhe*  
go / you  
You must go. [D.I.211 – xi.(*Kevaddha*).1]

## Exercise 6

### English into Pali

p. 38

*Let the fortunate one sit down*  
bhagavā / nisīdatu  
nisīdatu bhagavā

*Bring that!*  
āhara / idaṃ  
idaṃ āhara

*That man must come*  
so / puriso / etu  
etu so puriso

*Let the priest not trouble*  
brāhmaṇo / tiṭṭhatu  
tiṭṭhatu brāhmaṇo

*He makes an opportunity*  
karoti / okāsaṃ  
okāsaṃ karoti

*The king said this: "We must go"*  
rājā / avoca / etad / mayaṃ /  
gacchāma / ti  
rājā etad avoca: mayaṃ  
gacchāmā ti

*I do not say this world doesn't exist*  
na / vadāmi / ayaṃ / loko / na  
/ atthi / ti  
ayaṃ loko n'atthi ti na vadāmi

*Give that up!*  
pajaha / taṃ  
taṃ pajaha

*Let not the honourable Govinda go  
forth*  
mā / bhavaṃ / Govindo /  
pabbaji  
mā bhavaṃ Govindo pabbaji

*Study! (plur.)*  
sajjhāyaṃ / karotha  
sajjhāyaṃ karotha

*Ask the fortunate one (about) this  
subject matter*  
pucchatha / bhagavantaṃ /  
etaṃ / atthaṃ  
bhagavantaṃ etaṃ atthaṃ  
pucchatha

*This conch makes a noise*  
ayaṃ / saṅkho / karoti /  
saddaṃ  
ayaṃ saṅkho saddaṃ karoti

## Exercise 7

### Pali into English

p. 43

*iminā mayaṃ nimmitā*  
by him / we / created  
We are created by him. [D.I.18 – i.(Brahmajāla).2.5]

*mayaṃ brahmunā nimmitā*  
we / by Brahma / created  
We have been created by Brahma. [D.I.18 – i.(Brahmajāla).2.5]

*desito Ānanda mayā dhammo*  
preached / Ananda / by me / doctrine  
Ananda, the doctrine has been preached by me. [D.II.100 –  
xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).2.25]

*iminā tvaṃ purisa dhanena jīvāhi*  
by this / you / man / wealth / live  
Live on this wealth, my man. [D.III.66 – xxvi.(Cakkavatti-Sihanāda).11]

*vimutto tathāgato*  
freed / Tathagata  
The Tathagata has been freed. [D.I.29 – i.(Brahmajāla).2.34]

*te ca me evaṃ puṭṭhā āmā ti vadanti*  
they / and / by me / thus / asked / yes / (end-quote) / they say  
And having been asked thus by me, they say “Yes.” [cf. D.III.28 –  
xxiv.(Pāṭika).2.14]

*idaṃ āsanaṃ paññattaṃ*  
this / seat / prepared  
This seat has been prepared. [D.III.39 – xxv.(Udumbarika-Sihanāda).7]

*ete manussā gehaṃ pavisanti*  
these / men / house / enter  
These men enter the house. [D.I.83 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).96]

*niggahīto 'si*  
refuted / you are  
You are refuted. [D.III.117 – xxix.(Pāsādika).1]

*kilanto 'smi*  
tired / I am  
I am tired. [~D.II.128 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).4.22]

*dānaṃ detha*  
alms / give  
Give alms. [D.II.357 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).33]

## Exercise 7

### English into Pali

p. 43

*They experience happiness*

te / paṭisaṃvedenti / sukhaṃ

te sukhaṃ paṭisaṃvedenti [cf. D.I.75 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).79]

*The doctrine has been declared by me*

dhammo / paññatto / mayā

mayā dhammo paññatto [D.II.154 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).6.1]

*The wanderer is (hoti) contented*

paribbājako / hoti / santuṭṭho

paribbājako santuṭṭho hoti [cf. D.I.71 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).66]

*Death is misery*

maranaṃ / dukkhaṃ

maranaṃ dukkhaṃ [D.II.305 – xxii.(Mahāsatipatṭhāna).18]

*I have heard this*

me / sutāṃ / evaṃ

evaṃ me sutāṃ [D.I.127 (not I.128 as per book) – v.(Kūṭadanta).1]

*I did the work*

me / kataṃ / kammaṃ

kammaṃ me kataṃ [D.III.257 – xxxiii.(Saṅgīti).3.1(v)]

*He gives a donation*

deti / dānaṃ

dānaṃ deti [D.III.258 – xxxiii.(Saṅgīti).3.1(vi)]

*The body is tired*

kāyo / kilanto

kāyo kilanto [D. III.255 – xxxiii.(Saṅgīti).3.1(iv)]

## Exercise 8

### Pali into English

p. 50

*ahaṃ tena samayena rājā Mahāsudassano ahoṣiṃ*

I / at that time / king / Mahasudassana / was

At that time I was the king Mahasudassana. [D.II.196 – xvii.(Mahāsudassana).2.14]

*dānena n' atthi puññaṃ*

by giving / not / there is / merit

There is no merit in giving. [D.I.53 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).17]

*te 'haṃ upasaṃkamitvā evaṃ vadāmi*

them / I / having approached / thus / I say

Having approached them, I say thus. [D.III.28 – xxiv.(Pāṭika).2.14]

*maṃ abhivādetvā pakkāmi*

me / having bid farewell / he left

He bade me farewell and left. [cf. D.I.222 – xi.(Kevaddha).84]

*disvā evaṃ avocumha*

having seen / thus / we said

After seeing we said thus. [D.III.39-40 – xxv.(Udumbarika-Sīhanāda).7]

*diṭṭhā bho satta jīvasi*

excellent / honourable / being / you live

Excellent, honourable being, you're alive! [D.III.73 – xxvi.(Cakkavatti-Sīhanāda).21]

*jayaṃ veraṃ pasavati*

victory / enmity / generates

Victory generates enmity. [D.III.183 – xxxi.(Sigālaka).11]

*brāhmaṇo brahmunā manteti*

Brahmin / Brahma / consults

The Brahmin consults Brahma. [D.II.237 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).39]

*evaṃ bho ti*

thus / sir / (end-quote)

“Yes, sir.” [D.I.236 – xiii.(Tevijja).7]

*handā vata bho gacchāma*

well / indeed / sir / let us go

Well indeed, sir, let's go. [D.III.16 – xxiv.(Pāṭika).1.19]

*kālaṃ karonto aṇoca*  
time / making<sup>1</sup> / he said  
Dying, he said. [D.III.181 – *xxxi.(Sigālaka).2*]

*rājā samāno idaṃ labhati*  
king / being / this / he receives  
Being a king he receives this. [D.III.146 – *xxx.(Lakkhaṇa).1.5*]

*jhānaṃ jhāyati*  
absorption / he meditates  
He meditates on this absorption. [D.II.238 – *xix.(Mahāgovinda).41*]

*mayāṃ bhagavantaṃ saranaṃ gacchāma, dhammañ ca*  
we / (to) Blessed One / (as) refuge / we go / (to) Dhamma / and  
We go to the Blessed One for refuge, and to the Dhamma. [D.II.43 –  
*xiv.(Mahāpadāna).3.16*]

*jīvitam demi*  
life / I give  
I give life. [D.I.148 – *v.(Kūṭadanta).28*]

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<sup>1</sup> kala.m karonto = dying

## Exercise 8

### English into Pali

p. 50

*They enter by this gate*

pavisanti / iminā / dvārena

iminā dvārena pavisanti [D.II.83 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).1.17]

*The king, having greeted the fortunate one, sat down*

rājā / abhivādetvā / bhagavantam / nisīdi

rājā bhagavantam abhivādetvā nisīdi [D.I.50-1 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).11]

*Having approached (and) greeted the fortunate one, they sat down*

upasaṃkamtivā / abhivādetvā / bhagavantam / nisīdiṃsu

bhagavantam upasaṃkamtivā abhivādetvā nisīdiṃsu [D.II.84 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).1.18]

*Having approached them I ask these questions*

upasaṃkamtivā / te / pucchāmi / ime / pañhe

te upasaṃkamtivā ime pañhe pucchāmi [D.II.284 – xxi.(Sakkapañha).2.7]

*Having dressed, taking a bowl I entered the village*

nivāsetvā / ādāya / pattam / aham / pāvisim / gāmam

aham nivāsetvā pattam ādāya gāmam pāvisim [D.III.6 – xxiv.(Pāṭika).1.7]

*Gentlemen! Do not say thus*

bhonto / mā / avocuttha / evam

mā bhonto evam avocuttha [D.I.122 – iv.(Soṇadaṇḍa).19]

*The honourable Jotipala went forth*

bhavam / Jotipālo / pabbaji

bhavam Jotipālo pabbaji [D.II.249 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).58]

*(As he is) going he sees*

gaccham / passati

gaccham passati [cf. D.III.126-7 (passam passati) – xxix.(Pāsādika).16]

*I do not take counsel with God*

aham / na / mantemi / brahmunā

n' aham brahmunā mantemi [D.II.237 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).39]

*He entered the house*

pāvīsi / geham

geham pāvīsi [cf. D.II.85 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).1.22]



*He gives a drink*

deti / pānaṃ

pānaṃ deti [cf. D.III.258 (*dānaṃ deti*) – xxxiii.(*Saṅgīti*).3.4]

*I do not get food*

ahaṃ / na / labhāmi / bhojanaṃ

n' ahaṃ bhojanaṃ labhāmi [cf. D.III.255-6 – xxxiii.(*Saṅgīti*).3.1(iv)]

*He sees the garment*

passati / vatthaṃ

vatthaṃ passati [cf. D.II.110 – xvi.(*Mahāparinibbāna*).3.25]

*He is (hoti) satisfied with the resting place*

so / hoti / santuṭṭho / senāsanena

so senāsanena santuṭṭho hoti [D.III.225 – xxxiii.(*Saṅgīti*).1.11(ix)]

*Living beings experience unhappiness*

bhūtā / paṭisaṃvedenti / dukkhaṃ

bhūtā dukkhaṃ paṭisaṃvedenti [D.I.53 – ii.(*Sāmaññaphala*).20]

*The lay disciples come to the place*

upāsakā / (tena) upasaṃkamanti / yena / padeso

upāsakā yena padeso ten' upasaṃkamanti [cf. D.II.84,87 –  
xvi.(*Mahāparinibbāna*).1.20,26 and D.II.198 – xvii.(*Mahāśudassana*).2.17]

## Exercise 9

### Pali into English

p. 53

*kāyā hāyanti*

bodies / are abandoned

Bodies are abandoned. [D.II.221 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).2]

*ayaṃ kho sā brāhmaṇa paññā*

this / indeed / that / Brahmin / wisdom

Indeed, Brahmin, this is that wisdom. [D.I.124 – iv.(Soṇadaṇḍa).23]

*esā taṇhā pahīyati*

this / craving / is abandoned

This craving is abandoned. [D.II.310 – xxii.(Mahāsatipaṭṭhāna).20]

*bhojanaṃ dīyati*

food / is given

Food is given. [D.II.354 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).32]

*saccaṃ Nigrodha bhāsītā te esā vācā (interrogative)*

is it true / Nigrodha / uttered / by you / this / speech

Is it true, Nigrodha, that this speech was uttered by you? [D.III.53 – xxv.(Udumbarika-Sīhanāda).21]

*saccaṃ bhante bhāsītā me esā vācā (affirmative reply)*

it is true / lord / uttered / by me / this / speech

It is true, lord, this speech was uttered by me. [D.III.54 – xxv.(Udumbarika-Sīhanāda).21]

*idaṃ vuccati cittan ti vā viññāṇan ti vā*

this / is called / mind / (end-quote) / consciousness / (end-quote) / or

This is called “mind” or “consciousness.” [D.I.21 – i.(Brahmajāla).2.13]

*tā devatā maṃ etad avocuṃ*

those / deities / me / thus / said

Those deities said this to me. [D.II.51 – xiv.(Mahāpadāna).3.30]

*atthi kho bho Maṇikā nāma vijaṃ*

there is / indeed / sir / Manika / called / science

Indeed, sir, there is a science called “Manika.” [D.I.214 – xi.(Kevaddha).7]

*saññā ca vedanā ca niruddhā honti*

perceptions / and / sensations / and / ceased / they are

Perceptions and sensations have ceased. [D.III.266 – xxxiii.(Saṅgīti).3.2(vi)]

*Sujātā nāma bhante upāsikā kālakatā*

Sujata / named / Venerable sir / lay devotee (female) / died

Venerable sir, the lay devotee Sujata has died. [D.II.92 (not II.93 as per book) –  
*xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).2.6]*

*evaṃ pi kho Sunakkhatto mayā vuccamāno apakkami*

thus / and / indeed / Sunakkhatta / by me / being said / withdrew

And so Sunakkhatta, at my words, withdrew. [D.III.6 – *xxiv.(Pāṭika).1.6]*

*samaṇo Gotamo imaṃ parisam āgacchati*

wanderer / Gotama / (to) this / assembly / comes

The wanderer Gotama comes to this assembly. [cf. D.I.179 – ix.(Poṭṭhapāda).4  
and D.III.38 – *xxv.(Udumbarika-Sīhanāda).5]*

## Exercise 9

### English into Pali

p. 54

*These phenomena are abandoned*

ete / dhammā / pahīyanti

ete dhammā pahīyanti [D.I.195 – ix.(Potṭhapāda).40]

*Goats are killed*

ajā / haññanti

ajā haññanti [D.II.352 (ajeḷakā haññanti) – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).31]

*The priest is seen*

brāhmaṇo / dissati

brāhmaṇo dissati [cf. D.III.81 – xxvii.(Aggañña).4]

*Ignorance is given up*

avijjā / pahīyati

avijjā pahīyati [D.II.215 – xviii.(Janavasabha).25]

*He is called an ascetic*

so / vuccati / samaṇo

so samaṇo vuccati [D.I.167 – viii.(Mahāsīhanāda).15]

*This is called misery*

idaṃ / vuccati / dukkhaṃ

idaṃ dukkhaṃ vuccati [D.II.307 – xxii.(Mahāsatiṭṭhāna).18]

*Taking a garland they went to the hall*

ādāya / mālaṃ / (tena) upasaṃkamimsu / yena / salā

mālaṃ ādāya yena salā ten' upasaṃkamimsu [cf. D.II.265 – xxi.(Sakkapañha).1.4]

## Exercise 10

### Pali into English

p. 59

*na ciraṃ tathāgatassa parinibbānaṃ bhavissati*  
not / a long time / of the Tathagata / the passing away / will be  
The passing away of the Tathagata will not be long. [D.II.114 –  
xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).3.37]

*imassa jayo bhavissati*  
for this one / victory / there will be  
There will be victory for this one. [D.I.10 – i.(Brahmajāla).1.23]

*brāhmaṇā brahmuno puttā*  
Brahmins / of Brahma / sons  
The Brahmins are sons of Brahma. [D.III.81 – xxvii.(Aggañña).3]

*dukkhass' antaṃ karissanti*  
of suffering / end / they will make  
They will make an end of suffering. [D.I.54 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).20]

*āropito te vādo*  
disproved / of you / the statement  
Your statement has been disproved. [D.I.8 – i.(Brahmajāla).1.18]

*ayaṃ imassa bhāsitaṃ attho*  
this / of this / speech / the meaning  
This is the meaning of this speech. [D.I.137 – v.(Kūṭadanta).13]

*mā me purato aṭṭhāsi*  
do not / of me / in front / stand  
Do not stand in front of me. [D.II.139 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).5.4]

*so maṃ pañhena, ahaṃ veyyākaraṇena sobhissāmi*  
he / me / by the question / I / with an explanation / I will make clear  
By him questioning me, and my explaining, I will make it clear. [D.I.105 –  
iii.(Ambaṭṭha).2.10]

*tena kho pana samayena Ānando bhagavato piṭṭhito ṭhito hoti*  
*bhagavantam vijamāno*  
at that / indeed / but / time / Ananda / the Blessed One / behind /  
standing / is / the Blessed One / fanning  
But at that time Ananda was standing behind the Blessed One fanning  
him. [D.II.73 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).1.4]

*kammaṃ kho pana me karontassa kāyo kilamissati*  
action / indeed / but / of me / of doing / the body / will tire  
Moreover while doing this action my body will tire. [D.III.255 –  
xxxiii.(Saṅgīti).3.1.(iv)]

*tassa ratanāni bhavanti*  
his / gems / they are  
They are his gems. [D.II.16 – xiv.(Mahāpadāna).1.31]

## English into Pali

p. 60

*These people will have sons*  
imesaṃ / manussānaṃ / bhavissanti / puttā  
imesaṃ manussānaṃ puttā bhavissanti [D.III.71 – xxvi.(Cakkavatti-Sīhanāda).19]

*I am his slave*  
ahaṃ / amhi / tassa / dāso  
ahaṃ tassa dāso amhi [D.I.60 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).35]

*There will be danger*  
bhavissati / bhayaṃ  
bhayaṃ bhavissati [D.I.69 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).60]

*He will teach the doctrine*  
desessati / dhammaṃ  
dhammaṃ desessati (desissati) [D.III.76 – xxvi.(Cakkavatti-Sīhanāda).25]

*I will be an ascetic*  
bhavissāmi / samaṇo  
samaṇo bhavissāmi [D.III.95 – xxvii.(Aggañña).26]

*The priest has a son*  
brāhmaṇassa / atthi / putto  
atthi brāhmaṇassa putto [D.II.231 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).29]

*They wrap the king's body in a garment*  
veṭṭenti / rañño / sarīraṃ / vatthena  
rañño sarīraṃ vatthena veṭṭenti [D.II.141 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).5.11]

*This is the pagoda of that fortunate one*  
ayaṃ / hoti / thūpo / imassa / bhagavato  
ayaṃ imassa bhagavato thūpo hoti [~D.II.142 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).5.11]

*We deserve a share of the relics of the fortunate one*  
mayaṃ / arahāma / bhāgaṃ / sarīraṇaṃ / bhagavato  
mayaṃ bhagavato sarīraṇaṃ bhāgaṃ arahāma [D.II.164-165 –  
xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).6.24]

# Exercise 11

## Pali into English

p. 66

*na kho ahaṃ āvuso addasaṃ*

not / indeed / I / friend / saw

Indeed, friend, I did not see. [D.I.130 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).4.26]

*ayaṃ tathāgatassa pacchimā vācā*

this / of the Tathagata / last / saying

This is the last utterance of the Tathagata. [D.II.156 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).6.7]

*pāmujaṃ bhavissati, sukho ca vihāro*

joy / will be / happiness / and / abiding

There will be joy and a happy abiding. [D.I.196 – ix.(Poṭṭhapāda).40]

*addasā kho bhagavā tā devatāyo*

he saw / indeed / the Blessed One / those / deities

Truly the Blessed One saw those deities. [D.II.87 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).1.27]

*iminā kho evaṃ bho pariyāyena Jotipālassa māṇavassa Mahāgovindo ti samaññā  
udapādi*

by this / indeed / thus / sir / course / of Jotipala / young Brahmin /  
Mahagovinda / [end-quote] / agreed name / arose

Thus, in this way Mahagovinda (“Great Steward”) arose as the agreed  
name of the young Brahmin Jotipala. [D.II.232 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).31]

*sassato loko*

eternal / world

The world is eternal. [D.I.187 – ix.(Poṭṭhapāda).25]

*so gacchati dakkhiṇaṃ disaṃ*

he / goes / southern / direction

He is going in the southern direction. [D.I.222 – xi.(Kevaddha).85]

*kusalan ti pi na bhavissati, kuto pana kusalassa kāraṅko*

good / [end-quote] / also / not / will be / whence / but / of good / doer

There is not even the concept “good”, let alone a doer of good. [D.III.71 –  
xxvi.(Cakkavatti-Sihanāda).19]

*ahaṃ kho maggaṃ aḡamāsiṃ*

I / indeed / path / went

Indeed I went on that path. [D.III.255 – xxxiii.(Saṅgīti).3.1(iv)]

*kalyāṇaṃ vuccati brāhmaṇa*

beautifully / it is said / brahmin

Beautifully said, Brahmin. [D.I.110 – iii.(Ambaṭṭha).2.22]

*atha kho rājā Mahāsudassano vāmena hatthena bhīṅkāraṃ gaheṭvā dakkhiṇena  
hatthena cakkarataṇaṃ abbhukkiri*  
then / indeed / king / Mahasudassana / with the left / hand / ceremonial  
water vessel / having taken / with the right / hand / wheel-gem /  
sprinkled  
Then King Mahasudassana took the ceremonial water vessel in his left  
hand and sprinkled the wheel-gem with his right hand. [D.II.172 –  
*xvii.(Mahāsudassana).1.8*]

*idaṃ kusalaṃ*  
this / good  
This is good. [D.II.222 – *xix.(Mahāgovinda).7*]

*ayaṃ Jambudīpo iddho c’eva bhavissati phīto ca*  
this / India / powerful / and / surely / will be / prosperous / and  
Thus this India will surely be powerful and prosperous. [~D.III.75 –  
*xxvi.(Cakkavatti-Sihanāda).23*]

*micchā paṭi paṇṇo tvaṃ asi, ahaṃ asmi sammā paṭipannaṃ*  
wrongly / practising / you / are / I / am / rightly / practising  
You are practising incorrectly, I am practising correctly. [D.III.117–*xxix.(Pāsādika).1*]

*so tato cuto idhūpapannaṃ*  
he / then / died / here, reborn  
Then he died and was reborn here. [D.I.81 – *ii.(Sāmaññaphala).93*]

*addasā paribbājako bhagavantaṃ āgacchantaṃ*  
saw / the wanderer / the Blessed One / coming  
The wanderer saw the Blessed One coming. [D.I.179 – *ix.(Poṭṭhapāda).4*]

*saññā uppajjanti pi nirujjhanti pi*  
perceptions / arise / and / cease / and  
Perceptions arise and pass away. [D.I.180 – *ix.(Poṭṭhapāda).6*]

*bhagavato ābādho uppajji*  
to the Blessed One / illness / arose  
Illness arose in the Blessed One. [D.II.127 – *xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).4.20*]

*saṃvaraṃ āpajjati*  
restraint / he acquires  
He practises restraint. [D.I.85 – *ii.(Sāmaññaphala).100*]

*ahaṃ kho kammaṃ akāsiṃ. kammaṃ kho pana me karontassa kāyo kilanto,  
handāhaṃ nīpajjāmi*  
I / indeed / work / did / work / indeed / but / of me / of the doing /  
body / tired / then, I / lie down  
I worked. But truly while doing this work my body tired, so I am lying  
down. [D.III.255 – *xxxiii.(Saṅgīti).3.1.(iv)*]

*imaṃ mayaṃ addasāma idha upapannaṃ*  
this / we / we saw / here / arisen  
We saw this arisen here. [D.I.18 – *i.(Brahmajāla).2.5*]



# Exercise 11

## English into Pali

p. 66

*The universe is infinite*

loko / ananto

ananto loko [D.I.188 – ix.(Poṭṭhapāda).25]

*This is not easy*

idaṃ / na / sukaraṃ

na idaṃ sukaraṃ [D.I.63 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).41]

*I followed the road*

ahaṃ / paṭipajjīṃ / maggaṃ

ahaṃ maggaṃ paṭipajjīṃ [D.III.255 – xxxiii.(Saṅgīti).3.1.(iv)]

*The king saw the boy*

rājā / addasā / kumāraṃ

rājā kumāraṃ addasā [D.II.16 – xiv.(Mahāpadāna).1.31]

*The city was prosperous*

nagaraṃ / ahosi / phītaṃ

nagaraṃ phītaṃ ahosi [cf. D.II.146 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).5.18 and D.I.211 – xi.(Kevaddha).1]

*He is fixed, permanent, eternal*

so / dhuvo / nicco / sassato

so dhuvo nicco sassato [D.I.18 – i.(Brahmajāla).2.6]

*We saw the fortunate one*

mayāṃ / addasāma / bhagavantaṃ

mayāṃ bhagavantaṃ addasāma [D.III.39 – xxv.(Udumbarika-Sthanāda).7]

*The speech is agreeable*

vācā / kantā

vācā kantā [D.III.173 – xxx.(Lakkhaṇa).2.22]

*My life was given by him, his life was given by me*

mama / jīvitaṃ / dinnāṃ / tena / tassa / jīvitaṃ / dinnāṃ / mayā

mama jīvitaṃ tena dinnāṃ, tassa jīvitaṃ mayā dinnāṃ [cf. D.I.148 – v.(Kūṭadanta).28]

*See! Ananda – They are past, ended, changed*

passa / Ānanda / te / atītā / niruddhā / pariṇatā

pass' Ānanda te atītā niruddhā pariṇatā [D.II.198 – xvii.(Mahāsudassana).2.16]

*He has much gold*  
tassa / hoti / pahūtaṃ / suvaṇṇaṃ  
tassa pahūtaṃ suvaṇṇaṃ hoti [cf. D.II.351 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).29 and D.III.163 –  
xxx.(Lakkhaṇa).2.2]

## Exercise 12

### Passage for Reading

p. 75

*Bhūtapubbaṃ aññataro saṅkhadhamo saṅkhaṃ ādāya paccantimaṃ janapadaṃ agamāsi.*

in the past / a certain / conchblower / conch / having taken /  
neighbouring / country / went

In the past, a certain conchblower took his conch and went to a  
neighbouring country.

*so yen' aññataro gāmo ten' upasaṅkami.*

he / towards / a certain / village / there / he approached  
There he approached a particular village,

*upasaṅkamtivā saṅkhaṃ upalāsivā*

having approached / conch / having sounded  
and drawing near, he sounded his conch,

*saṅkhaṃ nikkhipitvā nisīdi.*

conch / having put down / he sat down  
put it on the ground and then sat down.

*atha kho tesaṃ paccantajanānaṃ manussānaṃ etad ahoṣi:*

then / indeed / to those / foreign / people / this / occurred  
Then those foreign people thought to themselves:

*kissa nu kho eso saddo evaṃ rajanīyo evaṃ kamanīyo evaṃ madanīyo*

of what / is it / indeed / this / sound / thus / exciting / thus / lovely /  
thus / intoxicating

“Indeed, what is this sound that is so exciting, so lovely, and so  
intoxicating?”

*sannipatitvā taṃ saṅkhadhamaṃ etad avocuṃ:*

having assembled / that / conchblower / this / they said  
They assembled and then said to that conchblower:

*ambho kissa nu kho eso saddo evaṃ rajanīyo evaṃ kamanīyo evaṃ madanīyo ti.*

hey you! / of what / is it / indeed / this / sound / thus / exciting / thus /  
lovely thus / lovely / (end-quote)

“Hey you! What is this sound that is so exciting, so lovely, and so  
intoxicating?”

*eso kho, bho, saṅkho nāma yass' eso saddo evaṃ rajanīyo evaṃ kamanīyo evaṃ  
madanīyo ti.*

this / indeed / sir / conch / named / of which / this / sound / thus /  
exciting / thus / lovely / thus / intoxicating / (end-quote)

“This, friends, the sound of which is so exciting, so lovely, and so  
intoxicating, is called a conch.” [D.II.337 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).19]

## Exercise 12

### Pali into English

p. 76

*yen' ajja samaṇo Gotamo dvārena nikkhamissati taṃ Gotamadvāraṃ nāma bhavissati*

by which / today / wanderer / Gotama / by the gate / he will leave / that / Gotama gate / named / it will be

The gate through which the wanderer Gotama will leave today will be called the Gotama Gate. [D.II.89 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).1.32]

*vatthāni pi 'ssa na yathā aññesaṃ*

clothes / and / of him / not / as / of others

And his clothes are not like those of others. [D.II.28 – xiv.(Mahāpadāna).2.14]

*imassa ko attho*

of this / what / meaning

What is the meaning of this? [D.III.285 – xxxiv.(Dasuttara).2.1(i)]

*mayāṃ yaṃ icchissāma taṃ karissāma*

we / which / we will want / that / we will do

We will do what we want. [D.II.162 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).6.20]

*kissa nu kho me idaṃ kammaṃ phalaṃ, kissa kammaṃ vipāko*

of what / is it / indeed / my / this / of the action / fruit / of what / of the action / result

Of what action of mine is this the fruit, of what action the result? [D.II.185 – xvii.(Mahāsudassana).2.1]

*taṃ kiṃ maññanti bhonto devā*

this / what / they think / honourable / gods

What do the honourable gods think of this? [D.II.216 – xviii.(Janavasabha).26]

*n' atthi paro loko*

not / there is / other / world

There is no other world. [D.I.55 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).23]

*ko 'si tvaṃ āvuso*

who / you are / you / friend

Who are you, friend? [D.II.356 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).33]

*kiṃ kusalaṃ kiṃ akusalaṃ*

what / wholesome / what / unwholesome

What is wholesome, what is unwholesome? [D.III.61 – xxvi.(Cakkavatti-Sīhanāda).5]

*ke tumhe*  
who / you (pl.)  
Who are you? [D.III.84 – xxvii.(Aggañña).9]

*rājā samāno kiṃ labhati*  
king / being / what / he receives  
Being king what does he receive? [D.III.146 – xxx.(Lakkhaṇa).1.5]

*iminā me upasamena Udāyibhaddo kumāro samannāgato hotu*  
with this / my / with calm / Udāyibhadda / prince / endowed / may he  
be  
May my Prince Udayibhadda be endowed with this calm. [D.I.50 –  
ii.(Sāmaññaphala).12]

*puccha mahārāja yaḍ ākaṅkhasi*  
ask / great king / what / you wish  
Ask what you wish, your majesty. [D.I.51 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).13]

*karoti te bhagavā okāsaṃ*  
he makes / for you / Blessed One / opportunity  
The Blessed One gives you permission. [D.II.150 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).5.25]

*yaṃ kho 'ssa na kkhāmati taṃ pajahati*  
which / indeed / to him / not / it pleases / that / he abandons  
Truly he abandons that which does not please him. [D.III.43 – xxv.(Udumbarika-  
Sihanāda).10]

## Exercise 12

### English into Pali

p. 76

*He gave to me*

adāsi / mama

mama adāsi [D.III.258 (*adāsi me*) – xxxiii.(*Saṅgīti*).3.1(*vi*)]

*Prince Udayibhadda (is) dear to me*

kumāro / Udāyibhaddo / piyo / me

Udāyibhaddo kumāro me piyo [D.I.50 – ii.(*Sāmaññaphala*).12]

*The fortunate one, taking a bowl, entered the village for alms*

bhagavā / ādāya / pattaṃ / pāvīsi / gamaṃ / piṇḍāya

bhagavā pattaṃ ādāya gamaṃ piṇḍāya pāvīsi [cf. D.I.178 – ix.(*Poṭṭhapāda*).2 and D.II.85 – xvi.(*Mahāparinibbāna*).1.22]

*He teaches the doctrine for “extinction”*

deseti / dhammaṃ / nibbānāya

nibbānāya dhammaṃ deseti [cf. D.III.55 – xxv.(*Udumbarika-Sīhanāda*).21]

*He eats what he likes*

bhuñjati / (taṃ) yaṃ / khamati

yaṃ khamati taṃ bhuñjati [D.III.43 – xxv.(*Udumbarika-Sīhanāda*).10]

*Then (atha) the gate by which the fortunate one left was named Gotama Gate*

atha / (kho) / dvārena / yena / bhagavā / nikkhami / (taṃ) / ahosi / nāma / Gotamadvāraṃ

atha kho yena dvārena bhagavā nikkhami taṃ Gotamadvāraṃ nāma ahosi [D.II.89 – xvi.(*Mahāparinibbāna*).1.32]

*What do you think, then, great king?*

kiṃ / maññasi / taṃ / mahārāja

taṃ kiṃ maññasi mahārāja [D.I.60 – ii.(*Sāmaññaphala*).35]

*We have come here to see the honourable Gotama*

mayam / upasaṃkantā / idha / dassanāya / bhavantaṃ / Gotamaṃ

mayam bhavantaṃ Gotamaṃ dassanāya idh’ upasaṃkantā [D.I.89 – iii.(*Ambaṭṭha*).1.7]

*Did you hear a noise, sir? I didn’t hear a noise, sir!*

kiṃ / assosi / saddaṃ / bho / ahaṃ / na / assosiṃ / saddaṃ / bho

kiṃ bho saddaṃ assosi. na bho ahaṃ saddaṃ assosiṃ [D.II.130 – xvi.(*Mahāparinibbāna*).4.27]

*We do not see his soul leaving*

mayam / na / passāma / assa / jīvaṃ / nikkhamantaṃ

na mayam assa jīvaṃ nikkhamantaṃ passāma [D.II.333 – xxxiii.(*Pāyāsi*).14]

## Exercise 13

### Passage for Reading

p. 84

*Te taṃ saṅkhaṃ uttānaṃ nipātesuṃ: vadehi, bho saṅkha, vadehi, bho saṅkhā 'ti.*  
they / this / conch / lying down / they put down / speak / sir / conch /  
speak / sir / conch / (end-quote)  
They laid the conch down on its back: Speak, sir conch, speak!"

*n' eva so saṅkho saddam akāsi.*  
not / even / this / conch / sound / made  
But the conch made no sound at all.

*te taṃ saṅkhaṃ passena nipātesuṃ ... uddham thapesuṃ ...*  
they / this / conch / on its side / they put down / ... / up / they made  
stand  
They laid the conch on its side ... they stood it up ...

*daṇḍena ākoṭesuṃ ... sandhuniṃsu:*  
with a stick / they struck / ... / they shook  
they struck it with a stick ... they shook it:

*vadehi, bho saṅkha, vadehi, bho saṅkhā 'ti.*  
speak / sir / conch / speak / sir / conch / (end-quote)  
Speak, sir conch, speak!"

*n' eva so saṅkho saddam akāsi.*  
not / even / this / conch / sound / made  
But the conch made no sound.

*atha kho tassa saṅkhadhamassa etad ahoṣi:*  
then / indeed / to this / conch blower / this / occurred  
Then the conch blower thought to himself:

*yāva bālā ime paccantaṃ jā manussā.*  
to what extent / fools / these / foreign / people  
"What fools these foreign people are!"

*kathaṃ hi nāma ayoniso saṅkha-saddam gavesissantī ti.*  
why / indeed / then / unmethodically / conch-sound / they look for /  
(end-quote)  
Why do they look for the conch sound so unmethodically?"

*tesaṃ pekkhamānānaṃ saṅkhaṃ gahetvā tikkhattuṃ saṅkhaṃ upalāsitoā  
saṅkhaṃ ādāya pakkāmi.*

of these / looking on / conch / having picked up / three times / conch /  
having played / conch / having taken / he departed

While they were looking on, he picked up the conch, blew it three times,  
took the conch, and departed. [D.II.337-8 (not II.357-8 as per book) –

*xxiii.(Pāyāsi).19]*



## Exercise 13

### Pali into English

p. 84

*brāhmaṇo mante vacesi*

Brahmin / mantras / recited

The Brahmin recited the mantras. [D.II.236 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).37]

*so taṃ cittaṃ bhāveti*

he / that / thought / develops

He develops that thought. [D.III.259 – xxxiii.(Saṅgīti).3.1(vii)]

*na taṃ deva paccatthikānaṃ demi*

not / you / Lord / to enemies / I give

Lord, I do not give you up to your enemies. [D.I.50 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).10]

*ayaṃ dukkha-samudayo*

this / of suffering-origin

This is the origin of suffering. [D.I.84 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).98]

*rājā kumārassa pāsāde kārāpesi*

king / for the prince / palaces / he has built

The king has palaces built for the prince. [D.II.21 – xiv.(Mahāpadāna).1.38]

*so iminā ca ariyena sīla-kkhandhena sammanāgato iminā ariyena indriya-*

*saṃvarena sammanāgato . . . vivittaṃ senāsanaṃ bhajati: araññaṃ,*

*rukhamūlaṃ, pabbataṃ . . . abbhokāsaṃ palāla-puñjaṃ*

he / with this / and / noble / of virtue-mass / endowed / with this / noble / of faculty-restraint / endowed / . . . / isolated / resting place / he resorts to / forest / foot of a tree / mountain / . . . / open air / of straw-heap

Endowed with this noble mass of virtue and with restraint of the faculties

... he resorts to a isolated resting place: a forest, the foot of a tree, a

mountain ... a heap of straw in the open air. [D.I.71 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).67]

*idha tathāgatena anuttaraṃ dhamma-cakkaṃ pavattitaṃ*

here / by the Buddha / unsurpassed / of Damma-wheel / set in motion

Here the unsurpassed wheel of Dhamma has been set in motion by the

Buddha. [D.II.140 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).5.8]

*idaṃ paṇītaṃ*

this / excellent

This is excellent. [D.II.223 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).7]

*ye mālaṃ āropessanti, tesaṃ taṃ bhavissati sukhāya*  
those who / garland / they will put on top of / for them / this / will be /  
for happiness  
Whoever will lay on a garland will reap happiness. [D.II.161 –  
*xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).6.17]*

*tvaṃ pana samma Jīvaka kiṃ tuṅhi*  
you / but / dear / Jivaka / why / silent  
But, dear Jivaka, why are you silent?  
[D.I.49 – *ii.(Sāmaññaphala).8]*

*kacci maṃ samma Jīvaka na paccatthikānaṃ desi*  
perhaps? / me / dear / Jivaka / not / to enemies / you give  
Are you not, my dear Jivaka, giving me up to my enemies? [D.I.50 –  
*ii.(Sāmaññaphala).10]*

## Exercise 13

### English into Pali

p. 85

*This is the cessation of unhappiness*

ayaṃ / dukkha-nirodho

ayaṃ dukkhanirodho [D.I.84 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).98]

*(It is) now the time for extinction of the fortunate one*

dāni / parinibbāna-kālo / bhagavato

parinibbānakālo dāni bhagavato [D.II.112 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).3.34]

*Cundo the son of a smith, having had delicious dishes prepared, had the time announced to the fortunate one: “(It is) time, sir, the meal is ready.”*

Cundo / kammāra-putto / paṇitaṃ / khādaniyaṃ / paṭiyādāpetvā /  
kālaṃ / ārocāpesi / bhagavato / kālo / bhante / bhattaṃ / niṭṭhitaṃ /  
(ti)

Cundo kammāraputto paṇitaṃ khādaniyaṃ paṭiyādāpetvā bhagavato

kālaṃ ārocāpesi: kālo bhante niṭṭhitaṃ bhattaṃ ti [D.II.127 –

xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).4.17]

*The lion, king of the beasts, went out*

siho / miga-rājā / nikkhami

siho migarājā nikkhami [D.III.23 – xxiv.(Paṭṭhāna).2.6]

*There are other profound, delightful, doctrines which the “thus-gone” makes known*

atthi / aññe / gambhīrā / paṇitā / dhammā / ye / tathāgato / pavedeti

atthi aññe dhammā gambhīrā paṇitā ye tathāgato pavedeti [D.I.12 –

i.(Brahmajāla).1.28]

*He develops that thought*

bhāveti / taṃ / cittaṃ

taṃ cittaṃ bhāveti [D.III.259 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).3.1(vii)]

*The king, having had the priests invited, said this: “Let the priests see the boy”*

rājā / brāhmaṇe / āmantāpetvā / avoca / etad / brāhmaṇā / passantu /  
kumāraṃ / (ti)

rājā brāhmaṇe āmantāpetvā etad avoca: brāhmaṇā kumāraṃ passantū ti

[D.II.16 – xiv.(Mahāpadāna).1.31]

*The king, having made the boy sit down, instructs (him)*

rājā / kumāraṃ / nisidāpetvā / anusāsati

rājā kumāraṃ nisidāpetvā anusāsati [D.II.20-21 – xiv.(Mahāpadāna).1.37]

*The priest had a new house built to the east of the city*  
brāhmaṇo / navaṃ / geḥaṃ / kārāpesi / puratthimena / nagarassa  
brāhmaṇo nagarassa puratthimena navaṃ geḥaṃ kārāpesi [D.II.239 –  
xix.(Mahāgovinda).43]

*Recite the prayers! (plural)*  
vācetha / mante  
mante vācetha [D.II.238 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).41]

*I set free the goats*  
ahaṃ / muñcāpemi / aje  
ahaṃ aje muñcāpemi [D.I.147-148 – v.(Kūṭadanta).28]

## Exercise 14

### Passage for Reading

p. 94

*bhūtapubbaṃ aññataro janapado vuṭṭhāsi.*  
in the past / a certain / district / emigrated  
In the past the people of a certain district emigrated.

*atha kho sahāyako sahāyakaṃ āmantesi: āyāma samma.*  
then / indeed / friend / friend / addressed / let us go / my dear  
Then one friend said to another: "Let's go, my dear."

*yena so janapado ten' upasaṅkamissāma.*  
towards / that / district / there / let us approach  
Let's go to that district.

*app eva nāma' ettha kiñci dhanam adhigaccheyyāma ti.*  
perhaps / just / indeed / in this case / whatever / wealth / we could  
acquire / (end-quote)  
Perhaps we could acquire some riches in this case."

*evaṃ sammā'ti kho sahāyako sahāyakassa paccassosi.*  
yes / my dear / (end-quote) / friend / to the friend / assented  
"Yes, my dear," assented this friend to the other.

*te yena so janapado yen' aññataraṃ gāma-padaṃ ten' upasaṅkamimsu.*  
they / towards / district / towards / a certain / village-street / there /  
they approached  
They went to a certain village street in this district.

*Tatth' addasaṃsu pahūtaṃ sāṇaṃ chadditaṃ.*  
there / they saw / much / hemp / abandoned  
There they saw a large amount of abandoned hemp.

*disvā sahāyako sahāyakaṃ āmantesi:*  
having seen / friend / friend / addressed  
When they saw this, one friend said to the other:

*idaṃ kho samma pahūtaṃ sāṇaṃ chadditaṃ.*  
this / indeed / my dear / much / hemp / abandoned  
"Indeed, my dear, this is a large amount of abandoned hemp."

*tena hi samma tvaṃ ca sāṇa-bhāraṃ bandha, ahañ ca sāṇa-bhāraṃ bandhissāmi.*  
now / my dear / you / and / hemp-load / bind / I / and / hemp-load /  
bind  
Now bind a load of hemp, my dear, and I will bind another.

*ubho sāṇa-bhāraṃ ādāya gamissāmā ti.*  
both / hemp-load / taking / we will go / (end-quote)  
And taking both loads of hemp, we will go.”

*evaṃ sammā ti kho sahāyako sahāyakassa paṭissutvā sāṇa-bhāraṃ bandhi.*  
yes / my dear / (end-quote) / friend / to the friend / having replied /  
hemp-load / he bound  
“Yes, my dear,” the friend replied to the other and he bound a load of  
hemp. [D.II.349-350 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).29]

## Exercise 14

### Pali into English

p. 95

*puccheyyām' ahaṃ bhante kañ cid eva desaṃ*

I would ask / I / reverend sir / which / ever / thus / topic  
I would ask you, reverend sir, about any topic whatever. [D.I.51 –  
ii.(Sāmaññaphala).13]

*devā tamhā kāyā cavanti*

gods / from that / body (place) / fall  
Gods fall from that place. [D.I.20 – i.(Brahmajāla).2.10]

*upādāna-paccayā bhavo*

from the clinging-condition / becoming  
With clinging as condition there is becoming. [D.II.56 – xv.(Mahānidāna).2]

*yaṃ nūna mayaṃ kusalaṃ kareyyāma*

what / is it not / we / good / would do  
What if we were to do good? [D.III.73 – xxvi.(Cakkavatti-Sihanāda).21]

*na hi bhagavā evaṃ vadeyya*

not / indeed / Blessed One / thus / would say  
The blessed would surely not say such a thing. [D.III.249 –  
xxxiii.(Saṅgīti).2.2(xvii)]

*na dān' ime imamhā ābādhā vuṭṭhahissanti*

not / now / these / from this / illness / they would arise  
These ones will not now recover from this illness. [D.II.320 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).6]

*te kālena kālaṃ upsamkamitvā paripuccheyyāsi*

them / by time / time / having approached / you should ask advice  
From time to time you should approach them and ask advice. [D.III.61 –  
xxvi.(Cakkavatti-Sihanāda).5]

*tassa evam assa: ahaṃ kho pubbe dāso ahosiṃ. so 'mhi etarahi tamhā dāsavoyā  
mutto*

of him / thus / it might be / I / indeed / before / slave / I was / I  
(emphatic) / am / at present / from that / slavery / freed  
He might think: "Before I was a slave, but now I am freed from that  
slavery." [D.I.72 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).72]

*yattha pan' āvuso sabbaso vedayitaṃ n' atthi, api nu kho tattha "asmī" ti siyā*  
where / but / friend / completely / sensation / not / there is / perhaps /  
is it / indeed / in that case / I am / (end-quote) / it might be  
But, friend, where there is no feeling at all, would there be in that case the  
thought "I am"? [D.II.67 – xv.(Mahānidāna).30]

*khīṇā me āsavā*  
destroyed / for me / taints  
The taints are destroyed in me. [D.III.283 – xxxiv.(Dasuttara).1.8(x)]

*na maṃ ko ci āsanena pi nimantesi*  
not / to me / who / ever / with a seat / even / invited  
And no one even offered me a seat. [D.I.91 – iii.(Ambaṭṭha).1.13]

*āyantu bhonto*  
may they approach / sirs  
Approach, sirs! [D.II.233 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).32]

*idha samaṇo vā brāhmaṇo vā kusalaṃ dhammaṃ adhigacheyya.*  
here / recluse / or / brahmin / or / good / mental state / he might  
acquire /  
Here a recluse or brahmin might acquire some good mental state,

*kusalaṃ dhammaṃ adhigantvā na parassa āroceyya.*  
good / mental state / having acquired / not / to another / he should  
inform /  
and having acquired that good mental state, he should not inform  
another.

*kiṃ hi paro parassa karissati.*  
what / indeed / one / to another / he will do /  
For indeed what can one person do for another?

*seyyathā pi nāma purāṇaṃ bandhanaṃ chinditvā*  
just as / and / then / old / fetter / having cut /  
Just as if, then, having cut one fetter,

*aññaṃ navaṃ bandhanaṃ kareyya.*  
another / new / fetter / he would make  
he would create a new one. [D.I.224 – xii.(Lohicca).2]



## Exercise 14

### English into Pali

p. 95

*I got up from my seat and left*

ahaṃ / uṭṭhāya / āsanā / pakkāmiṃ

ahaṃ uṭṭhāy' āsanā pakkāmiṃ [D.I.53 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).18]

*If the philosopher Gotama should come to this assembly we will ask him this question*

sace / samaṇo / Gotamo / āgaccheyya / imaṃ / parisam / puccheyyāma / taṃ / imaṃ / pañham

sace samaṇo Gotamo imaṃ parisam āgaccheyya taṃ imaṃ pañham puccheyyāma [D.III.40 – xxv.(Udumbarika-Sīhanāda).7]

*What should we do?*

kiṃ / kareyyāma

kiṃ kareyyāma [D.III.73 – xxvi.(Cakkavatti-Sīhanāda).21]

*I should do meritorious actions*

ahaṃ / kareyyaṃ / puññāni

ahaṃ puññāni kareyyaṃ [D.I.60 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).35]

*Sensation is caused by contact*

vedanā / phassa,paccayā

phassapaccayā vedanā [D.II.56 – xv.(Mahānidāna).2]

*You should explain it as it pleases you*

(tathā) / vyākareyyāsi / taṃ / yāthā / khameyya / te

yāthā te khameyya tathā taṃ vyākareyyāsi [D.I.60 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).34]

*We would invite him to sit down*

mayam / nimanteyyāma / taṃ / āsanena

mayam taṃ āsanena nimanteyyāma [D.I.60-61 (not I.60 as per book) – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).36]

*There will be an eclipse of the moon*

bhavissati / canda-(g)gāho

candaggāho bhavissati [D.I.10 – i.(Brahmajāla).1.24]

*There is nothing here*

n'atthi / kiñci / ettha

n'atthi kiñci ettha [D.II.331 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).13]

*The priests would banish the priest from the city*

brāhmaṇā / pabbājeyyaṃ / brāhmaṇaṃ / nagarā

brāhmaṇā nagarā brāhmaṇaṃ pabbājeyyaṃ [D.I.98 – iii.(Ambaṭṭha).1.26]

## Exercise 15

### Passage for Reading

p. 99

*te ubho sāṇa-bhāraṃ ādāya yen' aññataraṃ gāma-padaṃ ten' upasaṃkamaṃsu.*  
they / both / hemp-load / having taken / towards / a certain / village-  
street / there / they approached

Both bearing their loads of hemp, they approached another village street.

*tatth' addasaṃsu pahūtaṃ sāṇa-suttaṃ chaḍḍitaṃ.*  
there / they saw / much / hemp-thread / abandoned  
There they saw a large amount of abandoned hemp thread.

*disvā sahāyako sahāyakaṃ āmantesi:*  
having seen / friend / friend / addressed  
Having seen this, one friend said to the other:

*yassa kho samma atthāya iccheyyāma sāṇaṃ, idaṃ pahūtaṃ sāṇa-suttaṃ  
chadditaṃ.*  
for which / indeed / my dear / purpose / we would want / hemp / this  
/ much / hemp-thread / abandoned  
“My dear, this large amount of abandoned hemp thread is just what we  
want hemp for.”

*tena hi samma tvaṃ ca sāṇa-bhāraṃ chaḍḍehi, ahañ ca sāṇa-bhāraṃ chaḍḍessāmi.*  
now / my dear / you / and / hemp-load / abandon / I / and / hemp-  
load / abandon  
Now abandon your load of hemp, my dear, and I will abandon mine.

*ubho sāṇa-sutta-bhāraṃ ādāya gamissāmā ti.*  
both / hemp-thread-load / taking / we will go / (end-quote)  
And both taking a load of hemp thread, we will go.”

*ayaṃ kho me samma sāṇa-bhāro dūr-ābhato ca su-sannaddho ca.*  
this / indeed / of me / my dear / hemp-load / difficult-carried / and /  
well-tied up / and  
“This load of hemp of mine has been difficult to carry and is well tied-up.

*alaṃ me; tvaṃ pajānāhī ti.*  
sufficient / for me / you / understand / (end-quote)  
That’s good enough for me; you understand.”

*atha kho so sahāyako sāṇa-bhāraṃ chaḍḍetvā sāṇa-sutta-bhāraṃ ādiyi.*  
then / indeed / his / friend / hemp, load / having abandoned / hemp-  
thread-load / took  
Then his companion abandoned his load of hemp and took a load of  
hemp thread. [D.II.350 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).29]

## Exercise 15

### Pali into English

p. 99

*tena hi brāhmaṇa suṇāhi*  
now / brahmin / listen  
Now then Brahmin listen. [D.I.124 – iv.(Soṇadaṇḍa).23]

*na tvaṃ imaṃ dhamma-vinayaṃ ājānāsi. ahaṃ imaṃ dhamma-vinayaṃ  
ājānāmi.*  
not / you / this / doctrine-discipline / you understand / I / this /  
doctrine-discipline / I understand  
You do not understand this doctrine and discipline, whereas I do  
understand it. [D.III.117 – xxix.(Pāsādika).1]

*idha tathāgato jāto*  
here / tathagatha / born  
Here the Tathagatha was born. [D.II.140 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).5.8]

*ko imaṃ dhammaṃ khippaṃ eva ājānissati*  
who / this / doctrine / quickly / even / will understand  
Who would understand this doctrine so quickly? [D.II.40 –  
xiv.(Mahāpadāna).3.8]

*ekacco dānaṃ deti samaṇassa vā brāhmaṇassa vā annaṃ pānaṃ vatthaṃ yānaṃ  
mālā-gandha-vilepanaṃ seyy-āvasatha-padīpeyyaṃ*  
someone / charity / gives / to a recluse / or / to a brahmin / or / food /  
drink / clothing / carriage / garlands-scent-ointment / bed-room-lamp  
Someone gives to a recluse or Brahmin food, drink, clothing,  
transportation, garlands, perfume, ointment, a bed, a room, or lamps.  
[D.III.259 – xxxiii.(Saṅgīti).3.1(vii)]

*ko nu kho pana bho jānāti. madanīyā kāmā.*  
who / is it / indeed / but / sir / knows / intoxicating / sense pleasures  
But who knows, sir? Sense pleasures are intoxicating. [D.II.234 –  
xix.(Mahāgovinda).34]

*jānāhi yadi vā taṃ bhavantaṃ Gotamaṃ tathā santaṃ yeva saddo abbhuggato,  
yadi vā no tathā*  
know you / whether / or / this / honourable / Gotama / true / existing  
/ surely / sound / disseminated / whether / or / not / true  
Find out whether or not it is true that this honourable Gotama is just as  
reported. [D.I.88 – iii.(Ambaṭṭha).1.5]

*tassa evaṃ jānato evaṃ passato kām-āsavā pi cittaṃ vimuccati bhav-āsavā pi  
cittaṃ vimuccati aviññ-āsavā pi cittaṃ vimuccati*  
of him / thus / of one knowing / thus / of one seeing / sense desire-taint  
/ and / mind / is freed / becoming-taint / and / mind / is freed /  
ignorance-taint / and / mind / is freed  
The mind of one who thus knows and sees is freed from the taints of  
sense desire, becoming, and ignorance. [D.I.84 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).97]

*yaṃ kiñ ci samudaya-dhammaṃ, sabbaṃ taṃ nirodha-dhammaṃ*  
which / whatever / arising-nature / all / that / cessation-nature  
Whatever is of the nature to arise, is of the nature to cease. [D.II.41 –  
xiv.(Mahāpadāna).3.11]

*n' atthi jātassa amaraṇaṃ*  
not / there is / for one born / not death  
There is no immortality for anyone born. [D.II.246 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).51]

## Exercise 15

### English into Pali

p. 100

*What I know, you know; what you know, I know*

yam / aham / jānāmi / tvam / (tam) jānāsi / yam / tvam / jānāsi / aham  
/ (tam) jānāmi

yam aham jānāmi tam tvam jānāsi, yam tvam jānāsi tam aham jānāmi  
[D.I.88 – iii.(Ambaṭṭha).1.3]

*I learn the saying of the fortunate one*

ājānāmi / bhāsitaṃ / bhagavato

bhagavato bhāsitaṃ ājānāmi [D.I.184 – ix.(Poṭṭhapāda).18]

*He will grasp what I explain (fut.) quickly*

(tam) ājānissati / yam / vyākariṣāmi / khippaṃ

yam vyākariṣāmi tam khippaṃ ājānissati [D.II.150 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).5.25]

*After some time he hears the excellent doctrine*

aparena / samayena / so / suṇāti / paṇītaṃ / dhammaṃ

so aparena samayena paṇītaṃ dhammaṃ suṇāti [D.II.214 –  
xviii.(Janavasabha).23]

*The fortunate one, taking robe-and-bowl, entered Rājagaha for alms*

bhagavā / ādāya / patta-cīvaraṃ / pāvīsi / Rājagahaṃ / piṇḍāya

bhagavā patta-cīvaraṃ ādāya Rājagahaṃ piṇḍāya pāvīsi [D.III.180 – xxx1.2]

*Stop! Ānanda, don't grieve*

alaṃ / Ānanda / ma / paridevi

alaṃ Ānanda ma paridevi [D.II.144 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).5.14]

*He understands that (use direct speech) these beings (are) endowed with bad-conduct-of-the-body*

pajānāti / ime / sattā / sammannāgatā / kāya-duccaritena / ti

ime sattā kāyaduccaritena sammannāgatā ti pajānāti [D.I.82 –  
ii.(Sāmaññaphala).95]

*Not-memorizing that speech, I left*

anugaṇhanto / taṃ / vācaṃ / pakkāmiṃ

taṃ vācaṃ anugaṇhanto pakkāmiṃ [D.I.53 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).18]

*Why (is) this unexplained by the philosopher Gotama?*

kasmā (pana) / etaṃ / avyākataṃ / samaṇena / Gotamena

kasmā pan' etaṃ samaṇena Gotamena avyākataṃ [D.I.188 – ix.(Poṭṭhapāda).28]

*You (plur.) have gone forth from house to homelessness*  
tumhe / pabbajitā / agāasmā / anagāriyaṃ  
tumhe agāasmā anagāriyaṃ pabbajitā [D.III.84 – xxvii.(Aggañña).9]

## Exercise 16

### Passages for Reading

#### Passage 1

p. 111

*te yen' aññataram gāma-padam ten' upasaṃkamimsu.*  
they / towards / a certain / village street / there / they approached  
They approached another village street.

*tatth' addasaṃsu pahūtaṃ khomaṃ chaḍḍitaṃ.*  
there / they saw / much / flax / abandoned  
There they saw a large amount of abandoned flax.

*disvā ...pe... pahūtaṃ khoma-suttaṃ chaḍḍitaṃ.*  
having seen / etc. / much / flax thread / abandoned  
When they saw this ...etc. ... a large amount of abandoned flax thread.

*disvā ...pe... pahūtaṃ suvaṇṇaṃ chaḍḍitaṃ.*  
having seen / etc. / much / gold / abandoned  
When they saw this ...etc. ... a large amount of abandoned gold.

*disvā sahāyako sahāyakaṃ āmantesi:*  
having seen / friend / friend / addressed  
When they saw this, one friend said to the other:

*yassa kho samma atthāya iccheyyāma sāṇaṃ vā sāṇasuttaṃ vā ... sīsaṃ vā  
sajjhuṃ vā, idaṃ pahūtaṃ suvaṇṇaṃ chaḍḍitaṃ.*  
for which / indeed / my dear / purpose / we would want / hemp / or /  
hemp, thread / or / ... / lead / or / silver / or / this / much / gold /  
abandoned  
“My dear, this large amount of abandoned gold is the very reason that  
we want hemp, or hemp thread, or ... lead, or silver.

*tena hi, samma toañ ca sāṇa-bhāraṃ chaḍḍehi,*  
now / my dear / you / and / hemp load / abandon  
Now abandon your load of hemp, my dear,

*ahañ ca sajjhu-bhāraṃ, chaḍḍessāmi,*  
I / and / silver load / abandon  
and I will abandon my load of silver,

*ubho suvaṇṇa-bhāraṃ ādāya gamissāmā ti.*  
both / gold load / taking / we will go / (end-quote)  
And both taking a load of gold, we will go.”

*ayaṃ kho me samma sāṇa-bhāro dūr-ābhato ca su-sannaddho ca.*  
this / indeed / of me / my dear / hemp load / difficult carried / and /  
well tied up / and  
“This load of hemp of mine has been difficult to carry and is well tied-up.

*alaṃ me; tvaṃ pajānāhī ti.*  
sufficient / for me / you / understand / (end-quote)  
That’s good enough for me; you understand.” [D.II.350-351 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).29]

## Passage 2

p. 111

*bhūtapubbaṃ aññataro sūkara-posako puriso sakamhā gāmā aññaṃ gāmaṃ  
agamāsi.*  
in the past / a certain / pig-raiser / man / from own / village / other /  
village / he went  
Once, a certain man who raised pigs went from his own village to  
another.

*tatth’ addasā pahūtaṃ sukkha-gūthaṃ chaḍḍitaṃ.*  
there / he saw / much / dry-dung / abandoned  
There he saw a large amount of abandoned dried dung.

*disvān’ assa etad ahoṣi:*  
having seen / to him / thus / it was  
When he saw this, he thought to himself:

*ayaṃ me bahuko sukkha-gūtho chaḍḍito, mamañ ca sūkara-bhattaṃ.*  
this / for me / much / dry-dung / abandoned / my / and / pig-food  
“This is a lot of abandoned dried dung for me, and this is food my pigs.

*yaṃ nūnā-haṃ ito sukkha-gūthaṃ hareyyaṃ ti.*  
which / is it not I / from here / dry dung / I should take / (end-quote)  
Why shouldn’t I take this dried dung from here?”

*so uttarā-saṅgaṃ pattharivā pahūtaṃ sukkha-gūthaṃ āharivā*  
he / outer-robe / having spread / much / dry-dung / having taken  
He spread out his cloak, took a load of dried dung,

*bhaṇḍikaṃ bandhitvā sīse ubbāhetvā, agamāsi.*  
in a bundle / having bound / on the head / having lifted up / he left  
bound it up in a bundle, lifted it up onto his head, and left.

*tassa antarā magge mahā akāla-megho pāvassi.*  
of him / whilst / on the way / great / untimely-cloud / rained heavily  
Whilst on his way, a large unseasonable raincloud drenched him.



*so uggharantaṃ paggharantaṃ yāva agga-nakhā gūthena makkhito gūtha-  
bhāraṃ ādāya agamāsi.*  
he / oozing / dripping / as far as / tip-toenails / with dung / smeared /  
dung-load / taking / he went  
Bearing his load of dung, which was oozing and dripping down to the tips  
of his toenails, he went on his way smeared with dung.

*tam enaṃ manussā disvā evam āhaṃsu:*  
then / him / people / having seen / thus / they said  
Then people on seeing him said thus:

*kacci no tvaṃ bhaṇe ummatto, kacci viceto.*  
aren't you? / not / you / I say! / mad / aren't you? / daft  
"I say! You must be mad, you must be daft?"

*kathaṃ hi nāma uggharantaṃ paggharantaṃ yāva agganakhā  
gūthena makkhito gūtha-bhāraṃ harissasī ti.*  
why / though / indeed / oozing / dripping / as far as / tip, toe nails /  
with dung / smeared / dung-load / you will carry / (end-quote)  
Why would you carry a load of dung, smeared with dung, oozing and  
dripping down to the tips of your toenails?"

*tumhe kho ettha bhaṇe ummattā tumhe vicetā*  
you / indeed / here / I say! / mad / you / daft  
"In this case, I say that you are mad, you are daft,

*tathā hi pana me sūkara-bhattan ti.*  
since / though / but / for me / pig-food / (end-quote)  
since for me this is pig food." [D.II.347-348 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).25]

## Exercise 16

### Pali into English

p. 112

*Bhagavā Rājagahe viharati*

Blessed One / at Rajagaha / was living

The Blessed One was living at Rajagaha. [D.I.47 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).1]

*ime candima-suriyā parasmim loke na imasmim*

these / moon-sun / in other / in the world / not / in this

This sun and moon are in the other world, not in this world. [D.II.319 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).5]

*kismim vivādo*

on what / quarrel

What is the quarrel about? [D.I.237 – xiii.(Tevijja).9]

*evaṃ vutte aññataro rāj-āmacco rājānaṃ etad avoca*

thus / on it said / a certain / king-minister / the king / this / he said

After this was said, a certain king's minister said this to the king. [D.I.47 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).2]

*na dāni tena ciraṃ jīvitabbaṃ bhavissati*

not / now / by this / for a long time / to be lived / he will be

Now he does not have long to live. [D.II.22 – xiv.(Mahāpadāna).2.2]

*so bhotā rañña vipparisāro na karaṇīyo*

this / by honourable / by the king / regret / not / that which should be done

This honourable king should not show such regret. [D.I.138 – v.(Kūṭadanta).15]

*na kho pan' etaṃ Poṭṭhapāda evaṃ daṭṭhabbaṃ*

not / indeed / but / this / Potthapada / thus / to be considered

But, Potthapada, this surely should not be considered this way. [D.I.196 – ix.(Poṭṭhapāda).40]

*kiñ cid eva karaṇīyaṃ uppajji*

what / ever / thus / to be done / arose

Some business or other came up. [D.II.340 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).21]

*idaṃ sevitabbaṃ, idaṃ na sevitabbaṃ*

this / to be practised / this / not / to be practised

This is to be practised, and this is not to be practised.

[D.II.223 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).7]

## Exercise 16

### English into Pali

p. 112

*If now I were to ask the philosopher Gotama a question,*  
ce / va kho pana / ahaṃ / puccheyyaṃ / samaṇaṃ / Gotamaṃ /  
pañhaṃ  
ahaṃ ce va kho pana samaṇaṃ Gotamaṃ pañhaṃ puccheyyaṃ,

*if in that connection the philosopher Gotama were to say to me thus:*  
ce / tattha / samaṇo / Gotamo / vadeyya / maṃ / evaṃ  
tattha ce samaṇo Gotamo maṃ evaṃ vadeyya:

*“Priest, this question, now, should not be asked thus,*  
brāhmaṇa / eso / pañho / ca / na / pucchitabbo / evaṃ  
na c’ eso brāhmaṇa pañho evaṃ pucchitabbo,

*but thus, priest, this question should be asked,”*  
nāma / evaṃ / brāhmaṇa / eso / pañho / pucchitabbo / (iti)  
evaṃ nāma’ eso brāhmaṇa pañho pucchitabbo ti

*this assembly would despise me for that:*  
ayaṃ / parisā / paribhaveyya / maṃ / tena  
tena maṃ ayaṃ parisā paribhaveyya:

*“The priest Sonadanda is a fool, unintelligent,*  
brāhmaṇo / Soṇadaṇḍo / bālo / avyatto  
bālo brāhmaṇo Soṇadaṇḍo avyatto

*he could not ask the philosopher Gotama a question consequently.”*  
asakkhi / na / pucchitum / samaṇaṃ / Gotamaṃ / pañhaṃ / yoniso /  
(ti)  
nāsakkhi samaṇaṃ Gotamaṃ yoniso pañhaṃ pucchitun ti.

*If now the philosopher Gotama were to ask me a question,*  
ce / va kho pana / samaṇo / Gotamo / puccheyya / maṃ / pañhaṃ  
maṃ ce va kho pana samaṇo Gotamo pañhaṃ puccheyya,

*and I were not to satisfy his mind with my explanation of his question,*  
ca / ahaṃ / na / ārādheyyaṃ / cittaṃ / veyyākaraṇena / tassa /  
pañhassa  
tassa cāhaṃ pañhassa veyyākaraṇena cittaṃ na ārādheyyaṃ,

*if in that connection the philosopher Gotama were to say to me thus:*  
ce / tattha / samaṇo / Gotamo / vadeyya / maṃ / evaṃ  
tattha ce samaṇo Gotamo maṃ evaṃ vadeyya:

*“Priest, this question, now, should not be explained thus,*  
brāhmaṇa / eso / pañho / ca / na / vyākātabbo / evaṃ  
na c’ eso brāhmaṇa pañho evaṃ vyākātabbo,

*but thus, priest, this question should be explained,”*  
nāma / evaṃ / brāhmaṇa / eso / pañho / vyākātabbo / (iti)  
evaṃ nām’ eso brāhmaṇa pañho vyākātabbo ti

*this assembly would despise me for that:*  
ayaṃ / parisā / paribhaveyya / maṃ / tena  
tena maṃ ayaṃ parisā paribhaveyya:

*“The priest Sonadanda is a fool, unintelligent,*  
brāhmaṇo / Soṇadaṇḍo / bālo / avyatto  
bālo brāhmaṇo Soṇadaṇḍo avyatto

*he couldn’t satisfy his mind with his explanation of the philosopher Gotama’s  
question.”*

asakkhi / na / ārādhetaṃ / cittaṃ / veyyākaraṇena / samaṇassa /  
Gotamassa / pañhassa / (ti)  
nāsakkhi samaṇassa Gotamassa pañhassa veyyākaraṇena cittaṃ  
ārādhetaṃ ti.

[D.I.117-8 (not I.118 as per book) – *iv.(Soṇadaṇḍa).8*]

## Exercise 17

### Passage for Reading

p. 120

*bhūtapubbaṃ mahā sakāṭa-sattho sakāṭa-sahassaṃ puratthimā janapadā  
pacchimaṃ janapadaṃ agamāsi.*

in the past / great / cart caravan / cart thousand / eastern / district /  
western / district / went

Once a large caravan of a thousand carts was travelling from the east to  
the west.

*so yena yena gacchati khippaṃ eva pariyādiyati tiṇa-kaṭṭh-odakaṃ haritaka-  
vaṇṇaṃ.*

it / wherever / it goes / quickly / just / it exhausts / grass-firewood-  
water / green-colour

Wherever it went, it quickly exhausted the grass, firewood, water, and  
green stuff.

*tasmiṃ kho pana satthe dve satthavāhā ahesuṃ;*

in that / indeed / but / in caravan / two / caravan-leader / there were  
Now in that caravan there were two caravan-leaders;

*eko pañcannaṃ sakata-satānaṃ, eko pañcannaṃ sakāṭa-satānaṃ.*

one / five / cart-hundred / one / five / cart-hundred  
each one consisting of five hundred carts.

*atha kho tesaṃ sattha-vāhānaṃ etad ahoṣi:*

then / indeed / of these / of the caravan-leaders / thus / it was  
Then the following thought occurred to these caravan-leaders:

*ayaṃ kho mahā sakāṭa-sattho sakāṭa-sahassaṃ.*

this / indeed / great / cart-caravan / cart-thousand

“This cart caravan is indeed large with a thousand carts.

*te mayaṃ yena yena gacchāma khippaṃ eva pariyādiyati tiṇa-kaṭṭh-odakaṃ  
haritaka-vaṇṇaṃ.*

those / we / wherever / we go / quickly / just / it exhausts / grass-  
firewood-water / green-colour

Wherever we go, the caravan quickly exhausts the grass, firewood, water,  
and green stuff.

*yan nūna mayaṃ imaṃ satthaṃ dvidhā vibhajeyyāma ekato pañca sakāṭa-satāni.*  
which / is it not / we / this / caravan / in two / we should divide / each  
/ five / cart-hundred

Why don't we divide this caravan into two, each with five hundred carts?"

[D.II.342-3 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).23]

## Exercise 17

### Pali into English

p. 120

*tena hi brāhmaṇa suṇāhi, bhāsisāmi*

now then / Brahmin / listen / I will speak

Now then, Brahmin, listen and I will speak. [D.I.124 – iv.(Soṇadaṇḍa).23]

*dīghaṃ assasāmi*

long / I breathe in

I am breathing in a long breath. [D.II.291 – xxii.(Mahāsatipaṭṭhāna).2]

*mā ekena dve agamittha*

do not / by one (way) / two / go

Do not both go the same way. [D.II.45 – xiv.(Mahāpadāna).3.22]

*disvā va mayaṃ taṃ bhagavantaṃ Gotamaṃ gamissāma*

having seen / just / we / this / Blessed One / Gotama / we will go

Only after we have seen the Blessed One Gotama, we will leave. [D.I.151 – vi.(Mahāli).2]

*devā sabhāyaṃ sannisinnā honti*

gods / in the assembly hall / seated together / they are

The gods are seated together in the assembly hall. [D.II.225 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).14]

*santān' eva nu kho saddāni nāssosi, udāhu asantāni*

existing / just / is it not / indeed / sounds / not he heard / or / not

existing

Are there any sounds he did not hear, or are there not? [D.I.152 – vi.(Mahāli).5]

*aham pana agārasmā anaḡāriyaṃ pabbajissāmi*

I / but / from home / to homelessness / I will go forth

But I will go forth from home to homelessness. [D.III.64 – xxvi.(Cakkavatti-Sīhanāda).8]

*katame pañca*

what / five

What are the five? [D.II.85 – xvi.(Mahāparinibbāna).1.23]

*kāmesu micchā na caritabbā*

in the passions / misconduct / not / should be practiced

Sexual misconduct should not be practiced. [D.III.62 – xxvi.(Cakkavatti-Sīhanāda).6]

*yaṃ sukho bhavaṃ taṃ sukhā mayaṃ, yaṃ dukkho bhavaṃ taṃ dukkhā mayaṃ*

if / happy / your honour / then / happy / we / if / unhappy / your

honour / then / unhappy / we

If your honour is happy, then we are happy; if your honour is unhappy,

then we are unhappy. [D.II.233 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).33]

## Exercise 17

### English into Pali

p. 120

*Priests declare (one) endowed with these five characteristics a priest.*

brāhmaṇā / paññāpentī / samannāgataṃ / pañcahi / aṅgehi /  
brāhmaṇaṃ

brāhmaṇā pañcahi aṅgehi samannāgataṃ brāhmaṇaṃ paññāpentī. [D.I.120  
– iv.(Soṇadaṇḍa).13]

*Of these five characteristics let us except class, for what will class effect?*

imesaṃ / pañcannaṃ / aṅgānaṃ / ṭhapayāma / vaṇṇaṃ / hi / kiṃ /  
vaṇṇo / karissati

imesaṃ pañcannaṃ aṅgānaṃ vaṇṇaṃ ṭhapayāma, kiṃ hi vaṇṇo  
karissati? [D.I.120 – iv.(Soṇadaṇḍa).14]

*“Don’t you bother, let the priest Sonadanda discuss with me.”*

tiṭṭhatha / tuṃhe / brāhmaṇo / Soṇadaṇḍo / mantetu / saddhiṃ / mayā  
/ iti

tiṭṭhatha tuṃhe, Soṇadaṇḍo brāhmaṇo mayā saddhiṃ mantetūti. [D.I.122 –  
iv.(Soṇadaṇḍa).18]

*When it had been spoken thus the Brahmin Sonadanda said this to the fortunate one: “Let the honourable Gotama not trouble, let the honourable Gotama be silent, I by myself will make a reply to them according to the doctrine.”*

vutte / evaṃ / brāhmaṇo / Soṇadaṇḍo / avoca / etad / Bhagavantam /  
bhavaṃ / Gotamo / tiṭṭhatu / bhavaṃ / Gotamo / hotu / tuṃhī /  
aham / eva / karissāmi / paṭivacanaṃ / tesam / dhammena / iti

evaṃ vutte Soṇadaṇḍo brāhmaṇo Bhagavantam etad avoca: tiṭṭhatu  
bhavaṃ Gotamo, tuṃhī bhavaṃ Gotamo hotu, aham eva tesam  
dhammena paṭivacanaṃ karissāmi ti.

*Then the Brahmin Sonadanda said this to those Brahmins: Sirs! Do not speak thus: ‘His honour Sonadanda surely disparages class, disparages prayers, certainly his honour Sonadanda is going over to the argument of the philosopher Gotama himself,’ I do not, sir, disparage either class or prayers.”*

attha kho / brāhmaṇo / Soṇadaṇḍo / avoca / etad / te / brāhmaṇe /  
bhavanto / mā / avacuttha / evaṃ / bhavaṃ / Soṇadaṇḍo / eva /  
apavadati / vaṇṇaṃ / apavadati / mante / ekaṃsena / bhavaṃ /  
Soṇadaṇḍo / anupakkhandati / vādaṃ / samaṇassa / Gotamassa /  
eva / iti / ahaṃ / na / bho / apavadāmi / vā / vaṇṇaṃ / vā / mante /  
iti

attha kho Soṇadaṇḍo brāhmaṇo te brāhmaṇe etad avoca: mā bhavanto  
evaṃ avacuttha: apavadat’ eva bhavaṃ Soṇadaṇḍo vaṇṇaṃ apavadati  
mante ekaṃsena bhavaṃ Soṇadaṇḍo samaṇass’ eva Gotamassa vādaṃ  
anupakkhandati ti. N’āhaṃ bho apavadāmi vaṇṇaṃ vā mante vā ti.

[D.I.122-123 – iv.(Soṇadaṇḍa).19]

*At that very time a young Brahmin called Angaka, a nephew of the Brahmin Sonadanda, was sitting in that assembly.*

tena / kho / समयेना / पाना / म॑णावो / न॑मा / आ॑ङ्गको / भ॑हा॒गि॒ने॒य्यो  
/ ब्रा॑ह्म॒णा॒स्सा / सो॑णादा॒ण॒द॒स्सा / हो॒ति / नि॒सि॒नो / त॒स्सा॒म / पा॑रि॒स॒या॒म  
tena kho pana समयेना सो॑णादा॒ण॒द॒स्सा ब्रा॑ह्म॒णा॒स्सा भ॑हा॒गि॒ने॒य्यो  
आ॑ङ्गको न॑मा म॑णावो त॒स्सा॒म पा॑रि॒स॒या॒म नि॒सि॒नो हो॒ति. [D.I.123 –  
*iv.(Soṇadaṇḍa).20*]

*Do you see (3<sup>rd</sup> person), sirs, this young Brahmin Angaka, our nephew? Yes, sir.*  
passanti / (nu) / bhonto / imaṃ / māṇavakaṃ / Aṅgakaṃ / amhākaṃ /  
bhāgineyyaṃ / (iti) / evaṃ / bho / (iti)  
passanti nu bhonto imaṃ Aṅgakaṃ māṇavakaṃ amhākaṃ bhāgineyyaṃ  
ti. evaṃ bho ti. [D.I.123 – *iv.(Soṇadaṇḍa).20*]

*Where (there is) virtue, there (there is) wisdom, where wisdom, virtue.*  
yattha / sīlaṃ / tattha / paññā / yattha / paññā / tattha / sīlaṃ  
yattha sīlaṃ tattha paññā yattha paññā tattha sīlaṃ. [D.I.124 –  
*iv.(Soṇadaṇḍa).21*]

*It is reported that in the world the supreme is of-virtue-and-wisdom.*  
akkhāyati / lokasmiṃ / aggaṃ / sīla-paññānaṃ / iti.  
sīla-paññānaṃ lokasmiṃ aggaṃ akkhāyatīti. [D.I.124 – *iv.(Soṇadaṇḍa).21*]



## Exercise 18

### Passages for Reading

#### Passage 1

p. 129

*bhūtapubbam dve akkhadhuttā akkhehi dibbiṃsu.*  
in the past / two / gamblers / with dice / they played  
Once in the past there were two gamblers who played with dice.

*eko akkhadhutto āgatāgataṃ kalim gilati.*  
one / gambler / each time it came / unlucky die / he swallows  
One gambler, whenever he got an unlucky die, swallowed it.

*addasā kho dutiyo akkhadhutto taṃ akkhadhuttaṃ āgatāgataṃ kalim gilantaṃ.*  
saw / indeed / second / gambler / this / gambler / each time it came /  
unlucky die / swallowing  
The other gambler saw this one swallowing the unlucky die each time it  
happened.

*disvā akkhadhuttaṃ etad avoca:*  
having seen / to the gambler / this / he said  
On seeing that, he said this to that gambler:

*tvaṃ kho samma ekantikena jināsi, dehi samma akkhe, pajohissāmī ti.*  
you / indeed / friend / conclusively / you win / give / friend / the dice /  
I shall make a votive offering / (end-quote)  
“Ah indeed, friend, you win conclusively, give me the dice and I shall  
make a votive offering.”

*evaṃ sammā ti kho so akkhadhutto tassa akkhadhuttassa akkhe pādāsi.*  
yes / friend / (end-quote) / this / gambler / to that / gambler / the dice  
/ he handed over  
“Yes, friend,” he said and this gambler handed over the dice to the other.

*atha kho so akkhadhutto akkhe visena paribhāvetvā taṃ akkhadhuttaṃ etad avoca:*  
then / indeed / this / gambler / the dice / with poison / having treated  
with / to that / gambler / this / he said  
Then that gambler treated the dice with poison and said to the other:

*ehi kho, samma, akkhehi dibbissāmā ti.*  
come / indeed / friend / with the dice / let us play / (end-quote)  
“Come, friend; let us play with the dice.”

*evaṃ sammā ti kho so akkhadhutto tassa akkhadhuttassa paccassosi.*  
yes / friend / (end-quote) / indeed / this / gambler / to that / gambler /  
he consented  
“Yes, friend” this gambler consented to the other.

*dutiyampi kho te akkhadhuttā akkhehi dibbiṃsu.*  
for a second time / indeed / these / gamblers / with the dice / they  
played  
For a second time, these gamblers played with the dice.

*dutiyampi kho so akkhadhutto āgatāgataṃ kalim̐ gilati.*  
for a second time / indeed / this / gambler / each time it came / unlucky  
die / he swallows  
And again, this gambler, whenever he got an unlucky die, swallowed it.

*addasā kho dutiyo akkhadhutto taṃ akkhadhuttaṃ dutiyampi āgatāgataṃ kalim̐  
gilantaṃ.*  
saw / indeed / for a second time / the gambler / this / gambler / each  
time it came / unlucky die / swallowing  
Again the other gambler saw this one swallowing the unlucky die each  
time it happened.

*disvā taṃ akkhadhuttaṃ etad avoca:*  
having seen / to that / gambler / this / he said  
On seeing this, he said to that gambler:

*littaṃ paramena tejasā, gilam̐ akkhaṃ puriso na bujjhati;*  
smeared / by the highest / potency / swallowing / die / man / not / he  
knows  
“The man swallowing the die, smeared with the highest potency, is not  
aware of it.

*gila re gila papa-dhuttaka, pacchā te kaṭukaṃ bhavissatī ti.*  
swallow / damn you / swallow / wicked-scoundrel / afterwards / to you  
/ bitterness / there will be / (end-quote)  
Swallow, damn you, swallow, you wicked scoundrel; for there will be  
bitterness for you afterwards.” [D.II.348-9 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).27]

## Passage 2

p. 130

*bhūtapubbaṃ rājā Dalhanemi nāma ahosi cakka-vattī dhammiko dhamma-rājā ...*  
in the past / king / Dalhanemi / named / was / wheel-turning / just /  
righteous-king  
Once upon a time there was a wheel-turning, just, and righteous-ruling  
king named Dalhanemi ...

*atha kho rājā Dalhanemi vassa-sahassānaṃ accayena aññataraṃ purisaṃ  
āmañesi.*  
then / indeed / king / Dalhanemi / of rains-thousands / after / a certain  
/ man / addressed  
Then, after thousands of years, King Dalhanemi addressed a certain man  
as follows.

*yadā tvam, ambho purisa, passeyyāsi dibbaṃ cakka-ratanaṃ osakkitaṃ ṭhānā cutaṃ, atha me āroceyyāsi ti.*  
when / you / sir / man / you would see / divine / wheel-treasure /  
withdrawn / from place / fallen / then / to me / you should inform /  
(end-quote)  
“My good man, when you see the divine wheel-treasure withdrawn and  
fallen down from its place, then you should inform me.”

*evaṃ devā ti kho so puriso rañño dalhanemissa paccassosi.*  
yes / lord / (end-quote) / indeed / this / man / to king / Dalhanemi /  
assented  
“Yes, Lord” this man assented to King Dalhanemi.

*addasā kho so puriso vassa-sahassānaṃ accayena dibbaṃ cakka-ratanaṃ osakkitaṃ ṭhānā cutaṃ.*  
saw / indeed / this / man / of rains-thousands / after / divine / wheel-  
treasure / withdrawn / from place / fallen  
After thousands of years this man saw the divine wheel-treasure  
withdrawn and fallen down from place.

*disva yena rājā Dalhanemi ten’ upasaṅkami, upasaṅkamitvā rājānaṃ Dalhanemiṃ etad avoca:*  
having seen / king / Dalhanemi / to him / he approached / having  
approached / to king / Dalhanemi / this / he said.  
On seeing this, he approached King Dalhanemi, and drawing near he said  
this to him.

*yagghe, deva, jāneyyāsi, dibbaṃ te cakkaratanaṃ osakkitaṃ ṭhānā cutan ti.*  
hear / lord / you should know / divine / of you / wheel-treasure /  
withdrawn / from place / fallen / (end-quote)  
“Listen, Lord, you should know that your divine wheel-treasure has  
withdrawn and fallen from place.”

*atha kho rājā Dalhanemi jettḥa-puttaṃ kumāraṃ āmantāpetvā etad avoca:*  
Then / indeed / king Dalhanemi / eldest-son / prince / having called /  
this / he said  
Then King Dalhanemi summoned the prince, his eldest son, and said:

*dibbaṃ kira me, tāta kumāra, cakkaratanaṃ osakkitaṃ ṭhānā cutaṃ.*  
divine / it is said / to me / dear son / prince / wheel-treasure /  
withdrawn / from place / fallen  
“Apparently, my dear son, the divine wheel-treasure has withdrawn and  
fallen from place.

*sutaṃ kho pana m’ etaṃ yassa rañño cakkavattissa dibbaṃ cakkaratanaṃ osakkati ṭhānā cavati,*  
heard / indeed / moreover / by me / this / of which / of king / of  
wheel-turning / divine / wheel-treasure / withdraws / from place / it  
falls  
Moreover I have heard that when the divine wheel-treasure of a wheel-  
turning monarch withdraws and falls from place,

*na dāni tena raññā ciraṃ jīvitabbaṃ hotī ti.*  
not / then / to which / king / for along time / to live / it is / (end-quote)  
then that king does not have long to live.

*bhuttā kho pana me mānusakā kāmā, samayo dāni me dibbe kāme pariyesituṃ.*  
consumed / indeed / but / by me / human / pleasures / time / then /  
for me / divine / pleasures / to seek  
But I have consumed the pleasures of a human, now is the time for me to  
seek heavenly pleasures.

*ehi tvam tāta kumāra imaṃ pathaviṃ paṭipajja.*  
come / you / dear / son / this / earth / engage in  
Come, my dear son, rule this earth.

*ahaṃ pana kesa-massuṃ ohāretvā kāsāyāni vatthāni acchādetvā agārasmā  
anagāriyaṃ pabbajissāmī ti.*  
I / but / hair-beard / having removed / yellow / robes / having put on /  
from home / to homelessness / I will go forth / (end-quote)  
But I will shave off my hair and beard, put on the yellow robes, and go  
forth from home to homelessness."

*atha kho rājā Dalhanemi jettḥaputtaṃ kumāraṃ sādhukaṃ rajje samanūsāsivā*  
then / indeed / king / Dalhanemi / eldest-son / prince / thoroughly / of  
the kingdom / having well instructed  
Then King Dalhanemi instructed his eldest son, the prince, thoroughly in  
the ways of the kingdom,

*kesa-massuṃ ohāretvā kāsāyāni vatthāni acchādetvā agārasmā anagāriyaṃ  
pabbaji.*  
hair-beard / having removed / yellow / robes / having put on / from  
home / to homelessness / he went forth  
shaved off his hair and beard, put on the yellow robes, and went forth  
from home to homelessness.

*sattāha-pabbajite kho pana rāj-isimhi dibbaṃ cakkaratanaṃ antaradhāyi.*  
on the seven-days-going forth / indeed / moreover / king-sage / divine  
/ wheel-treasure / disappeared  
Moreover, when the royal sage had been gone forth seven days, the  
divine wheel-treasure disappeared.

*atha kho aññataro puriso yena rājā khattiyo ten' upasaṃkamaṃ, upasaṃkamitvā  
rājānaṃ khattiyaṃ etad avoca:*  
then / indeed / a certain / man / to which / king / warrior / to him / he  
approached / having approached / to the king / warrior / this / he  
said  
Then a certain man approached the warrior king, and drawing near he  
said to him:

*yagghe, deva, jāneyyāsi, dibbaṃ cakkaratanaṃ antarahitaṃ ti.*  
Listen / lord / you should know / divine / wheel-treasure / disappeared  
/ (end-quote)  
“Listen, Lord, you should know that the divine wheel-treasure has  
disappeared.”

*atha kho rājā khattiyo dibbe cakkaratane antarahite anattamano ahoṣi.*  
then / indeed / king / warrior / by the divine / wheel-treasure /  
disappearance / not pleased / was  
Then the warrior king was indeed troubled by the disappearance of the  
divine wheel-treasure.

*so yena rājasi ten’ upasaṃkami, upasaṃkamitvā rājisiṃ etad avoca:*  
he / to which / royal sage / there / he approached / having approached  
/ to the royal sage / this / he said  
He approached the royal sage, and drawing near he said to him:

*yagghe, deva, jāneyyāsi, dibbaṃ cakkaratanaṃ antarahitaṃ ti.*  
Listen / lord / you should know / divine / wheel-treasure / disappeared  
/ (end-quote)  
“Listen, Lord, you should know that the divine wheel-treasure has  
disappeared.”

*evaṃ vutte rājasi rājānaṃ khattiyaṃ etad avoca:*  
thus / said / royal sage / to the king / warrior / this / he said  
When this was said, the royal sage said to the warrior king:

*mā kho tvaṃ tāta dibbe cakkaratane antarahite anattamano ahoṣi.*  
not / indeed / your / my dear son / by the divine / wheel-treasure /  
disappearance / not pleased / you be  
“Do not, my dear son, be saddened by the disappearance of the divine  
wheel-treasure.

*na hi te tāta dibbaṃ cakkaratanaṃ pettikaṃ dāyajjaṃ.*  
not / for / of you / my dear son / divine / wheel-treasure / paternal /  
inheritance  
For the divine wheel-treasure is not your paternal inheritance.

*iṅgha tvaṃ tāta ariye cakkavatti-vatte vattāhi.*  
here / you / my dear son / by the noble / in wheel-turning-conduct /  
conduct yourself  
Now, my dear son, you should conduct yourself as a wheel-turning  
monarch.

*ṭhānaṃ kho paṇ’ etaṃ vijjati yaṃ te dibbaṃ cakkaratanaṃ pātubhavissatī ti.*  
case / indeed / moreover / this / is found / which for you / divine /  
wheel-treasure / will appear / (end-quote)  
Moreover it may be the case that a divine wheel-treasure will appear for  
you.”

*katamaṃ paṇ' etaṃ deva ariyaṃ cakkavatti-vattan ti.*  
which / then / this / lord / noble / wheel-turning-conduct / (end-quote)  
“What, lord, is the noble conduct of a wheel-turning monarch?”

*tena hi tvaṃ tāta dhammaṃ yeva nissāya dhammaṃ mānento dhammaṃ pūjento*  
by this / indeed / you / dear one / righteousness / just / depending on /  
Dhamma / honouring / Dhamma / revering  
“Just this, my dear one, depending on righteousness alone, honouring  
and revering it,

*dhammikaṃ rakkha-avarāṇa-guttiṃ saṃvidahassu khattiyesu anuyuttesu*  
*brāhmaṇa-gahapatikesu negama-jānapadesu samaṇabrāhmaṇesu miga-*  
*pakkhīsu.*  
righteous / safety-shelter-protection / provide / for warriors / for  
vassals / for Brahmin householders / for town and country dwellers /  
for ascetics and Brahmins / for animals and birds  
you should provide righteous safety, shelter, and protection for your  
warriors, vassals, Brahmin householders, town and country dwellers,  
ascetics and Brahmins, animals and birds.

*mā ca te tāta vijite adhamma-kāro pavattittha.*  
do not / and / your / dear one / in the kingdom / not righteous-doer /  
cause to happen  
And, my dear one, do not let the criminal prevail in your kingdom,

*ye ca te tāta vijite adhanā assu, tesaṃ ca dhanam anuppadeyyāsi.*  
to which / and / your / dear one / in the kingdom / poor / there may  
be, to these / and / wealth / grant  
and, my dear one, grant wealth to those who are poor in your kingdom,

*ye ca te tāta vijite samaṇabrāhmaṇā mada-ppamādā paṭiviratā,*  
to which / and / your / dear one / in the kingdom / ascetics and  
Brahmins / pride and laziness / abstained  
and, my dear one, to those ascetics and Brahmins in your kingdom who  
have abstained from pride and laziness,

*te kālena kālaṃ upasaṃkamitvā pariṇipuccheyyāsi:*  
to you / from time / to time / having approached / you should ask  
advice  
you should approach them from time to time and seek advice:

*kiṃ bhante kusalaṃ kiṃ akusalaṃ,*  
what / reverend sir / wholesome / what / unwholesome  
‘Reverend sir, what is wholesome and what is unwholesome,

*kiṃ me kayiramānaṃ dīgharattaṃ ahitāya dukkhāya assa,*  
what / to me / doing / for a long time / to non-welfare / to suffering / it  
may be  
and what action will lead to my harm and suffering for a long time,

*kiṃ vā pana me kayiramānaṃ dīgharattaṃ hitāya sukhāya assā ti.*  
what / or / moreover / to me / doing / for a long time / to welfare / to  
happiness / it may be / (end-quote)  
and moreover what action will lead to my welfare and happiness for a  
long time?’

*tesaṃ sutvā yaṃ akusalaṃ taṃ abhinivajjeyyāsi,*  
to them / having listened / which / unwholesome / that / you should  
avoid  
Having listened to them, you should avoid that which is unwholesome,

*yaṃ kusalaṃ taṃ samādāya vatteyyāsi.*  
which / wholesome / that / for conforming / you should conduct  
and you should conduct yourself according to the wholesome.

*idaṃ kho tāta taṃ ariyaṃ cakkavatti-vattan ti.*  
this / indeed / dear one / that / noble / wheel-turning monarch conduct  
/ (end-quote)  
Indeed this, my dear one, is how a wheel-turning monarch should  
behave.”

*evaṃ devā ti kho rājā khattiyo rājisissa paṭissutvā ariye cakkavatti-vatte vatti.*  
yes / lord / (end-quote) / indeed / king / warrior / to the royal sage /  
having assented / in noble / in the wheel-turning monarch conduct /  
he behaved  
“Yes, lord,” the warrior king assented to the royal sage, and he conducted  
himself in the noble duty of a wheel-turning monarch.

*tassa ariye cakkavatti-vatte vattamānassa dibbaṃ cakkaratanaṃ pāturaḥosi.*  
to him / with noble / wheel-turning monarch conduct / behaving /  
divine / wheel-treasure / appeared  
And so the divine wheel-treasure appeared to him as he behaved as a  
noble wheel-turning monarch.

*disvā rañño khattiyassa etad ahoṣi:*  
having seen / to the king / to the warrior / thus / it was:  
On seeing this, the warrior king thought:

*sutaṃ kho pana m’ etaṃ:*  
heard / indeed / now / by me / this  
Now I have heard it said that

*yassa rañño khattiyassa dibbaṃ cakkaratanaṃ pātubhavati, so hoti cakkavattī ti.*  
to which / king / warrior / divine / wheel-treasure / it appears / he / is  
/ wheel-turning monarch / (end-quote)  
a warrior king to whom a divine wheel-treasure appears will become a  
wheel-turning monarch.

*assaṃ nu kho ahaṃ rājā cakkavattī ti.*  
may I be / is it not / indeed / I / king / wheel-turning monarch / (end-  
quote)  
May I be such a wheel-turning monarch.”

*atha kho taṃ cakkarataṇaṃ puratthimaṃ disaṃ pavatti,*  
then / indeed / this / wheel-treasure / east / direction / it turned  
Then indeed this wheel-treasure turned towards the east,

*anvaḍ eva rājā cakkavattī saddhiṃ caturaṅginiyā senāya.*  
after / thus / king / wheel-turning monarch / with / fourfold / army  
and the wheel-turning monarch followed with his fourfold army.

*yasmiṃ kho pana padese cakkarataṇaṃ patitṭhāsi,*  
in which / indeed / but / in the region / wheel-treasure / it stopped  
Further, in whatever region the wheel-treasure stopped,

*tattha rājā cakkavattī vāsaṃ upagacchi saddhiṃ caturaṅginiyā senāya.*  
there / king / wheel-turning monarch / camp / came to / with / fourfold  
/ army  
there the wheel-turning monarch camped with his fourfold army.

*ye kho pana puratthimāya disāya paṭirājāno,*  
those / indeed / moreover / in the east / direction / enemy kings  
Moreover those enemy kings in the east

*te rājānaṃ cakkavattiṃ upasaṃkamitoḍ evaṃ āhaṃsu:*  
these / king / wheel-turning monarch / having approached / thus / they  
said  
approached the wheel-turning monarch and said:

*ehi kho mahārāja, svāgataṃ te mahārāja,*  
come / indeed / great king / welcome / to you / great king  
“Come, great king, you are welcome, great king,

*sakaṃ te mahārāja, anusāsa mahārājā ti.*  
own / to you / great king / rule / great king / (end-quote)  
it’s all yours, great king, rule us great king.”

*rājā cakkavattī evaṃ āha:*  
king / wheel-turning monarch / thus / said  
The wheel-turning monarch then said:

*pāṇo na hantaḅbo. adinnaṃ n’ ādāttaḅbaṃ.*  
living being / not / to be killed / not given / not / to be taken  
“Do not kill living beings. Do not take what is not given.

*kāmesu micchā na caritaḅbā. musā na bhāsitabbā.*  
of the senses / wrong / not / to behave / false / not / to be spoken  
Do not misbehave sexually. Do not speak falsely.

*majjaṃ na pāttaḅbaṃ. yathābhuttaṃ ca bhuiṅjathā ti.*  
Intoxicant / not / to be drunk / whatever ought to be eaten / and / eat /  
(end-quote)  
Do not drink intoxicants. And eat in moderation.”



*ye kho pana puratthimāya disāya paṭirājāno,*  
those / indeed / but / in the east / direction / enemy kings  
Then those enemy kings in the east

*te rañño cakkavattissa anuyantā ahesuṃ. ...*  
to this / king / wheel-turning monarch / submitting / they were  
submitted to this wheel-turning monarch. ...

*... dakkhiṇaṃ disaṃ pavatti. pe.*  
south / direction / it turned / etc.  
... turned towards the south, etc.

*pacchimaṃ. pe.*  
west / etc.  
... west, etc.

*uttaraṃ. pe.*  
north / etc.  
... north, etc.

*ye kho pana uttarāya disāya paṭirājāno,*  
those / but / then / in the north / direction / enemy kings  
Then those enemy kings in the north

*te rañño cakkavattissa anuyantā ahesuṃ.*  
to this / king / wheel-turning monarch / submitting / they were  
submitted to this wheel-turning monarch.

[D.III.59-63 (not III.59-62 as per book) – xxvi.(Cakkavatti-Sihanāda).2-7]

## Exercise 18

### Pali into English

p. 132

*brāhmaṇo va seṭṭho vaṇṇo*

Brahmin / indeed / best / class

Indeed the Brahmin is the highest class. [D.III.81 – xxvii.(Aggañña).3]

*purisena purisaṃ karitvā khattiyā va seṭṭhā hīnā brāhmaṇā*

with a man / man / having compared / Khattiyas / indeed / better / lesser / Brahmins

Comparing one man with another, the khattiyas are superior and the Brahmins inferior. [D.I.98 – iii.(Ambaṭṭha).1.26]

*na c'etarahi vijjati añño samaṇo vā brāhmaṇo vā bhagavatā bhiyyo 'bhiññataro*  
not / and / now / is found / another / ascetic / or / Brahmin / or / from  
the Blessed One / better / more learned

And now there does not exist another ascetic or Brahmin more learned than the Blessed One. [D.III.99 – xxviii.(Sampasādanīya).1]

*tiṅhena satthena sīsaṃ chindati*

by a sharp / sword / head / he cuts

He cuts off the head with a sharp sword. [D.I.56 – ii.(Sāmaññaphala).26]

*na odana-kummāsaṃ bhujjeyyaṃ*

not / boiled rice / junket / I would eat

I would not eat boiled rice junket. [D.III.9 – xxiv.(Pātika).1.11]

*aggo 'ham asmi lokassa, jeṭṭho 'ham asmi lokassa, seṭṭho 'ham asmi lokassa*

top / I / am / of the world / most senior / I / am / of the world / best / I / am / of the world /

I am the topmost, the most senior, and the best in the world. [D.II.15 – xiv.(Mahāpadāna).1.29]

*na mayaṃ ito bhiyyo pajānāma*

not / we / from this / more / we know

We do not know any more than this. [D.III.52 – xxv.(Udumbarika-Sihanāda).19]

*idaṃ hīnaṃ, idaṃ paṇītaṃ*

this / inferior / this / superior

This is inferior, this is superior. [D.II.223 – xix.(Mahāgovinda).7]

*saññā nu kho bhante pathamaṃ uppajjati pacchā ñāṇaṃ, udāhu paṭhamamaṃ ñāṇaṃ  
uppajjati pacchā sañ'nā, udāhu sañña ca ñāṇaṃ ca apubbaṃ acarimaṃ uppajjanti*  
perception / is it / indeed / reverend sir / first / arises / afterwards /  
knowledge / or / first / knowledge / arises / afterwards / perception /  
or / perception / and / knowledge / and / not before / not later / they  
Reverend sir, does perception arise first and then knowledge, or does  
knowledge arise first and then perception, or do perception and  
knowledge arise simultaneously? [D.I.185 – ix.(Poṭṭhapāda).20]

## Exercise 18

### English into Pali

p. 132

*Once the fortunate one was living among the Koliyas.*  
ekaṃ samayaṃ / bhagavā / viharati / Koḷiyesu  
ekaṃ samayaṃ bhagavā Koḷiyesu viharati.

*Then Punna, a Koliyan, a bovine, and a naked ascetic Seniya, a canine,*  
atha kho / Puṇṇo / Koḷiyaputto / govatiko / ca / acelo / Seniyo /  
kukkuravatiko  
atha kho Puṇṇo ca Koḷiyaputto govatiko acelo Seniyo kukkuravatiko

*approached this way towards the fortunate one.*  
upasaṃkamaṃsu / yena / tena / bhagavantā  
yena bhagavā ten' upasaṃkamaṃsu.

*Having approached, Punna the Koliyan who was a bovine, having saluted the  
fortunate one, sat down to one side.*  
upasaṃkamtivā / Puṇṇo / Koḷiyaputto / govatiko / abhivādetvā /  
bhagavantam / nisīdi / ekaṃ / antam  
upasaṃkamtivā Puṇṇo Koḷiyaputto govatiko bhagavantam abhivādetvā  
ekamantam nisīdi.

*The naked ascetic Seniya, however, the canine, exchanged greetings with the  
fortunate one;*  
acelo / Seniyo / pana / kukkuravatiko / sammodi / saddhiṃ /  
bhagavatā  
acelo pana Seniyo kukkuravatiko bhagavatā saddhiṃ sammodi;

*having made agreeable polite conversation, squatting like a dog, he sat down to  
one side.*  
vītisāretvā / sammodanīyaṃ / sārāṇīyaṃ / katham / palikujjivā / iva /  
kukkuro / nisīdi / ekaṃ / antam  
sammodanīyaṃ katham sārāṇīyaṃ vītisāretvā kukkuro 'va palikujjivā  
ekamantam nisīdi.

*Punna the Koliyan bovine, seated to one side, said this to the fortunate one:*  
Puṇṇo / Koḷiyaputto / govatiko / nisinno / ekaṃ / antam / avoca / etad  
/ bhagavantam  
ekamantam nisinno kho Puṇṇo Koḷiyaputto govatiko bhagavantam etad  
avoca:

*Sir, this naked ascetic Seniya is a canine, a doer-of-hard-tasks;*  
bhante / ayaṃ / acelo / Seniyo / kukkuravatiko / dukkara-kārako  
ayaṃ bhante acelo Seniyo kukkuravatiko dukkarakārako.

*He eats what is thrown on the ground.*

bhuñjati / chamā-nikkhattaṃ  
chamānikkhattaṃ bhuñjati.

*He has long conformed to that dog-vow.*

tassa / samattaṃ / dīgharattaṃ / samādiṇṇaṃ / taṃ / kukkuravataṃ  
tassa taṃ kukkuravataṃ dīgharattaṃ samattaṃ samādiṇṇaṃ,

*What will be his future state?"*

kā / gati / tassa / ko / abhisamparāyo / (iti)  
tassa kā gati ko abhisamparāyo ti.

*"Enough, Punna, don't bother with this. Don't ask me this."*

alaṃ / Puṇṇa / tiṭṭhate / taṃ / mā / pucchi / maṃ / etaṃ / (iti)  
alaṃ Puṇṇa, tiṭṭhate taṃ. mā maṃ etaṃ pucchīti.

*For a second time ... etc. ...*

dutiyampi / ... / pe / ...  
dutiyampi ... pe ...

*For a third time ... etc. ...*

tatiyampi / ... / pe / ...  
tatiyampi ... pe ...

*"... Nevertheless I will explain to you.*

api ca / (kho) / ahaṃ / byākarissāmi / te  
api ca kho tyāhaṃ byākarissāmi.

*In this connection, Punna, someone develops the dog-vow perfectly ...*

idha / Puṇṇa / ekacco / bhāveti / kukkuravataṃ / paripuṇṇaṃ / ...  
idha Puṇṇa, ekacco kukkuravataṃ bhāveti paripuṇṇaṃ ...

*Having developed the dog-vow perfectly, having developed the virtue-of-a-dog perfectly,*

bhāvetvā / kukkura-vataṃ / paripuṇṇaṃ / bhāvetvā / kukkura-sīlaṃ /  
paripuṇṇaṃ  
kukkuravataṃ bhāvetvā paripuṇṇaṃ, kukkurasīlaṃ bhāvetvā  
paripuṇṇaṃ,

*having developed the mind-of-a-dog perfectly, having developed the style-of-a-dog perfectly,*

bhāvetvā / kukkura-cittaṃ / paripuṇṇaṃ / bhāvetvā / kukkura-kappaṃ  
/ paripuṇṇaṃ  
kukkuracittaṃ bhāvetvā paripuṇṇaṃ, kukkurākappaṃ bhāvetvā  
paripuṇṇaṃ,

*after death he is reborn in the condition of dogs.*

param-maraṇā / so / upapajjati / sahavyataṃ / kukkurānaṃ  
so parammaraṇā kukkurānaṃ sahavyataṃ upapajjati.

*But if he has the opinion:*

panā / sace / (kho) / evaṃ / hoti / diṭṭhi / assa  
sace kho panassa evaṃ diṭṭhi hoti:

*'By this virtue or vow I shall be a god,'*

imīna / sīlena / vā / vatena / vā / ahaṃ / bhavissāmi / devo / (iti)  
imināhaṃ sīlena vā vatena vā devo bhavissāmīti

*that is his wrong-opinion."*

sa / hoti / assa / micchā-diṭṭhi / (iti)

sāssa hoti micchādiṭṭhīti. [M.I.387-8 – lvii. (Kukkuravatika).1-3]

## Exercise 19

### Passages for Reading

#### Passage 1

p. 145

*te taṃ satthaṃ dvīdhā vibhajimsu ekato pañca sakaṭa-satāni ekato pañca sakaṭa-satāni.*

they / this / caravan / in two / divided / one / five / hundred carts / one / five / hundred carts

They divided the caravan into two parts, each with five hundred carts.

*eko tāva satthavāho bahum tiṇaṃ ca kaṭṭhaṃ ca udakaṃ ca āropetvā satthaṃ payāpesi.*

one / now / caravan leader / much / grass / and / firewood / and / water and / having collected / caravan / set out

Then one of the caravan leaders collected much grass, firewood and water and set out.

*dvīha-tīha-payāto kho pana so sattho addasa purisaṃ kāḷaṃ lohit-akkhaṃ apanaddha-kalāpaṃ kumuda-māliṃ alla-vatthaṃ alla-kesaṃ kaddama-makkhītehi cakkehi gadrabhara-rathena paṭipathaṃ āgacchantaṃ.*

two days-three days-set out / indeed / then / this / caravan / saw / man / black / red-eyed / tied-quiver / white-waterlily-garland / wet-clothes / wet-hair / mud-smearred / with wheels / by donkey-cart / in the opposite direction / coming

After two or three days journey, he saw coming in the opposite direction a red-eyed, black man, with a quiver attached, a garland of white water-lilies, wet clothes and hair, and a donkey cart with mud-spattered wheels.

*disvā etad avoca: kuto bho āgacchasi ti. amukamhā janapadā ti.*

having seen / thus / said / from where / friend / you have come / (end-quote) / from such and such / place / (end-quote)

On seeing him, he said: "Where have you come from, friend?" "From such and such a place."

*kuhiṃ gamissasi ti. amukaṃ nāma janapadan ti.*

to where / you go / (end-quote) / to such and such / indeed / place / (end-quote)

"And where are you going?" "To such and such a place."

*kacci bho purato kantāre mahā-megho abhippavaṭṭo ti.*

did / friend / ahead / in the wilderness / great-cloud / heavy rain / (end-quote)

"Friend, was there much rain in the wilderness ahead?"

*evaṃ kho bho purato kantāre mahā-megho abhippavaṭṭo,*  
yes / indeed / friend / ahead / in the wilderness / great-cloud / heavy  
rain  
“Yes indeed, friend, there is much rain in the wilderness ahead,

*āsitt-odakāni vaṭumāni, bahuṃ tiṇaṅ ca kaṭṭhaṅ ca udakaṅ ca,*  
poured-water / roads / much / grass / and / firewood / and / water /  
and  
the roads are covered in water and there is plenty of grass, firewood and  
water.

*chaddetha bho purāṇāni tiṇāni kaṭṭhāni udakāni,*  
throw away / friend / old / grass / firewood / water  
Throw away your old grass, firewood and water,

*lahu-bhārehi sakatehi sīghaṃ sīghaṃ gacchatha,*  
light-load / with carts / very fast / you go  
and go very fast with your carts lightly loaded.

*mā yoggāni kilamethā ti.*  
do not / oxen / tire / (end-quote)  
Do not tire your oxen.”

*atha kho so satthavāho satthike āmantesi:*  
then / indeed / this / caravan leader / caravan merchants / addressed  
Then the caravan leader addressed the caravan merchants:

*ayaṃ bho puriso evaṃ āha:*  
this / friend / man / thus / said  
“This man has told me:

*purato kantāre mahā-megho abhippavaṭṭo,*  
ahead / in the wilderness / great-cloud / heavy rain  
“There is much rain in the wilderness ahead,

*āsitt-todakāni vaṭumāni, bahuṃ tiṇaṅ ca kaṭṭhaṅ ca udakaṅ ca,*  
poured-water / roads / much / grass / and / firewood / and / water /  
and  
the roads are covered in water and there is plenty of grass, firewood and  
water.

*chaddetha bho purāṇāni tiṇāni kaṭṭhāni udakāni,*  
throw away / friend / old / grass / firewood / water  
Throw away your old grass, firewood and water,

*lahu-bhārehi sakatehi sīghaṃ sīghaṃ gacchatha,*  
light-load / with carts / very fast / you go  
and go very fast with your carts lightly loaded.



*mā yoggāni kilamethā ti.*  
do not / oxen / tire / (end-quote)  
Do not tire your oxen.'

*chaddetha bho purāṇāni tiṇāni kaṭṭhāni udakāni,*  
throw away / friend / old / grass / firewood / water  
So throw away your old grass, firewood and water,

*lahu-bhārehi sakaṭehi satthaṃ payāpethā ti.*  
light-load / with carts / caravan / make proceed  
and have your caravan proceed with the carts lightly loaded."

*evaṃ bho ti kho te satthikā tassa satthavāhassa paṭissutvā,*  
yes / friend / (end-quote) / these / caravan / merchants / to this / to the  
caravan leader / having replied  
"Yes, friend," these caravan merchants replied to the leader,

*chaddetvā purāṇāni tiṇāni kaṭṭhāni udakāni lahu-bhārehi sakaṭehi satthaṃ  
payāpesuṃ.*  
having thrown away / old / grass / firewood / water / light-load / with  
carts / caravan / (they) set out  
and they threw away their old grass, firewood and water, and they  
proceeded with carts lightly loaded.

*te paṭhame pi sattha-vāse na addasaṃsu tiṇaṃ vā kaṭṭhaṃ vā udakaṃ vā,*  
they / at the first / caravan-site / not / they saw / grass / or / firewood  
/ or / water / or  
At the first caravan site they did not see any grass, firewood, or water,

*dutiye pi sattha-vāse ..., tatiye pi sattha-vāse ..., catutthe pi sattha-vāse ...,  
pañcame pi sattha-vāse ..., chaṭṭhe pi sattha-vāse ...,*  
at the second / too / caravan-site / at the third / too / caravan-site / at  
the fourth / too / caravan-site / at the fifth / too / caravan-site / at the  
sixth / too / caravan-site  
nor at the second, nor at the third, nor at the fourth, nor at the fifth, nor at  
the sixth,

*sattame pi sattha-vāse na addasaṃsu tiṇaṃ vā kaṭṭhaṃ vā udakaṃ vā,*  
at the seventh / too / caravan-site / not / they saw / grass / or /  
firewood / or / water / or  
nor at the seventh caravan site did they see any grass, firewood, or water.

*sabbe va anaya-vyasaṇaṃ āpajjimsu.*  
all / just / misfortune-disaster / they arrived  
So they all just came to misfortune and disaster.

*ye ca tasmim satthe ahesum manussā vā pasū vā sabbe so yakkho amanusso  
bhakkhesi, aṭṭhikān' eva sesesi.*

whatever / and / in this / caravan / there were / men / or / beasts / or  
/ all / this / demon / not human / ate / bones / just / remained  
And whatever there were in this caravan, men or animals, they were all  
eaten by a non-human spirit, and only their bones remained.

*yadā aññāsi dutiyo satthavāho: bahu-nikkhanto kho dāni so sattho ti,  
when / he khew / second / caravan leader / much-gone forth / indeed /  
then / this / caravan / (end-quote)*

When the second caravan leader knew that the other caravan had gone  
far enough ahead,

*bahum tīnañ ca kaṭṭhañ ca udakañ ca āropetvā sattham payāpesi.  
much / grass / and / firewood / and / water and / having collected /  
caravan / set out  
he collected much grass, firewood and water and set out.*

*dvīha-tīha-payāto kho pana so sattho addasa purisaṃ kāḷaṃ lohit-akkhaṃ  
apanaddha-kalāpaṃ kumuda-māliṃ alla-vatthaṃ alla-kesaṃ kaddama-  
makkhītehi cakkehi gadrabhara-rathena paṭipathaṃ āgacchantaṃ.  
two days-three days-set out / indeed / then / this / caravan / saw / man  
/ black / red-eyed / tied-quiver / white waterlily-garland / wet-  
clothes / wet-hair / mud-smearred / with wheels / by donkey-cart / in  
the opposite direction / coming*

After two or three days journey, he saw coming in the opposite direction  
a red-eyed, black man, with a quiver attached, a garland of white  
waterlilies, wet clothes and hair, and a donkey cart with mud-spattered  
wheels.

*disvā etad avoca: kuto bho āgacchasi ti. amukamhā janapadā ti.  
having seen / thus / said / from where / friend / you have come / (end-  
quote) / from such and such / place / (end-quote)  
On seeing him, he said: "Where have you come from, friend?" "From  
such and such a place."*

*kuhiṃ gamissasi ti. amukaṃ nāma janapadan ti.  
to where / you go / (end-quote) / to such and such / indeed / place /  
(end-quote)  
"And where are you going?" "To such and such a place."*

*kacci bho purato kantāre mahā-megho abhippavaṭṭo ti.  
did / friend / ahead / in the wilderness / great-cloud / heavy rain / (end-  
quote)  
"Friend, was there much rain in the wilderness ahead?"*

*evaṃ kho bho purato kantāre mahā-megho abhippavaṭṭo,  
yes / indeed / friend / ahead / in the wilderness / great cloud / heavy  
rain  
"Yes indeed, friend, there is much rain in the wilderness ahead,*

*āsitt-odakāni vaṭumāni, bahum tiṇaṅ ca kaṭṭhaṅ ca udakaṅ ca,*  
poured-water / roads / much / grass / and / firewood / and / water /  
and  
the roads are covered in water and there is plenty of grass, firewood and  
water.

*chaddetha bho purāṇāni tiṇāni kaṭṭhāni udakāni,*  
throw away / friend / old / grass / firewood / water  
Throw away your old grass, firewood and water,

*lahu-bhārehi sakaṭehi sīghaṃ sīghaṃ gacchatha,*  
light-load / with carts / very fast / you go  
and go very fast with your carts lightly loaded.

*mā yoggāni kilamethā ti.*  
do not / oxen / tire / (end-quote)  
Do not tire your oxen."

*atha kho so satthavāho satthike āmantesi:*  
then / indeed / this / caravan leader / caravan merchants / addressed  
Then the caravan leader addressed the caravan merchants:

*ayaṃ bho puriso evam āha:*  
this / friend / man / thus / said  
"This man has told me:

*purato kantāre mahā-megho abhippavaṭṭo,*  
ahead / in the wilderness / great-cloud / heavy rain  
"There is much rain in the wilderness ahead,

*āsitt-todakāni vaṭumāni, bahum tiṇaṅ ca kaṭṭhaṅ ca udakaṅ ca,*  
poured-water / roads / much / grass / and / firewood / and / water /  
and  
the roads are covered in water and there is plenty of grass, firewood and  
water.

*chaddetha bho purāṇāni tiṇāni kaṭṭhāni udakāni,*  
throw away / friend / old / grass / firewood / water  
Throw away your old grass, firewood and water,

*lahu-bhārehi sakaṭehi sīghaṃ sīghaṃ gacchatha,*  
light-load / with carts / very fast / you go  
and go very fast with your carts lightly loaded.

*mā yoggāni kilamethā ti.*  
do not / oxen / tire / (end-quote)  
Do not tire your oxen.'

*ayaṃ kho bho puriso n' ev' amhākaṃ mitto na pi ñāti-sālohito, kathaṃ mayaṃ  
imassa saddhāya gamissāma.*

This / indeed / fellow / man / not / even / our / friend / not / also /  
kinsman-relative / why / we / on this / faith / we will go  
Indeed this man is not even our friend or blood relation, why should we  
go on his word?

*na kho chaḍḍhetabbāni purāṇāni tiṇāni kaṭṭhāni udakāni, yathākatena bhaṇḍena  
satthaṃ pāyāpetha,*

not / indeed / to be thrown away / old / grass / firewood / water / with  
the usual / load / caravan / set out  
Do not throw away your old grass, firewood and water, and set out your  
caravan with the usual load,

*na no purāṇaṃ chaḍḍessāmā ti.*

not / our / old / we will throw out / (end-quote)  
we will not discard our old load."

*evaṃ bho ti kho te satthikā tassa satthavāhassa paṭissutvā yathākatena bhaṇḍena  
satthaṃ payāpesuṃ.*

yes / friend / (end-quote) / these / caravan merchants / to this / caravan  
leader / having replied / with the usual / load / caravan / they set out

"Yes, friend," the caravan merchants replied to the caravan leader, and  
they set out with their caravans loaded as before.

*te paṭhamehi sattha-vāse na addasaṃsu tiṇaṃ vā kaṭṭhaṃ vā udakaṃ vā,  
they / at the first / caravan-site / not / they saw / grass / or / firewood  
/ or / water / or*

At the first caravan site they did not see any grass, firewood, or water,

*dutiye pi sattha-vāse ..., tatiye pi sattha-vāse ..., catutthe pi sattha-vāse ...,  
pañcame pi sattha-vāse ..., chaṭṭhe pi sattha-vāse ...,*

at the second / too / caravan-site / at the third / too / caravan-site / at  
the fourth / too / caravan-site / at the fifth / too / caravan-site / at the  
sixth / too / caravan-site

nor at the second, nor at the third, nor at the fourth, nor at the fifth, nor at  
the sixth,

*sattame pi sattha-vāse na addasaṃsu tiṇaṃ vā kaṭṭhaṃ vā udakaṃ vā,  
at the seventh / too / caravan-site / not / they saw / grass / or /  
firewood / or / water / or*

nor at the seventh caravan site did they see any grass, firewood, or water.

*tañ ca satthaṃ addasaṃsu anaya-vyasaṇaṃ āpannaṃ.*

that / and / caravan / they saw / misfortune-disaster / fallen upon  
They saw the caravan that had fallen upon misfortune and disaster.

*ye va tasmim̐ satthe ahesum̐ manussā vā pasū vā, tesañ ca aṭṭhikān' eva  
addasaṃsu tena yakkhena amanussena bhakkhitānaṃ.*  
whatever / thus / in this / caravan / there were / men / or / beasts / or  
/ of these / and / bones / thus / they saw / by this / demon / not  
human / of the eaten  
And thus they saw the bones of whatever there were in this caravan, men  
or animals, who had been eaten by a non-human spirit.

*atha kho so satthavāho satthike āmantesi:*  
then / indeed / this / caravan leader / caravan merchants / addressed  
Then the caravan leader addressed the caravan merchants

*ayaṃ kho bho sattho anaya-vyasaṇaṃ āpanno yathā taṃ tena bālena  
satthavāhena pariṇāyakena.*  
this / indeed / fellow / caravan / misfortune-disaster / fallen upon / just  
as / this / by that / foolish / caravan leader / guide  
“This caravan has fallen upon misfortune and disaster due to its foolish  
leader.

*tena hi bho yān' asmākaṃ satthe appa-sārāni paṇiyāni, tāni chaḍḍetvā, yāni  
imasmim̐ satthe mahā-sārāni paṇiyāni tāni ādiyathā ti.*  
so / friend / which / in our / caravan / little-value / commodities /  
those / having thrown away / which / in this / caravan / great-value  
/ commodities / those / take / (end-quote)  
So, friends, throw away those commodities of little value in our caravan,  
and take what is of great value in that caravan.”

*evaṃ bho ti kho te satthikā tassa satthavāhassa paṭissutvā*  
yes / friend / (end-quote) / indeed / these / caravan merchants / to this  
/ caravan leader / having replied  
“Yes, friend,” the caravan merchants replied to the caravan leader,

*yāni sakasmim̐ satthe appa-sārāni paṇiyāni tāni chaḍḍetvā yāni tasmim̐ satthe  
mahā-sārāni paṇiyāni tāni ādiyitvā,*  
which / in their own / caravan / little-value / commodities / those /  
having thrown away / which / in this / caravan / great-value /  
commodities / those / having taken  
and they threw away those commodities of little value in their  
owncaravan, and took what was of great value in that caravan,

*sotthinā taṃ kantāraṃ nitthariṃsu yathā taṃ paṇḍitena satthavāhena  
pariṇāyakena.*  
with safety / that / wilderness / they crossed through / just as / that /  
by the wise / caravan leader / guide  
and so they crossed through the wilderness safely with the wise caravan  
leader guiding them. [D.II.343-6 – xxiii.(Pāyāsi).23]

## Passage 2

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*evaṃ me sutaṃ.*

thus / by me / heard

Thus have I heard.

*ekaṃ samayaṃ bhagavā Māgadhesu cārikaṃ caramāno mahatā bhikkhu-  
saṃghena saddhiṃ yena Khāṇumataṃ nāma Māgadhānaṃ brāhmaṇa-gāmo  
taḍ avasari.*

one / time / the Blessed One / among the Magadhans / journey /  
travelling / great / monk-group / with / towards / Khanumata /  
named / of the Magadhans / Brahmin-village / there / he arrived  
At one time, the Blessed was travelling among the Magadhans with a  
large group of monks and arrived in a Brahmin village of the  
Magadhans, named Khanumata.

*tatra sudam bhagavā Khāṇumate viharati Ambalatthikāyaṃ.*

there / even / Blessed One / in Khanumata / was staying / at  
Ambalatthikaya

And there the Blessed One stayed at Ambalatthika.

*tena kho pana samayena Kūṭadanto brāhmaṇo Khāṇumataṃ ajjhāvasati satt-  
ussadam sa-tiṇa-katth-odakam sa-dhaññaṃ raja-bhoggaṃ raññā Māgadhena  
Seniyena Bimbisārena dinnam raja-dāyam brahmadeyyam.*

at that / indeed / then / time / Kutadanta / Brahmin / in Khanumata /  
inhabited / beings-abundance / with-grass-timber-water / with-grain  
/ royal-property / by the king / Magadhan / Seniya / Bimbisara /  
given / royal-gift / grant

Then at that time the Brahmin Kutadanta inhabited Khanumata, a  
populous place with grass, timber, water and grain, crown-property  
that had been given as a royal gift and grant by the Magadhan king  
Seniya Bimbisara.

*tena kho pana samayena Kūṭadanto brāhmaṇo upari pāsāde divāseyyam upagato  
hoti.*

at that / indeed / then / time / Kutadanta / Brahmin / upon / palace /  
day bed / gone up / is

Now the Brahmin Kutadanta had gone up to his day bed on his palace  
balcony.

*addasā kho Kūṭadanto brāhmaṇo Khāṇumatake brāhmaṇa-gahapatike  
Khāṇumatā nikkhamitvā saṃghāsaṃghī-gaṇībhūte yena Ambalatthikā ten'  
upasamkamante.*

he saw / indeed / Kutadanta / Brahmin / Khanumatikan / Brahmin-  
householders / Khanumata / having departed / in groups-crowded  
together / towards / Ambalatthika / there / approaching  
And the Brahmin Kutadanta saw Brahmin householders from Khanumata  
crowded together in groups approaching Ambalatthika.

*disvā khattaṃ āmantesi: kin nu kho bho khatte Khānumatakā brāhmaṇa-  
gahapatikā Khānumatā nikkhamitvā saṃghāsamghī-gaṇībhūtā yena  
Ambalaṭṭhikā ten' upasaṃkamantī ti.*

having seen / steward / he addressed / what / is it / indeed / sir /  
steward / Khanumatikan / Brahmin-householders / Khanumata /  
having departed / in groups-crowded together / towards /  
Ambalatthika / there / approaching / (end-quote)

Having seen them he asked his steward: Sir, why are the Brahmin  
householders from Khanumata crowded together in groups  
approaching Ambalatthika?"

*atthi kho bho samaṇo Gotamo Sakya-putto Sakya-kulā pabbajito.*

there is / indeed / sir / ascetic / Gotama / Sakyan-son / from the  
Sakyan-clan / gone forth

Sir, there is an ascetic Gotama, son of the Sakyans, gone forth from the  
Sakyan clan.

*Māgadhesu cārikaṃ caramāno mahatā bhikkhusaṃghena saddhiṃ anuppatto  
Khānumate viharati Ambalaṭṭhikāyaṃ.*

among the Magadhans / journey / travelling / great / monk-group /  
with / arrived / Khanumata / he is staying / at Ambalatthika

He was travelling among the Magadhans with a large group of monks  
and arrived in Khanumata and is staying at Ambalatthika.

*taṃ ete bhavantaṃ Gotamaṃ dassanāya upasaṃkamantī ti.*

so / they / venerable / Gotama / for the seeing / approaching / (end-  
quote)

So they are coming to meet this venerable Gotama."

*atha kho Kūṭadantassa brāhmaṇassa etad ahoṣi:*

then / indeed / to Kutadanta / the Brahmin / thus / it was  
Then the Brahmin Kutadanta thought to himself:

*sutaṃ kho pana m' etaṃ: samaṇo Gotamo tividha-yañña-sampadaṃ jānātī ti.*

heard / indeed / but / by me / this / ascetic / Gotama / triple-sacrifice-  
success / he knows / (end-quote)

"I have heard that the ascetic Gotama knows how to successfully conduct  
the triple sacrifice.

*na kho panāhaṃ jānāmi tividhaṃ-yañña-sampadaṃ icchāmi cāhaṃ mahā-  
yaññaṃ yajitum.*

not / indeed / but I / I know / triple-sacrifice-success / I wish / and I /  
great-sacrifice / to sacrifice

But I don't know how to successfully conduct the triple sacrifice, and I  
wish to make a great sacrifice.

*yan nūnāhaṃ samaṇaṃ Gotamaṃ upasaṃkamitvā tividha-yañña-sampadaṃ  
puccheyyān ti.*

which / is it not I / ascetic / Gotama / having approached / triple-  
sacrifice-success / I ask / (end-quote)

Why don't I approach the ascetic Gotama and ask him how to successfully  
conduct the triple sacrifice?"

*atha kho Kūṭadanto brāhmaṇo khattaṃ āmantesi:*

then / indeed / Kutadanta / the Brahmin / steward / addressed  
Then the Brahmin Kutadanta addressed his steward:

*tena hi bho khatte yena Khāṇumatakā brāhmaṇa-gahapatikā ten' upasaṃkama,*  
well then / sir / steward / towards / Khanumatakan / Brahmin-  
householders / there / approach

"Well then, my good man, approach these Brahmin householders of  
Khanumataka,

*upasaṃkamitvā Khāṇumatake brāhmaṇa-gahapatike evaṃ vadehi: Kūṭadanto bho  
brāhmaṇo evaṃ āha:*

having approached / Khanumatakan / Brahmin-householders / thus /  
say / Kutadanta / sir / Brahmin / thus / said

and tell them that the Brahmin Kutadanta said this:

*āgamentu kira bhavanto, Kūṭadanto pi brāhmaṇo samaṇaṃ Gotamaṃ dassanāya  
upasaṃkamissatī ti.*

may they wait / really / gentlemen / Kutadanta / too / Brahmin /  
wanderer / Gotama / to see / he will approach / (end-quote)

"Please wait, gentlemen, the Brahmin Kutadanta will go to see the  
wanderer Gotama too."

*evaṃ bho ti kho so khattā Kūṭadantassa brāhmaṇassa paṭissutvā*

yes / sir / (end-quote) / indeed / this / steward / to Kutadanta / the  
Brahmin / having replied

"Yes, sir," the steward replied to Kutadanta the Brahmin,

*yena Khāṇumatakā brāhmaṇa-gahapatikā ten' upasaṃkama,*

towards / Khanumatakan / Brahmin-householders / there / he  
approached

and he approached the Brahmin householders of Khanumataka,

*upasaṃkamitvā Khāṇumatake brāhmaṇa-gahapatike evaṃ vadehi: Kūṭadanto bho  
brāhmaṇo evaṃ āha:*

having approached / Khanumatakan / Brahmin-householders / thus / he  
said / Kutadanta / sir / Brahmin / thus / said

and told them that the Brahmin Kutadanta said this:



*āgamentu kira bhavanto, Kūṭadanto pi brāhmaṇo samaṇaṃ Gotamaṃ dassanāya upasaṃkamissatī ti.*

may they wait / really / gentlemen / Kutadanta / too / Brahmin / wanderer / Gotama / to see / he will approach / (end-quote)

“Please wait, gentlemen, the Brahmin Kutadanta will go to see the wanderer Gotama too.”

*tena kho pana samayena anekāni brāhmaṇa-satāni Khāṇumate paṭivasanti:*

*Kūṭadantassa brāhmaṇassa mahā-yaññaṃ anubhavissāmā ti.*

at that / indeed / time / many / Brahmin-hundreds / in Khanumata / they were living / of Kutadanta / the Brahmin / great-sacrifice / we will participate / (end-quote)

Now at that time many hundreds of Brahmins were living in Khanumata in order to participate in the Brahmin Kutadanta’s great sacrifice,

*assosum kho te brāhmaṇā: Kūṭadanto kira brāhmaṇo samaṇaṃ Gotamaṃ dassanāya upasaṃkamissatī ti.*

they heard / indeed / these / Brahmins / Kutadanta / really / Brahmin / wanderer / Gotama / to see / he will approach / (end-quote)

and these Brahmins heard that the Brahmin Kutadanta would go to see the wanderer Gotama.

*atha kho te brāhmaṇā yena Kūṭadanto brāhmaṇo ten’ upasaṃkamiṃsu, upasaṃkamitvā Kūṭadantaṃ brāhmaṇaṃ etad avocum:*

then / indeed / these / brahmins / towards / Kutadanta / the Brahmin / there / they approached / having approached / Kutadanta / the Brahmin / thus / they said

Then these Brahmins approached the Brahmin Kutadanta and said to him:

*saccaṃ kira bhavaṃ Kūṭadanto samaṇaṃ Gotamaṃ dassanāya upasaṃkamissatī ti.*

true / really / honourable / Kutadanta / wanderer / Gotama / to see / he will approach / (end-quote)

“Is it really true that the honourable Kutadanta will go to see the wanderer Gotama?”

*evaṃ kho me bho hoti: aham pi samaṇaṃ Gotamaṃ dassanāya upasaṃkamissāmī ti.*

thus / indeed / for me / sirs / it is / I / too / wanderer / Gotama / to see / I will approach / (end-quote)

“Yes, gentlemen, indeed it is so: I will go to see the wanderer Gotama.”

*mā bhavaṃ Kūṭadanto samaṇaṃ Gotamaṃ dassanāya upasaṃkami, na arahati bhavaṃ Kūṭadanto samaṇaṃ Gotamaṃ dassanāya upasaṃkमितुṃ.*

do not / honourable / Kutadanta / wanderer / Gotama / to see / approach / not / it is fitting / honourable / Kutadanta / wanderer / Gotama / to see / to approach

“May the honourable Kutadanta not go to see the wanderer Gotama, it is not fitting that the honourable Kutadanta go to see the wanderer Gotama.

*sace bhavaṃ Kūṭadanto samaṇaṃ Gotamaṃ dassanāya upasaṅkamissati, bhoto Kūṭadantassa yaso hāyissati, samaṇassa Gotamassa yaso abhivaḍḍhissati.*  
if / honourable / Kutadanta / wanderer / Gotama / to see / he will approach / of the honourable / Kutadanta / fame / will diminish / of the wanderer / Gotama / fame / approach  
If the honourable Kutadanta goes to see the wanderer Gotama, then the honourable Kutadanta's fame will diminish. and the wanderer Gotama's fame will increase.

*yam pi bhoto Kūṭadantassa yaso hāyissati, samaṇassa Gotamassa yaso abhivaḍḍhissati, iminā p' aṅgena na arahati bhavaṃ Kūṭadanto samaṇaṃ Gotamaṃ dassanāya upasaṅkमितुṃ.*  
which / and / of the honourable / Kutadanta / fame / will diminish / of the wanderer / Gotama / fame / approach / by this / quality / not / it is fitting / honourable / Kutadanta / wanderer / Gotama / to see / to approach  
This being the case, it is not fitting that the honourable Kutadanta go to see the wanderer Gotama.

*samaṇo tv' eva Gotamo arahati bhavantaṃ Kūṭadantaṃ dassanāya upasaṅkमितुṃ ti.*  
wanderer / Gotama / but / it is fitting / honourable / Kutadanta / to see / to approach / (end-quote)  
Rather, it is the ascetic Gotama who should come to see the honourable Kutadanta."

*evaṃ vutte Kūṭadanto brāhmaṇo te brāhmaṇe etad avoca:*  
thus / having been said / Kutadanta / the Brahmin / this / said  
When this was said, the Brahmin Kutadanta said:

*tena hi bho mama pi suṇātha yathā mayam eva arahāma taṃ bhavantaṃ Gotamaṃ dassanāya upasaṅkमितुṃ,*  
well then / sir / to me / too / listen / how / we / thus / are fitting / this / honourable / Gotama / to see / to approach  
"Well then, gentlemen, listen to me as to how it is fitting that we go to see the honourable Gotama,

*na tv' eva arahati so bhavaṃ Gotamo amhākaṃ dassanāya upasaṅkमितुṃ.*  
not / definitely / it is fitting / the / honourable / Gotama / us / to see / to approach  
and it is definitely not fitting that the honourable Gotama come to see us.

*samaṇo khalu bho Gotamo Khāṇumataṃ anuppatto, Khāṇumate viharati Ambalaṭṭhikāyaṃ.*  
the wanderer / indeed / Gotama / Khanumata / arrived / in Khanumata / is living / at Ambalattika  
The wanderer Gotama has arrived in Khanumata and is living here at Ambalattika,

*ye kho pana ke ci samaṇā vā brāhmaṇā vā amhākaṃ gāma-kkhettaṃ āgacchanti  
atithī no te honti.*

which / indeed / then / whatever / wanderers / or / Brahmins / or / us  
/ village-field / they come / guests / our / they / are  
and whatever wanderers or Brahmins come to our village territory are  
our guests.

*atithī kho pan' amhehi sakkātabbā garukātabbā mānetabbā pūjetabbā.*  
guests / indeed / then / by us / should be entertained / should be shown  
respect / should be revered / should be honoured  
Indeed guests should be entertained, shown respect, revered and  
honoured by us.

*yam pi bho samaṇo Gotamo Khāṇumataṃ anuppatto Khāṇumate viharati  
Ambalaṭṭhikāyaṃ atith' amhākaṃ samaṇo Gotamo.*  
since / and / sir / the wanderer / Gotama / Khanumata / arrived / in  
Khanumata / is living / at Ambalatthika / guest / our / the wanderer  
/ Gotama

And since, gentlemen, the wanderer Gotama has arrived in Khanumata  
and is living here at Ambalatthika, then he is our guest,

*atithi kho pan' amhehi sakkātabbo garukātabbo mānetabbo pūjetabbo.*  
guest / indeed / then / by us / should be entertained / should be shown  
respect / should be revered / should be honoured  
and a guest should be entertained, shown respect, revered and honoured  
by us.

*iminā p' aṅgena na arahati so bhavaṃ Gotamo amhākaṃ dassanāya  
upasaṃkamtun, atha kho mayam eva arahāma taṃ bhavantaṃ Gotamaṃ  
dassanāya upasaṃkamtun ti.*  
by this / and / quality / not / it is fitting / the / honourable / Gotama /  
us / to see / to approach / then / indeed / we / thus / are fitting / this  
/ honourable / Gotama / to see / to approach / (end-quote)  
And thus it is not fitting that the honourable Gotama come to see us, but  
rather it is fitting that we go to see the honourable Gotama."

*atha kho Kūṭadanto brāhmaṇo mahatā brāhmaṇa-gaṇena saddhiṃ yena  
Ambalaṭṭhikā yena bhagavā ten' upasaṃkami,*  
then / indeed / Kutadanta / the Brahmin / with a great / Brahmin-group  
/ with / towards / Ambalatthika / towards / the Blessed One / there /  
he approached  
Then the Brahmin Kutadanta with a large group of Brahmins went to  
Ambalatthika and approached the Blessed One,

*upasaṃkamtivā bhagavatā saddhiṃ sammodi sammodaṇīyaṃ kathaṃ sārāṇīyaṃ  
vītisāretvā ekamantaṃ nisīdi.*  
having approached / with the Blessed One / with / exchanged greetings  
/ agreeable / speech / polite / having greeted / one side / he sat  
then he greeted the Blessed One, exchanged agreeable and polite talk with  
him, then sat down at one side.

*ekamantaṃ nisinno kho Kūṭadanto brāhmaṇo bhagavantaṃ etad avoca:*  
on one side / sitting / indeed / Kutadanta / the Brahmin / to the Blessed  
One / this / said  
Sitting on one side, the Brahmin Kutadanta said this to the Blessed One:

*sutaṃ m' etaṃ bho Gotamo tividha-yañña-sampadaṃ jānātī ti.*  
heard / by me / this / sir / Gotama / triple-sacrifice-success / he knows /  
(end-quote)  
“I have heard that master Gotama knows how to successfully conduct the  
triple sacrifice.

*na kho panāhaṃ jānāmi tividha-yañña-sampadaṃ icchāmi cāhaṃ mahā-yaññaṃ  
yajitum.*  
not / indeed / then I / I know / triple-sacrifice-success / I wish / and I /  
great-sacrifice / to sacrifice  
I don't know how to successfully conduct the triple sacrifice, and I wish to  
make a great sacrifice.

*sādhu me bhavaṃ Gotamo tividha-yañña-sampadaṃ desetū ti.*  
good / to me / honourable / Gotama / triple-sacrifice-success / may he  
teach / (end-quote)  
It would be good if the honourable Gotama would teach the successful  
conduct of the triple sacrifice to me.”

*tena hi brāhmaṇa suṇohi bhāsissāmī ti.*  
Well then / Brahmin / listen / I will speak / (end-quote)  
“Well then, Brahmin, listen and I will speak.”

*evaṃ bho ti kho Kūṭadanto brāhmaṇo bhagavato paccassosi.*  
thus / sir / (end-quote) / Kutadanta / the Brahmin / to the Blessed One /  
he replied  
“Yes, sir,” the Brahmin Kutadanta replied to the Blessed One.

*bhagavā etad avoca:*  
Blessed One / thus / spoke  
The Blessed One said this:

*bhūtapubbaṃ brāhmaṇa rājā Mahāvijito nāma ahoṣi, addho maha-ddhano mahā-  
bhogo pahūta-jātarūpa-rajato pahūta-vitt-ūpakaraṇo pahūta-dhana-dhañño  
paripuṇṇa-kosa-koṭṭhāgāro.*  
in the past / Brahmin / king Mahavijita / named / there was / rich /  
great-wealth / great-property / much-gold-silver / much-pleasure-  
resources / much-wealth-grain / full-treasury-granary  
“Brahmin, once there was a king named Mahavijita, who was exceedingly  
rich, with much property, gold, silver, pleasure-resources, wealth and  
grain, with treasury and granary completely full.

*atha kho brāhmaṇa rañño Mahāvijitassa rahogatassa paṭisallīnassa evaṃ cetaso parivittakko udapādi:*

then / indeed / Brahmin / of the king / Mahavijita / alone / secluded / thus / in the mind / idea / arose

Then, Brahmin, this idea arose in the mind of King Mahavijita when he was alone and secluded:

*adhigatā kho me vipulā mānusakā bhogā, mahantaṃ paṭhavi-maṇḍalaṃ abhivijīya ajjhāvasāmi.*

achieved / indeed / by me / much / human / property / great / earth-circle / having conquered / I live on

‘I have achieved great material wealth, and having conquered a great circle of land, I live on it.

*yan nūnāhaṃ mahā-yaññaṃ yajeyyaṃ, yaṃ mama assa dīgharattaṃ hitāya sukhāyā ti.*

which / is it not I / great-sacrifice / I sacrifice / which / for me / would be / for a long time / for welfare / for happiness / (end-quote)

Why don’t I make a great sacrifice which will be for my welfare and happiness for a long time?’

*atha kho brāhmaṇa rājā Mahāvijite purohitaṃ brāhmaṇaṃ āmantapetvā etad avoca:*

then / indeed / Brahmin / king / Mahavijita / priest / Brahmin / having summoned / this / said

Then, Brahmin, King Mahavijita summoned his high-priest and said to him:

*idha mayhaṃ brāhmaṇa rahogatassa paṭisallīnassa evaṃ cetaso parivittakko udapādi:*

here / to me / Brahmin / alone / secluded / thus / in the mind / idea / arose

‘Here, Brahmin, while alone and secluded this idea came to me:

*adhigato me vipulā mānusakā bhogā, mahantaṃ paṭhavi-maṇḍalaṃ abhivijīya ajjhāvasāmi.*

achieved / by me / much / human / property / great / earth-circle / having conquered / I exploit

‘I have achieved great material wealth, and having conquered a great circle of land, I exploit it.

*yan nūnāhaṃ mahā-yaññaṃ yajeyyaṃ, yaṃ mama assa dīgharattaṃ hitāya sukhāyā ti.*

which / is it not I / great-sacrifice / I sacrifice / which / for me / would be / for a long time / for welfare / for happiness / (end-quote)

Why don’t I make a great sacrifice which will be for my welfare and happiness for a long time?’

*icchāmi ahaṃ brāhmaṇa mahā-yaññaṃ yajitum.*

I wish / I / Brahmin / great-sacrifice / to make a sacrifice  
Brahmin, I wish to make a great sacrifice.

*anusāsatu maṃ bhavaṃ yaṃ mama assa dīgharattaṃ hitāya sukhāyā ti.*  
Instruct / me / honourable sir / which / for me / would be / for a long  
time / for welfare / for happiness / (end-quote)  
Instruct me, honourable sir, in what will be for my welfare and happiness  
for a long time.'

*evaṃ vutte brāhmaṇa purohito brāhmaṇo rājānaṃ Mahāvijitaṃ etad avoca:*  
this / having been said / Brahmin / priest / Brahmin / king / Mahavijita  
/ this / said  
After this was said, Brahmin, the high-priest said to King Mahavijita:

*bhoto kho rañño janapado sa-kaṇṭako sa-uppīḷo, gāma-ghātā pi dissanti nigama-*  
*ghātā pi dissanti nagara-ghātā pi dissanti pantha-duhanā pi dissanti.*  
of the honourable / indeed / of the king / country / with-thief / with-  
oppression / village-destruction / and / there appears / town-  
destruction / and / there appears / city-destruction / and / there  
appears / road-robbery / and / there appears /  
'Your majesty's kingdom is filled with thieves and oppression, and  
destruction of villages, towns, and cities, and highway-robbery is  
manifest.'

*bhavañ ce kho pana rājā evaṃ sa-kaṇṭake janapade sa-upapīḷe balim uddhareyya,*  
*akiccakārī assa tena bhavaṃ rājā.*  
honourable / if / indeed / then / king / this / with-thief / in the country  
/ with-oppression / tax / would collect / what should not be done / it  
would be / by this / honourable / king  
If then your majesty would raise taxes in this country filled with thieves  
and oppression, this would be acting wrongly.

*siyā kho pana bhoto rañño evaṃ assa:*  
suppose / indeed / then / to the honourable / king / thus / it would be  
Suppose that your majesty would think:

*aham etaṃ dassu-khīlaṃ vadhena vā bandhena vā jāniyā vā garahāya vā*  
*pabbājanāya vā samūhanissāmī ti,*  
I / this / robber-territory / by execution / or / by imprisonment / or /  
by deprivation / or / by threat / or / by banishment / or / I will  
suppress / (end-quote)  
"I will suppress this robber territory by execution, imprisonment,  
deprivation, threats, or banishment,"

*na kho pan' etassa dassu-khīlassa evaṃ sammā samugghāto hoti.*  
Not / indeed / then / of this / robber-territory / thus / rightly /  
suppressed / it is  
then this robber territory would not thus be rightly suppressed.

*ye te hatāvasesakā bhavissanti, te pacchā rañño janapadaṃ viheṭhessanti.*  
who / those / survivors / they will be / those / afterwards / of the king  
/ country / they will harass  
Whoever will survive will harass the king's country afterwards.

*api ca kho idaṃ saṃvidhānaṃ āgamma evaṃ etassa dassu-khīlassa sammā  
samugghāto hoti.*  
however / and / indeed / this / arrangement / happened / thus / of this  
/ robber-territory / rightly / suppressed / it is  
However with the following policy in place the robber territory would be  
rightly suppressed.

*tena hi bhavaṃ rājā ye bhoto rañño janapade ussahanti kasi-gorakkhe tesam  
bhavaṃ rājā bīja-bhattaṃ anuppadetu,*  
well then / honourable / king / who / of the honourable / king / in the  
country / they try / cultivation-cattle breeding / to these / honourable  
/ king / seed-rice / may he distribute  
So, your majesty, to those in the honourable king's country who are  
engaged in agriculture or cattle raising, may your majesty distribute  
seeds and food;

*ye bhoto rañño janapade ussahanti vaṇijjāya tesam bhavaṃ rājā pābhattaṃ  
anuppadetu,*  
who / of the honourable / king / in the country / they try / trade / to  
these / honourable / king / capital / may he distribute  
to those in the honourable king's country who are engaged in trade, may  
your majesty distribute capital;

*ye bhoto rañño janapade ussahanti rāja-porise tesam bhavaṃ rājā bhatta-vetanaṃ  
pakappatu,*  
who / of the honourable / king / in the country / they try / king-service  
/ to these / honourable / king / rice-wages / may he distribute  
to those, your majesty, in the honourable king's country who are  
engaged in service to the king, may your majesty distribute food and  
wages;

*te ca manussā sa-kamma-pasutā rañño janapadaṃ na viheṭhessanti, mahā ca  
rañño rāsiko bhavissati, khema-tṭhitā janapadā akaṇṭakā anuppilā*  
those / and / men / own-action-intent on / of the king / country / not /  
they will harass / great / and / of the king / accumulation / there will  
be / safe-stable / countries / not thieves / not oppressed  
so, these people who are intent on their own business will not harass the  
king's country, and the king's revenue will be great, and the lands  
peaceful and stable, without thieves or oppression,

*manussā ca mudā modamānā ure putte naccantā a-pāruta-gharā maññe  
viharissanti ti.*  
men / and / happy / rejoicing / on bosom / sons / dancing / not-veiled-  
house / I believe / they will live / (end-quote)  
and I believe the people will be happy and rejoicing, dancing with their  
children in their laps, and will live in unlocked houses.'" [D.I.127-35 –  
v.(Kūṭadanta).1,3-11]

## Passage 3

p. 150

*jāte kho pana bhikkhave Vipassimhi kumāre, Bandhumato rañño paṭivedesum:*

*putto te deva jāto, taṃ devo passatu ti.*

on the birth / indeed / monks / on Vipassi / prince / Bandhuma / to the king / they announced / son / to you / lord / born / him / lord / may you look / (end-quote)

Monks, when Prince Vipassi was born, they announced to King

Bandhuma: "Lord, a son has been born to you. Please look at him."

*addasā kho bhikkhave Bandhumā rājā Vipassī-kumāraṃ, disvā nemitte brāhmaṇe*

*āmantāpetvā etad avoca:*

saw / indeed / monks / Bandhuma / king / Vipassi-prince / having seen / sign / brahmins / having summoned / thus / he said

So, monks, King Bandhuma looked at Prince Vipassi, and on seeing him, he summoned his Brahmins skilled in divination, and said to them:

*passantu bhonto nemittā brāhmaṇā kumāraṃ ti.*

May you see / sirs / sign / brahmins / prince / (end-quote)

Sirs, please look at the prince."

*addasāsūṃ kho bhikkhave nemittā brāhmaṇā Vipassī-kumāraṃ, disvā*

*Bandhumantaṃ rājānaṃ etad avocum:*

they saw / indeed / monks / sign / brahmins / Vipassi-prince / having seen / Bandhuma / king / this / they said

So, monks, the diviner brahmins looked at Prince Vipassi, and when they had done so, they said to King Bandhuma:

*attamano deva hohi, mahesakkho te deva putto uppanno.*

delighted / lord / may you be / superior / to you / lord / son / arisen

"Lord, may you be delighted; a superior son has been born to you.

*sace agāraṃ ajjhāvasati, rājā hoti cakkavattī dhammiko dhamma-rājā.*

if / house / inhabits / king / he is / wheel-turning / righteous / dhamma-king

If he remains a householder, he will become a righteous, wheel-turning Dhamma-king.

*sace kho pana agārasmā anagāriyaṃ pabbajati, arahaṃ hoti sammā sambuddho ti.*

if / indeed / then / from home / to homelessness / he goes forth / arahant / he is / fully / enlightened / (end-quote)

But if he goes forth from home to homelessness, then he will be an arahant, a fully enlightened one."



*atha kho bhikkhave Bandhumā rājā nemitte brāhmaṇe ahatehi vatthehi  
acchādāpetvā sabbakāmehi santappesi.*

then / indeed / monks / Bandhuma / king / sign / brahmins / new /  
clothes / having caused to be clothed / with all desires / he satisfied  
Then, monks, King Bandhuma had the diviner brahmins clothed in new  
clothes, and satisfied all their desires.

*atha kho bhikkhave Bandhumā rājā Vipassissa kumārassa tayo pāsāde kārāpesi,  
ekaṃ vassikaṃ ekaṃ hemantikaṃ ekaṃ gimhikaṃ, pañca kāma-guṇāni  
upaṭṭhāpesi.*

then / indeed / monks / Bandhuma / king / for Vipassi / for the prince /  
three / palaces / he had made / one / for the rainy season / one / for  
winter / one / for the summer / five / pleasure-strands / it is provided

Also, monks, King Bandhuma had three palaces built for Prince Vipassi,  
one for the rainy season, one for winter, and one for summer, and  
provided for him the five strands of sensual pleasure. [D.II.16,19,21 –  
*xiv.(Mahāpadāna).1.31,33,38]*

## Exercise 19

### English into Pali

p. 151

*“O monks, I will teach you the doctrine having-a-raft-as-simile (bahubbīhi: raft-simile), for-the-purpose-of-crossing over, not (emphatic: no) for-the-purpose-of-keeping.*

bhikkhave / desissāmi / vo / dhammaṃ / kulla-upamaṃ / nittharaṇa-atthāya / no / gahaṇa-atthāya  
kullūpamaṃ vo bhikkhave dhammaṃ desissāmi nittharaṇatthāya no  
gahaṇatthāya.

*Just like a man who-had-followed-a-road:*

seyyatha-api / puriso / addhāna-magga-paṭipanno  
seyyathāpi puriso addhānamaggapaṭipanno,

*he might see a great flood-of-water, the nearer shore with-fear, with-danger, the further shore secure, without-danger,*

so / passeyya / mahantaṃ / udaka-aṇṇavaṃ / orimaṃ / tīraṃ / sa-asaṅkaṃ / sa-(p)paṭibhayaṃ / pārimaṃ / tīraṃ / khemaṃ / a-(p)paṭibhayaṃ

so passeyya mahantaṃ udakāṇṇavaṃ, orimaṃ tīraṃ sāsaṅkaṃ  
sappaṭibhayaṃ, pārimaṃ tīraṃ khemaṃ appaṭibhayaṃ,

*and there might not be a boat or a causeway for going from hither across, - he would have (the thought) thus:*

ca / assa / na / nāvā / santāraṇī / uttara-setu / vā / gamanāya / apārā / pāraṃ / tassa / assa / evam

na c’ assa nāvā santāraṇī uttarasetu vā apārā pāraṃ gamanāya, tassa evam  
assa:

*“Indeed this flood-of-water (is) great, and the nearer shore (is) with-fear, with-danger, the further shore secure, without-danger,*

kho / ayaṃ / udaka-aṇṇavo / mahā / ca / orimaṃ / tīraṃ / sa-asaṅkaṃ / sa-(p)paṭibhayaṃ / pārimaṃ / tīraṃ / khemaṃ / a-(p)paṭibhayaṃ  
ayaṃ kho mahā udakāṇṇavo, orimaṃ ca tīraṃ sāsaṅkaṃ sappaṭibhayaṃ,  
pārimaṃ tīraṃ khemaṃ appaṭibhayaṃ,

*and there isn’t a boat or a causeway for going from hither across.*

ca / natthi / nāvā / vā / santāraṇī / uttarasetu / gamanāya / apārā / pāraṃ

natthi ca nāvā santāraṇī uttarasetu vā apārā pāraṃ gamanāya.

*What now if I, having collected grass-firewood-branches-and-foliage,*

yaṃ / nū-na / ahaṃ / saṅkaḍḍhitvā / tiṇa-katṭha-sākhā-palāsaṃ  
yannūnāhaṃ tiṇakatṭhasākhāpalāsaṃ saṅkaḍḍhitvā,

*having bound a raft, depending on that raft, should cross thither safely?"*  
bandhitvā / kullaṃ / nissāya / taṃ / kullaṃ / uttareyyan / pāraṃ /  
sotthinā / (iti)

kullaṃ bandhitvā taṃ kullaṃ nissāya, sotthinā pāraṃ uttareyyanti.

*Then, indeed (kho), (monks,) that man, having collected grass-firewood-  
branches-and-foliage,*

atha / kho / bhikkhave / so / puriso / saṅkaḍḍhitvā / tiṇa-kaṭṭha-sākhā-  
palāsaṃ

atha kho so bhikkhave puriso tiṇakaṭṭhasākhāpalāsaṃ saṅkaḍḍhitvā,

*having bound a raft, depending on that raft, would cross thither safely.*

bandhitvā / kullaṃ / nissāya / taṃ / kullaṃ / uttareyya / pāraṃ /  
sotthinā

kullaṃ bandhitvā taṃ kullaṃ nissāya, sotthinā pāraṃ uttareyya.

*Crossed, gone-thither (past participles), he might have (the thought) thus:*

uttiṇṇassa / pāraṃ-gatassa / tassa / assa / evaṃ  
tassa uttiṇṇassa pāraṅgatassa evamassa:

*"Indeed this raft (is) very useful (to me).*

kho / ayaṃ / kullo / bahukāro / me  
bahukāro kho me ayaṃ kullo.

*What now if, having put ("mounted") this raft on my head, I should go away?"*

yaṃ / nū-na / ahaṃ / āropetvā / imaṃ / kullaṃ / sīse / pakkameyyan  
/ (iti)

yannūnāhaṃ imaṃ kullaṃ sīse āropetvā pakkameyyanti.

*What do you think (of) that, monks?*

kiṃ / maññaṭṭha / taṃ / bhikkhave  
taṃ kiṃ maññaṭṭha bhikkhave.

*Perhaps (api) that man thus-doing (-kārin, bahubbīhi) (with reference) to that  
raft (loc.) would be doing-what-should-be-done (nu)?"*

api / so / puriso / evaṃ-kārī / tasmim / kulle / kicca-kārī / assa / nu / (iti)

api nu so puriso evaṃkārī tasmim kulle kiccakārī assāti?

*"Indeed not (no h') this, sir (bhante)!" ...*

hi / no / etaṃ / bhante  
no h'etaṃ bhante.

*In this connection, monks, that man, crossed, gone thither, might have (the  
thought) thus:*

idha / bhikkhave / tassa / purisassa / pāraṅgatassa / assa / evaṃ  
idha bhikkhave tassa purisassa pāraṅgatassa evamassa:

“... What now (if), having lifted this raft on to (dry) land, I should go away (?)”  
yaṃ / nū-na / ussādetvā / imaṃ / kullaṃ / thale / ahaṃ /  
pakkameyyan / (iti)  
yannūnāhaṃ imaṃ kullaṃ thale ussādetvā pakkameyyanti.

*Thus-doing, indeed, that man would be doing-what-should-be-done with (loc.)  
that raft.*

evaṃ-kārī / kho / so / puriso / assa / kicca-kārī / tasmim / kulle  
evaṃkārī kho so puriso tasmim kulle kiccakārī assa.

*Likewise, indeed, monks, the doctrine is taught by me having-a-raft-as-simile, for-  
the-purpose-of-crossing over, not for-the-purpose-of-keeping.*

evameva / kho / bhikkhave / dhammo / desito / mayā / kulla-upamo /  
nittharaṇ-atthāya / no / gahaṇ-atthāya  
evameva kho bhikkhave kullūpamo mayā dhammo desito  
nittharaṇatthāya no gahaṇatthāya.

*By your (vo) learning (present participle, instrumental plural) the raft-simile,  
monks, even good mental phenomena (are) to be given up by you (vo), how  
much more so bad mental phenomena.”*

vo / ājānantehi / kulla-upamaṃ / bhikkhave / api / dhammā /  
pahātabbā / vo / pageva / a-dhammā  
kullūpamaṃ vo bhikkhave ājānantehi, dhammā pi vo pahātabbā, pageva  
adhammā. [M.I.134-5 – xxii.(Alagaddūpama).13-4]

## Exercise 20

### Passages for Reading

#### Passage 1

p. 164

*atha kho bhikkhave Vipassī kumāro bahunnaṃ vassānaṃ bahunnaṃ vassa-  
satānaṃ bahunnaṃ vassa-sahassānaṃ accayena sārathiṃ āmantesi:*  
then / indeed / monks / Vipassī / prince / many / rains / many / rains-  
hundreds / many / rains-thousands / after the lapse of / charioteer /  
addressed

Then, monks, after many years, many hundreds of years, many  
thousands of years, Prince Vipassī addressed his charioteer:

*yojehi samma sārathi bhaddāni bhaddāni yānāni, uyyāna-bhūmiṃ gacchāma  
bhūmiṃ dassanāyā ti.*  
harness / my dear / charioteer / very good / carriages / park-place / we  
go / place / to see / (end-quote)  
“My dear charioteer, harness the very best carriages. We will go to the  
pleasure park to inspect it.”

*evaṃ devā ti kho bhikkhave sārathi Vipassissa kumārassa paṭissutvā bhaddāni  
bhaddāni yānāni yojāpetvā Vipassissa kumārassa paṭivedesi:*  
yes / lord / (end-quote) / indeed / monks / charioteer / to Vipassī / to  
prince / having replied / very good / carriages / having harnessed /  
to Vipassī / to prince / he announced  
Then, monks, the charioteer replied “Yes, lord” to Prince Vipassī,  
harnessed the very best carriages, and announced to him:

*yuttāni kho te deva bhaddāni bhaddāni yānāni, yassa dāni kālaṃ maññasī ti.*  
yoked / indeed / your / lord / very good / carriages / of which / then /  
time / you deem / (end-quote)  
“Lord, your very best carriages are harnessed. Now do as you wish.”

*atha kho bhikkhave Vipassī kumāro bhaddaṃ yānaṃ abhirūhitvā bhaddehi  
bhaddehi yānehi uyyāna-bhūmiṃ niyyāsī.*  
then / indeed / monks / Vipassī / prince / good / carriage / having  
mounted / with very good / carriages / to the park-place / he set out  
Then, monks, Prince Vipassī mounted one of the very fine carriages and  
set out to the pleasure park with them.

*addasā kho bhikkhave Vipassī kumāro uyyāna-bhūmiṃ niyyanto purisaṃ jīṇṇaṃ  
gopānasi-vaṅkaṃ bhoggaṃ daṇḍa-parāyaṇaṃ pavedhamānaṃ gacchantaṃ  
āturaṃ gata-yobbanāṃ.*

he saw / indeed / monks / Vipassi / prince / park-place / going out to /  
man / aged / roof bracket-crooked / bent / stick-depending on /  
trembling / going / afflicted / gone-youth

While on his way to the pleasure park, Prince Vipassi saw a very old man,  
bent like a roof gable, leaning on a stick, tottering, afflicted, his youth  
gone.

*disvā sārathiṃ āmantesi: ayam-pana samma sārathi puriso kiṃ kato, kesā pi 'ssa  
na yathā aññesaṃ, kāyo pi 'ssa na yathā aññesaṃ ti.*

having seen / charioteer / he addressed / this-then / my dear /  
charioteer / man / what / made / hair / and / his / not / like / others  
/ body / and / his / not / like / others / (end-quote)

On seeing this, he asked his charioteer: "My dear charioteer, what  
happened to this man? His hair is not like other men's, and his body is  
not like other men's."

*eso kho deva jīṇṇo nāmā ti.*

this / indeed / lord / aged / called / (end-quote)  
"Lord, this is called an aged man."

*kiṃ pan' eso samma sārathi jīṇṇo nāmā ti.*

why / but / this / my dear / charioteer / aged / called / (end-quote)  
"But, my dear charioteer, why is he called aged?"

*eso kho deva jīṇṇo nāma: na dāni tena ciraṃ jīvitabbaṃ bhavissatī ti.*

this / indeed / lord / aged / called / not / then / by which / for a long  
time / to live / he will be / (end-quote)

"Lord, he is called aged because he does not have long to live."

*kiṃ pana samma sārathi aham pi jarā-dhammo jaraṃ anatīto ti.*

what / but / my dear / charioteer / I / too / age-nature / age / not-  
passed / (end-quote)

"But, my dear charioteer, am I too of the nature to become old? Am I too  
not gone beyond old age?"

*tvañ ca deva mayañ c' amhā sabbe jarā-dhammā jaraṃ anatītā ti.*

you / and / lord / we / and / are / all / age-nature / age / not-passed /  
(end-quote)

"Lord, you and all of us are of the nature to become old; we have not  
gone beyond old age."

*tena hi samma sārathi alan dān' ajja uyyāna-bhūmiyā, ito va antepuraṃ  
paccaniyyāhī ti.*

well then / my dear / charioteer / enough / then / today / park-place /  
from here / just / inner palace / return / (end-quote)

"Well then, my dear charioteer, enough for today. Return from here to  
the inner palace."

*evaṃ devā ti kho bhikkhave sārathi Vipassissa kumārassa paṭissutvā tato va  
antepuraṃ paccaniyyāsi.*

yes / lord / (end-quote) / indeed / monks / charioteer / to Vipassi / to  
prince / having replied / from there / just / inner palace / returned  
“Yes, lord,” the charioteer replied to Prince Vipassi, monks, and returned  
from there to the inner palace.

*tatra sudaṃ bhikkhave Vipassī kumāro antepura-gato dukkhī dummano  
pajjhāyati:*

there / even / monks / Vipassi / prince / inner palace-gone / unhappy /  
depressed / he is consumed with regret  
Thus, monks, Prince Vipassi, having returned to the inner palace, was  
unhappy, depressed and consumed with regret, (saying):

*dhīr atthu kira bho jāti nāma, yatra hi nāma jātassa jarā paññāyissatī ti.*

fie / may it be / truly / friend / birth / called / in as much as / of birth /  
old age / will be manifest

“Fie upon this thing called birth, inasmuch as for one born old age will be  
manifest.” [D.II.21-2 – *xiv.(Mahāpadāna).2.1-2*]

## Passage 2

p. 164

*evaṃ me sutāṃ. ekaṃ samayaṃ bhagavā sāvatthiyaṃ viharati Pubbārāme.*  
thus / by me / heard / one / time / Blessed One / at Savatthi / was  
abiding / in the Eastern Park

Thus have I heard. At one time the Blessed One was living at Savatthi in  
the Eastern Park.

*tena kho pana samayena Vāseṭṭha-Bhāradvājā bhikkhūsu parivasanti bhikkhu-  
bhāvaṃ ākaṅkhamānā.*

at this / indeed / then / time / Vasettha and Bharadvaja / among the  
monks / were living among / monk-becoming / hoping

And at this time, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, hoping to become monks,  
were living among them.

*atha kho bhagavā sāyaṇha-samayaṃ paṭisallānā vuṭṭhito pāsādā orohitvā  
pāsāda-pacchāyāyaṃ abbhokāse caṅkamati.*

then / indeed / the Blessed one / at evening-time / from seclusion /  
having arisen / from the mansion / having come down / mansion-  
shade / in the open air / he walks up and down

Then, when it was evening, the Blessed One rose from seclusion, came  
down from the mansion and was walking up and down in the open air  
in the mansion’s shade.

*addasā kho Vāseṭṭho bhagavantam sāyanha-samayaṃ paṭisallānā vuṭṭhitam  
pāsādā orohitvā pāsāda-pacchāyāyaṃ abbhokāse caṅkamantaṃ.*  
saw / indeed / Vasettha / the Blessed one / at evening-time / from  
seclusion / having arisen / from the mansion / having come down /  
mansion-shade / in the open air / walking up and down  
Vasettha saw in the evening that the Blessed One had risen from  
seclusion, come down from the mansion and was walking up and  
down in the open air in the mansion's shade.

*disvā Bhāradvājaṃ āmantesi: ayaṃ āvuso Bhāradvāja bhagavā sāyanha-  
samayaṃ paṭisallānā vuṭṭhito pāsādā orohitvā pāsāda-pacchāyāyaṃ  
abbhokāse caṅkamati.*  
having seen / Bharadvaja / addressed / this / friend / Bharadvaja / the  
Blessed one / at evening-time / from seclusion / having arisen / from  
the mansion / having come down / mansion-shade / in the open air /  
he walks up and down  
On seeing this, he said to Bharadvaja: "Friend, Bharadvaja, the Blessed  
One has arisen from seclusion in the evening, come down from the  
mansion and is walking up and down in the open air in the mansion's  
shade.

*āyāma' āvuso Bhāradvāja yena bhagavā ten' upasaṅkamissāma.*  
come on / friend / Bharadvaja / towards / the Blessed one / to him / let  
us approach  
Come on, friend Bharadvaja, let us approach the Blessed One.

*app eva nāma labheyyāma bhagavato santikā dhammiṃ kathaṃ savaṇāyā ti.*  
perhaps / we may get / from the Blessed One / directly from / on the  
Dhamma / talk / for the hearing / (end-quote)  
Perhaps, we might get to hear a talk on the Dhamma directly from the  
Blessed One."

*evam āvuso ti kho Bhāradvājo Vāseṭṭhassa paccassosi.*  
yes / friend / (end-quote) / indeed / Bharadvaja / to Vasettha / replied  
"Certainly, friend," Bharadvaja replied to Vasettha.

*atha kho Vāseṭṭha-Bhāradvājā yena bhagavā ten' upasaṅkamiṃsu,  
upasaṅkamitvā bhagavantam abhivādetvā bhagavantam caṅkamantaṃ  
anucaṅkamiṃsu.*  
then / indeed / Vasettha and Bharadvaja / towards / Blessed one / to  
him / they approached / having approached / Blessed One / having  
greeted / Blessed One / walking up and down / they walked up and  
down with  
Then Vasettha and Bharadvaja approached the Blessed One, greeted him  
and began walking up and down with him.

*atha kho bhagavā Vāseṭṭham āmantesi:*  
then / indeed / Blessed one / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / addressed  
The Blessed One addressed Vasettha and Bharadvaja:



*tumhe kho' attha Vāsetṭhā brāhmaṇa-jaccā brāhmaṇa-kulīnā brāhmaṇa-kulā  
agārasmā anagāriyaṃ pabbajitā.*

you / indeed / you are / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / brahmin-born /  
brahmin-by clan / brahmin-bred / from home / to homelessness /  
have gone forth

“Vasettha and Bharadvaja, you are both born brahmins, from recognized  
brahmin families, raised as brahmins, and you have gone forth from  
the home life into homelessness.

*kacci vo Vāsetṭhā brāhmaṇā na akkosanti na paribhāsanti ti.*

isn't it so? / you / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / the brahmins / not /  
abuse / not / defame / (end-quote)

Do not the brahmins abuse and defame you?”

*taggha no bhante brāhmaṇā akkosanti paribhāsanti attarūpāya paribhāsāya  
paripuṇṇāya no aparipuṇṇāyā ti.*

certainly / us / reverend sir / the brahmins / abuse / defame / quite  
personal / with defame / full / not / not-full / (end-quote)

“Certainly, reverend sir, the brahmins abuse and defame us to and  
completely fill us with quite personal abuse.”

*yathākathaṃ pana vo Vāsetṭhā brāhmaṇā akkosanti paribhāsanti attarūpāya  
paribhāsāya paripuṇṇāya no aparipuṇṇāyā ti.*

how / then / you / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / the brahmins / abuse /  
defame / yourselves / with defame / full / not / not-full / (end-quote)

“How then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, do the brahmins abuse and defame  
you to the point that you are completely full of abuse?”

*brāhmaṇā bhante, evam āhaṃsu:*

the brahmins / reverend sir / thus / say

“Reverend sir, the brahmins, say this:

*brāhmaṇo va seṭṭho vaṇṇo, hīno añño vaṇṇo; brāhmaṇo va sukko vaṇṇo, kaṇho  
añño vaṇṇo; brāhmaṇā va sujjhanti no abrahmaṇā;*

brahmin / just / best / caste / inferior / other / caste / brahmin / just /  
best / caste / inferior / other / caste / brahmin / just / best / caste /  
inferior / other / caste

“The brahmin caste is the best, others are inferior; the brahmin caste is fair,  
others are dark; brahmins are purified, non-brahmins are not;

*brāhmaṇā va brahmuno puttā orasā mukhato jātā Brahmā-jā Brahmā-nimmitā  
Brahmā-dāyādā.*

brahmins / just / of Brahma / sons / legitimate / from the mouth / born  
/ Brahma-born / Brahma-created / Brahma-heirs

only brahmins are the legitimate sons of Brahma, sprung from his mouth,  
born from Brahma, created by Brahma, heirs of Brahma.

*te tumhe seṭṭhaṃ vaṇṇaṃ hitvā hīnam attha vaṇṇaṃ ajjhupagatā, yadidaṃ  
muṇḍake samaṇake ibbhe kaṇhe bandhu-pād-āpacce ti.*  
those / you / best / caste / having abandoned / inferior / you are / caste  
/ reached / that is / shaven-headed / recluses / servants / dark /  
kinsman(Brahma)-foot-offspring / (end-quote)  
You have abandoned the best caste and have joined an inferior caste, that  
is the shaven-headed recluses, these servile, dark, offspring from  
Brahma's foot.'

*evaṃ kho no bhante brāhmaṇā akkosanti ... ti.*  
thus / indeed / us / reverend sir / the brahmins / abuse / (end-quote)  
Thus, reverend sir, do the brahmins abuse us."

*taggha vo Vāseṭṭhā brāhmaṇā porāṇaṃ asarantā evam āhaṃsu.*  
certainly / you / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / the brahmins / ancient  
tradition / not remembering / thus / they say  
"Then certainly, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, the brahmins saying thus are  
not remembering their ancient tradition.

*dissanti kho pana Vāseṭṭhā brāhmaṇānaṃ brāhmaṇiyo gabbhiniyo pi vijāyamāna  
pi, te ca brāhmaṇā yoni-jā va samānā evam āhaṃsu.*  
they are seen / indeed / then / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / of brahmins  
/ brahmin women / pregnant / too / giving birth / too / these / and  
/ brahmins / womb-born / yet / same / thus / they said  
Indeed, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, wives of brahmins are also seen  
pregnant and giving birth, and yet these brahmins similarly born from  
a womb said thus.

*te brahmāṇaṃ c' eva abbhācikkhanti musā ca bhāsanti bahuñ ca apuññaṃ  
pasavanti.*  
they / Brahma / and / just / they slander / false / and / they speak /  
much / and / demerit / they earn  
They slander Brahma and speak falsely and earn much demerit.

*cattāro' me Vāseṭṭhā vaṇṇā, khattiyā brāhmaṇā vessā suddā.*  
four / these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / castes / noble / brahmin /  
merchants / workers  
There are, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, these four castes: the nobles, the  
brahmins, the merchants, and the workers.

*khattiyo pi kho Vāseṭṭhā, idh' ekacco paṇ-ātipātī hoti, adinn-ādāyī hoti, kāmesu  
micch-ācārī hoti, musā-vādī hoti, pisuṇā-vāco hoti, pharusā-vāco hoti,  
sampha-ppalāpī hoti, abhijjhālū hoti, vyāpanna-citto hoti, micchā-ditṭhi hoti.*  
noble / too / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / here / someone /  
living beings-slayer / is / what is not given-taker / is / in sensual  
pleasures / wrong-conduct / is / false-speech / is / malicious-speech /  
harsh-speech / gossip-nonsense / is / covetous / is / malevolent-mind  
/ is / wrong-view / is  
Vasettha and Bharadvaja, some noble too is one who slays living beings,  
takes what is not given, indulges in sexual misconduct, speaks falsely,

speaks maliciously, speaks harshly, indulges in idle chatter, is covetous, with a malevolent mind, or one with wrong view.

*brāhmaṇo pi kho Vāseṭṭhā, pe. vesso pi. pe. suddo pi. pe. micchā-diṭṭhī hoti.*  
brahmin / too / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / etc. / merchant /  
too / etc. / worker / too / etc. / wrong-view / is  
Vasettha and Bharadvaja, some brahmin too ... merchant too ... worker  
too is ... one with wrong view.

*khattiyo pi kho Vāseṭṭhā, idh' ekacco paṇ-ātipātī paṭivirato hoti, adinn-ādānā  
paṭivirato hoti, pe. suddo pi. pe. sammādiṭṭhī hoti.*  
noble / too / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / here / someone /  
living beings-slayer / / one having abstained / is / what is not given-  
taker / one having abstained / is  
Vasettha and Bharadvaja, some noble too is one who abstains from  
slaying living beings, abstains from taking what is not given, ... one  
with right view.

*imesu kho Vāseṭṭhā catusu vaṇṇesu evaṃ ubhaya-vokiṇṇesu vattamānesu kaṇha-  
sukkesu dhammesu viññū-garahitesu c' eva viññū-ppasatthesu ca yad ettha  
brāhmaṇā evaṃ āhaṃsu: brāhmaṇo va seṭṭho vaṇṇo. pe. Brahmā-dāyāda ti,  
taṃ tesam viññū n-ānujānanti.*

among these / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / four / castes / thus  
/ both-mixed / existing / dark-bright / qualities / wise ones-blamed /  
and / just / wise ones-praised / and / which / here / bramins / thus /  
said / bramins / just / best / caste / etc. / Brahma-heir / (end-quote) /  
which / of these / the wise ones / not-allow

Thus since both dark and bright qualities, blamed or praised by the wise,  
are here mixed among these four castes, the wise do not accept what  
the brahmins say, that is, that the brahmins are the best caste ... the  
heirs of Brahma.

*taṃ kissa hetu.*  
that / what is / cause  
Why is that?

*imesam hi Vāseṭṭhā catunnaṃ vaṇṇānaṃ yo hoti bhikkhu arahaṃ khīṇ-āsavo*  
from these / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / four / castes / anyone  
/ is / monk / arahant / eliminated-taint

Vasettha and Bharadvaja, anyone from these four castes who is a monk,  
an arahant with the taints eliminated,

*vusitavā kata-karaṇīyo ohita-bhāro anuppatta-sadattho parikkhīṇa-bhava-  
saṃyojano samma-d-aññā-vimutto,*  
having lived properly / done-to be done / having put down-burden /  
attained-true goal / destroyed-becoming-fetter / right-knowledge-  
liberated  
who has lived properly, done what had to be done, having put down the  
burden, attained the true goal, destroyed the fetter of becoming, and  
been liberated through perfect knowledge,

*so tesam aggam akkhāyati dhammen' eva no adhammena.*  
he / among these / end / is proclaimed / by Dhamma / just / not / by  
non-Dhamma  
he is proclaimed the foremost among these by means of Dhamma and  
not of non-Dhamma.

*dhammo hi Vāseṭṭhā seṭṭho jan' etasmiṃ diṭṭhe c' eva dhamme abhisamparāyaṇī*  
*ca.*  
Dhamma / for / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / best / generation / in this /  
in this very life (*diṭṭh' eva dhamme*) / and / in the future / and  
For, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, Dhamma is the very best in this generation  
both in this very life and in the future.

*hoti kho so Vāseṭṭhā samayo yaṃ kadā ci karaha ci dīghassa addhuno accayena*  
*ayaṃ loko saṃvaṭṭati.*  
there is / indeed / this / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / time / which / at  
any time / at some time / of long / time / after the lapse of / this /  
world / dissolves  
There comes a time, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, when, at some time after a  
long period of time, this world dissolves.

*saṃvaṭṭamāne loka yebhuyyena sattā ābhassara-saṃvaṭṭanikā honti.*  
on the dissolving / world / mostly / beings / world of radiance-involving  
/ are  
As the world dissolves, beings are mostly born in the world of radiance.

*te tattha honti mano-mayā pīti-bhakkhā sayam-pabhā antalikkha-carā subha-*  
*ṭṭhāyino, ciraṃ dīgham addhānaṃ tiṭṭhanti.*  
they / there / there are / mind-made / rapture-feeding on / self-  
luminous / sky-moving / lustre-remaining / for a long time / long /  
period / they stay  
And there they are, mind-made, feeding on rapture, self-luminous,  
moving through the sky, lustrous, and they stay that way for a very  
long time.

*hoti kho so Vāseṭṭhā samayo yaṃ kadāci karahaci dīghassa addhuno accayena*  
*ayaṃ loko vivaṭṭati.*  
there is / indeed / this / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / time / which / at  
any time / at some time / of long / time / after the lapse of / this /  
world / evolves  
But it happens, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, when, at some time after a long  
period of time, this world evolves.

*vivaṭṭamāne loka yebhuyyena sattā ābhassara-kāyā cavitvā itthattaṃ āgacchanti.*  
on the evolving / world / mostly / beings / world of radiance-group /  
having fallen / in this world / they come  
As the world evolves, beings mostly pass away from the world of  
radiance and are reborn in this world.

*te ca honti mano-mayā pīti-bhakkhā sayam-pabhā antalikkha-carā subha-  
 †thāyino, ciraṃ dīgham addhānaṃ tiṭṭhanti.*  
 they / and / there are / mind-made / rapture-feeding on / self-luminous  
 / sky-moving / lustre-remaining / for a long time / long / period /  
 they stay  
 And there they are, mind-made, feeding on rapture, self-luminous,  
 moving through the sky, lustrous, and they stay that way for a very  
 long time.

*ekodakībhūtaṃ kho pana Vāseṭṭhā tena samayena hoti andhakāro andhakāra-  
 timisā.*  
 consisting entirely of water / indeed / then / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) /  
 at this / time / there is / darkness / darkness-darkness  
 At this time, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, the world consisted entirely of  
 water and there was darkness, complete and utter darkness.

*na candima-suriyā paññāyanti, na nakkhattāni tāraka-rūpāni paññāyanti, na  
 rattin-divā paññāyanti, na mās-aḍḍha-māsā paññāyanti, na utu-saṃvaccharā  
 paññāyanti, na itthi-pumā paññāyanti. sattā sattā tv' eva saṅkhyāṃ  
 gacchanti.*  
 not / moon-sun / they appear / not / constellations / star-forms / they  
 appear / not / nights-days / they appear / not / months-half-months  
 / not / seasons-years / they appear / not / women-men / they appear  
 / beings / beings / simply / they are conceived as  
 No sun and moon appeared, no light of the stars and constellations, no  
 days and nights, no months and fortnights, no seasons and years, no  
 women and men; beings were simply conceived as beings.

*atha kho tesaṃ Vāseṭṭhā sattānaṃ kadā ci karaha ci dīghassa addhuno accayena  
 rasā-paṭhavī udakasmīṃ samatāni. seyyathā pi nāma payaso tattassa  
 nibbāyamānassa upari santānakāṃ hoti, evaṃ eva pāturahosi.*  
 then / indeed / for these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / for beings / at  
 any time / at some time / of long / time / after the lapse of / savoury-  
 earth / in water / evenness / just as / too / indeed / of milk / hot /  
 cooling / upon / film / there is / thus / just / was manifest  
 And then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, at some time after a long period of  
 time, savoury earth spread out evenly over the water for these beings,  
 and this was manifest just like a film that appears on hot milk as it cools  
 down.

*sā ahosi vaṇṇa-sampannā gandha-sampannā rasa-sampannā, seyyathā pi nāma  
 sampannaṃ vā sappi, sampannaṃ vā navanītaṃ, evaṃ-vaṇṇā ahosi; seyyathā  
 pi nāma khuddaṃ madhu anelakaṃ evaṃ-assādā ahosi.*  
 it / was / colour-endowed / smell-endowed / taste-endowed / just as /  
 too / indeed / endowed / or / ghee / endowed / or / butter / of  
 such-colour / it was / just as / too / indeed / wild honey / sweet /  
 pure / of such-taste / it was  
 It was endowed with colour, smell, and taste; it was the colour of ghee or  
 butter, and it had a taste like the sweetness of pure wild honey.

*atha kho Vāseṭṭhā aññataro satto lola-jātiko, ambho kim ev' idaṃ bhavissatī ti,  
rasa-paṭhavim āṅguliya sāyi.*

then / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / a certain / being / fickle-  
nature / hey! / what / just / this / it will be / (end-quote) / savoury-  
earth / with finger / tasted

Then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, a certain being of a fickle nature said to  
himself, 'Hey! What can this be?', and tasted the savoury earth with his  
finger.

*tassa rasa-paṭhavim āṅguliya sāyato acchādesi, taṅhā c' assa okkami.*

to him / savoury-earth / with finger / tasting / it pleased / craving / and  
/ to him / it arose within

And this one tasting the savoury earth with his finger was pleased, and  
craving arose within him.

*aññatare pi kho Vāseṭṭhā sattā tassa sattassa diṭṭh-ānugatiṃ āpajjamānā rasa-  
paṭhavim āṅguliya sāyimsu.*

certain / too / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / to that /  
being / seeing-following after / getting into / savoury-earth / with  
finger / they tasted

So certain other beings following on from seeing the other also tasted the  
savoury earth with their fingers.

*tesaṃ rasa-paṭhavim āṅguliya sāyataṃ acchādesi, taṅhā ca tesaṃ okkami.*

to these / savoury-earth / with finger / tasting / it pleased / craving /  
and / to them / it arose within

And these ones tasting the savoury earth with their fingers were pleased,  
and craving arose within them.

*atha kho te Vāseṭṭhā sattā rasa-paṭhavim hatthehi ālumpa-kāraṃ upakkamiṃsu  
paribuñjituṃ.*

then / indeed / these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / savoury-  
earth / with hands / piece-making / they began / to eat

Then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, these beings began to eat the savoury  
earth by breaking pieces with their hands.

*yato kho Vāseṭṭhā sattā rasa-paṭhavim hatthehi ālumpa-kāraṃ upakkamiṃsu  
paribuñjituṃ atha tesaṃ Vāseṭṭhā sattānaṃ sayam-pabhā antaradhāyi.*

since / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / essence-earth /  
with hands / piece-making / they began / to eat / then / to these /  
Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / self / luminosity / disappeared

And since they did this, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, these beings lost their  
self-luminosity.

*sayam-pabhāya antarahitāya candima-suriyā pāturaheṣuṃ.*

self-luminosity / with the disappearance / moon-sun / were manifest  
And when their self-luminosity was lost, the sun and moon became  
manifest;

*candima-suriyesu pātubhutesu, nakkhattāni tārakārūpāni pāturaheṣuṃ.*  
with moon-sun / with the manifestation / constellations / stars / were  
manifest  
with the manifestation of the sun and moon, constellations and stars  
became manifest;

*nakkhattesu tārakārūpesu pātubhutesu, rattin-divā paññāyimsu.*  
with constellations / with stars / with the manifestation / night-day /  
they appeared  
with the manifestation of the constellations and stars, night and day  
appeared;

*rattin-divesu paññāyamānesu, mās-addha-māsā paññāyimsu.*  
with night-days / with appearing / months-half-months / they appeared  
with the appearance of night and day, months and fortnights appeared;

*mās-addha-māsesu paññāyamānesu, utu-saṃvaccharā paññāyimsu.*  
with months-half-months / with appearing / seasons-years / they  
appeared  
with the appearance of months and fortnights, seasons and years  
appeared;

*ettāvatā kho Vāsetṭhā ayam loko puna vivaṭṭo hoti.*  
to that extent / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / this / world / then  
/ evolved / it is  
To that extent, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, this world evolved." [D.III.80-6 –  
xxvii.(Aggañña).1-7,10-12]

## Exercise 20

### English into Pali

p. 167

*At that time Vesālī (was) powerful and prosperous.*

(kho pana) tena / samayena / Vesālī / hoti / iddhā / ca (eva) / phitā (ca)  
tena kho pana samayena Vesālī iddhā c'eva hoti phitā ca

*The geisha Ambapālī was (hoti) beautiful, lovely, endowed with the highest beauty-of-complexion.*

gaṇika / Ambapālī / hoti / abhirūpā / dassanīyā / samannāgatā /  
paramāyā / vaṇṇa-pokkharatāya  
Ambapālī ca gaṇikā abhirūpā hoti dassanīyā paramāya  
vaṇṇapokkharatāya samannāgatā,

*(She was) skilled in dancing and singing and instrumental music.*

padakkhiṇā / nacce / ca / gīte / ca / vādite (ca)  
padakkhiṇā nacce ca gīte ca vādite ca,

*Visited by (use genitive) aspiring men (she) went (present time) for a night for fifty (kahāpaṇas);*

abhisatā / atthikānaṃ (atthikānaṃ) / manussānaṃ / gacchati.(ca) /  
rattiṃ / paññāsāya  
abhisatā atthikānaṃ atthikānaṃ manussānaṃ paññāsāya ca rattiṃ  
gacchati;

*and through her Vesālī appeared (present tense) beautiful in still greater measure (ablative).*

ca / tāya / Vesālī / upasobhati / bhiiyoso-mattāya  
tāya ca Vesālī bhiiyosomattāya upasobhati.

*Then (add kho) a burgher of Rājagaha went (aorist) to Vesālī on (ins.) some business.*

atha kho / negamo / Rājagahako / agamāsi / Vesālīṃ / kenaci-(d)-eva /  
karaṇīyena  
atha kho Rājagahako negamo Vesālīṃ agamāsi kenacideva karaṇīyena.

*He saw Vesālī powerful and prosperous, and the geisha Ambapālī, and through her Vesālī appearing beautiful in still greater measure.*

(negamo Rājagahako) / addasā (kho) / Vesālīṃ / iddhaṃ / ca (eva) /  
phitaṃ / ca / gaṇikaṃ / Ambapālīṃ / ca / tāya / Vesālīṃ /  
upasobhantiṃ / bhiiyoso-mattāya



addasā kho Rājagahako negamo Vesāliṃ iddhañc'eva phitañca  
Ambapāliñca gaṇikaṃ, tāya ca Vesāliṃ bhiyyosomattāya  
upasobhantiṃ.

*Then (add kho) the burgher returned to Rajagaha.*  
atha (kho) / negamo / paccāgañchi / Rājagahaṃ  
atha kho negamo Rājagahaṃ paccāgañchi.

*He approached the king, Māgadha Seniya Bimbisāra, and having approached he  
said this to the king:*

upasaṅkami (yena tena) / rājā / Māgadho / Seniyō / Bimbisāro /  
upasaṅkamitvā / avoca / etad / rājānaṃ (Māgadhaṃ Seniyaṃ  
Bimbisāraṃ)

yena rājā Māgadho Seniyō Bimbisāro ten' upasaṅkami, upasaṅkamitvā  
rājānaṃ māgadhaṃ seniyaṃ bimbisāraṃ etad avoca:

*"Vesālī, O king, (is) powerful and prosperous, etc., and through her Vesālī  
appears beautiful in still greater measure.*

Vesālī / deva / iddhā / ca (eva) / phitā (ca) / ...pe... / ca / tāya / Vesālī /  
upasobhati / bhiyyoso-mattāya

Vesālī, deva, iddhā c'eva phitā ca ...pe... tāya ca Vesālī bhiyyosomattāya  
upasobhati.

*(It would be) good, O king, (if) we too were to establish (optative of causative of  
u(d)-(t)thā: vuṭṭhāpeyy-) a geisha!"*

sādhu / deva / mayamaṃ / pi / vuṭṭhāpessāmā / gaṇikaṃ / (ti)  
sādhu, deva, mayampi gaṇikaṃ vuṭṭhāpessāmā"ti.

*"Then (tena hi), I say, find out a girl whom you would establish (as) geisha!"*

tena hi / bhāṇe / jānātha / kumāriṃ (tādisiṃ) / yaṃ / tumhe /  
vuṭṭhāpeyyāthā / gaṇikaṃ / (ti)

tena hi, bhāṇe, tādisiṃ kumāriṃ jānātha yaṃ tumhe gaṇikaṃ  
vuṭṭhāpeyyāthā ti.

*Just at that time in Rājagaha there was (hoti) a girl named Sālavatī, beautiful,  
lovely, endowed with the highest beauty-of-complexion.*

(kho) pana / tena samayena / Rājagahe / hoti / kumārī / nāma / Sālavatī  
/ abhirūpā / dassanīyā / samannāgatā / paramāya vaṇṇa-  
pokkharatāya

tena kho pana samayena Rājagahe Sālavatī nāma kumārī abhirūpā hoti  
dassanīyā pāsādikā paramāya vaṇṇapokkharatāya samannāgatā.

*Then the burger established the girl Sālavatī as geisha.*

atha (kho) / negamo / vuṭṭhāpesi / kumāriṃ / Sālavatiṃ / gaṇikaṃ  
atha kho negamo Sālavatiṃ kumāriṃ gaṇikaṃ vuṭṭhāpesi.

*Then Sālavatī soon became skilled in dancing, singing, and instrumental music.*

atha kho / Sālavatī (gaṇikā) / na cirassa (eva) / ahosi / padakkhiṇā /  
nacce (ca) / gīte / ca / vādite (ca)  
atha kho Sālavatī gaṇikā na cirass'eva padakkhiṇā ahosi nacce ca gīte ca  
vādite ca,

*Visited by aspiring men she went (present tense) for a night for a hundred.*  
abhisaṭṭā / atthikānaṃ (atthikānaṃ) / manussānaṃ / gacchati.(ca) /  
rattiṃ / patisatena  
abhisaṭṭā atthikānaṃ atthikānaṃ manussānaṃ paṭisatena ca rattiṃ  
gacchati.

*Then Sālavatī soon became pregnant.*

atha kho / Sālavatī (gaṇikā) / na cirassa (eva) / ahosi / gabbhinī  
atha kho Sālavatī gaṇikā na cirass'eva gabbhinī ahosi.

*Then Sālavatī thought: "A pregnant woman (is) displeasing to men.*

atha kho / Sālavatīyā (gaṇikāya) / etad ahosi / gabbhinī / itthī (kho) /  
amanāpā / purisānaṃ  
atha kho Sālavatīyā gaṇikāya etad ahosi: itthī kho gabbhinī purisānaṃ  
amanāpā.

*If anyone knows (future) I am pregnant (direct speech) all my entertainment will  
be eliminated.*

sace / koci / jānissati / maṃ (Sālavatī gaṇikā) / gabbhinī (ti) / sabbo /  
me / sakkāro / bhañjissati  
sace maṃ koci jānissati Sālavatī gaṇikā gabbhinīti, sabbo me sakkāro  
bhañjissati.

*What now (if) I were to announce that I am ill (direct speech)?"*

yaṃ-nū-(n)-āhaṃ / paṭivedeyyan / gilānaṃ / ti  
yaṃnūnāhaṃ gilānaṃ paṭivedeyyan ti.

*Then Sālavatī ordered the porter: "Porter, I say, don't let any man enter (ma  
with aorist 3<sup>rd</sup> person), (he) who asks (about) me you must inform that I am  
ill."*

atha kho / Sālavatī (gaṇikā) / āṇāpesi / dovārikaṃ / dovārika / bhaṇe /  
mā / pāvīsi / koci / puriso / yo (ca) / pucchati / maṃ / paṭivedehī /  
gilānā (ti) / ti  
atha kho Sālavatī gaṇikā dovārikaṃ āṇāpesi: mā, bhaṇe dovārika, koci  
puriso pāvīsi. yo ca maṃ pucchati, gilānā ti paṭivedehī ti.

*"Yes, lady," assented the porter to Sālavatī the geisha.*

evaṃ / ayye (ti) (kho) / so / dovāriko / paccassosi / Sālavatīyā /  
gaṇikāya

evaṃ, ayye ti kho so dovāriko Sālavatīyā gaṇikāya paccassosi. [Vin.I.268-9 –  
Vinaya / Mahāvagga / Duttiyo bhāgo / 8 Cīvarakkhandhakaṃ 1-5 (202 Jīvakavattū)]

## Exercise 21

### Passages for Reading

#### Passage 1

p. 176

*evaṃ vutte bhante Pūraṇo Kassapo maṃ etad avoca:*

thus / said / venerable sir / Pūraṇa Kassapa / to me / this / spoke  
When this was said, venerable sir, Purana Kassapa said to me:

*karato kho mahārāja kārayato chindato chedāpayato pacato pācayato socayato  
socāpayato kilamayato kilamāpayato phandayato phandāpayato*

by one who harms / indeed / great king / by one who causes to be  
harmed / by one who cuts / by one who causes to be cut / by one  
who burns / by one who causes to be burnt / by one who brings grief  
/ by one who causes one to bring grief / by one who makes weary /  
by one who causes one to make weary / by one who makes tremble /  
by one who causes one to make tremble

“Your majesty, by one who harms, cuts, burns, brings grief, makes  
weary, or causes terror, or instigates others to do likewise;

*pāṇaṃ atipātāpayato adinnaṃ ādiyato sandhiṃ chindato nillopaṃ harato  
ekāgārikaṃ karoto paripantha tiṭṭhato paradāraṃ gacchato musā bhaṇato,  
karoto na karīyati pāpaṃ.*

living being / by one who causes to kill / not given / by one who causes  
to take / breach / by one who cuts / plunder / by one who carries off  
/ burglary / by the doer / in ambush / by one who stands / to  
another’s wife / by one who goes / falsely / by one who speaks / by  
the doer / not / is done / evil

by one who causes killing, or who breaks and enters in order to steal, or  
carries off plunder, or commits burglary, or lies in ambush, or commits  
adultery, or speaks falsely; by the doer of all these no evil is committed.

*khura-pariyantena ce pi cakkena yo imissā paṭhaviyā pāṇe eka-maṃsa-khalaṃ  
eka-maṃsa-puñjaṃ kareyya,*

by the razor-end / if / too / by the wheel / which / on this / earth /  
living beings / single-flesh-threshing / single-flesh-heap / one would  
make

And if, with a razor-sharp wheel, one made the living beings on this earth,  
one single threshing and heap of flesh,

*n’ atthi tato-nidānaṃ pāpaṃ, n’ atthi pāpassa āgamo.*

not / there is / thence-cause / evil / not / there is / to evil / coming  
there is no evil caused by that, no evil has come.

*dakkhiṇaṅ ce pi Gaṅgā-tīraṃ āgaccheyya hananto ghātento chindanto chedāpento  
pacanto pācento,*

south / if / too / Ganges-bank / one would come / killing / slaying /  
cutting / causing to be cut / burning / causing to be burnt  
And if one came along the south bank of the Ganges, killing, slaying,  
cutting, causing to be cut, burning, and causing to be burnt,

*n' atthi tato-nidānaṃ pāpaṃ, n' atthi pāpassa āgamo.*

not / there is / thence-cause / evil / not / there is / to evil / coming  
there is no evil caused by that, no evil has come.

*uttaraṅ ce pi Gaṅgā-tīraṃ gaccheyya dadanto dāpento yajanto yajāpento,  
given / sacrificing / causing to be sacrificed*

north / if / too / Ganges-bank / one would go / giving / causing to be  
And if one went along the north bank of the Ganges, giving, causing to be  
given, sacrificing, and causing to be sacrificed,

*n' atthi tato-nidānaṃ puññaṃ, n' atthi puññaṃ āgamo.*

not / there is / thence-cause / merit / not / there is / to merit / coming  
there is no merit caused by that, nor coming to merit.

*dānena damena saṃyamena sacca-vajjena n' atthi puññaṃ, n' atthi puññaṃ  
āgamo ti.*

by giving / by restraint / by self-control / by truth-telling / not / there is  
/ merit / not / there is / to merit / coming / (end-quote)

There is no merit, nor coming to merit, through giving, restraint, self-  
control, or telling the truth.

*itthaṃ kho me bhante Pūraṇo Kassapo sandiṭṭhikaṃ sāmāñña-phalaṃ puṭṭho  
samāno akiriyaṃ vyākāsi.*

in this way / indeed / to me / venerable sir / Purana Kassapa / visible  
here and now / asceticism-fruit / asked / same / absence of morally  
significant action / he explained

Thus, Venerable Sir, when asked in the same way by me about the fruits  
of the ascetic life, Purana Kassapa explained the absence of morally  
significant action. [D.I.52-3 – ii.(Sāmāññaphala).17-18]

## Passage 2

p. 177

*atha kho te Vāseṭṭhā sattā rasa-paṭhaviṃ paribhuñjantā taṃ-bhakkhā tad-āhārā  
ciraṃ dīgham addhānaṃ aṭṭhamsu.*

then / indeed / these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / essence-  
earth / eating / this-feeding / that-food / for a long time / long /  
period / they stayed

Then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, these beings remained eating this earth-  
essence and feeding on it as their food for a very long time.

*yathā yathā kho te Vāseṭṭhā sattā rasa-paṭhaviṃ paribhuñjantā taṃ-bhakkhā tad-  
āhārā ciraṃ dīgham addhānaṃ aṭṭhamsu,*

just as / indeed / these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / essence-  
earth / relishing / this-feeding on / that-food / for a long time / long /  
period / they remained

And, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, just as these beings remained relishing this  
earth-essence and feeding on it as their food for a very long time,

*tathā tathā tesam sattānaṃ kharattañ c' eva kāyasmiṃ okkami, vaṇṇa-vevaṇṇatā  
ca paññāyittha.*

just so / to these / to the beings / roughness / and / just / in the body /  
developed / colour-discolouration / and / was discerned

just so a coarseness developed in their bodies and good and bad-looking  
appeared.

*ek' idaṃ sattā vaṇṇavanto honti, ek' idaṃ sattā dubbhaṇṇā.*

some / here / beings / beautiful / were / some / here / beings / ugly  
Some of the beings here were beautiful and others ugly,

*tattha ye te sattā vaṇṇavanto, te dubbhaṇṇe satte atimaññanti.*

there / who-ever / beings / beautiful / these / ugly / beings / they  
despise

and those beings that were beautiful despised the ugly ones, thinking,

*mayam etehi vaṇṇavantatarā, amheh' ete dubbhaṇṇatarā ti.*

we / than these / more beautiful / than us / these / uglier / (end-quote)  
“We are more beautiful than them; they are uglier than us.”

*tesam vaṇṇ-ātimāna-paccayā mān-ātimāna-jātikānaṃ rasa-paṭhavī antaradhāyi.*  
for those / colour-conceit-condition / for pride-conceit-natured / essence-  
earth / disappeared

Due to the arrogance of beauty, the earth-essence disappeared for those  
who were proud and conceited by nature.

*rasāya paṭhaviyā antarahitāya sannipatiṃsu, sannipatitvā anutthuniṃsu, aho rasam, aho rasan ti.*

on the essence / on the earth / on the disappearance / they assembled / having assembled / they lamented / oh / taste / oh / taste / (end-quote)

On account of the disappearance of the earth-essence, they assembled together, and lamented, "Oh, the taste! Oh, the taste."

*tad etarahi pi manussā kiñ cid eva sādhu rasam labhitvā evam āhaṃsu, aho rasam, aho rasan ti.*

so / now / too / people / whatever / surely / good / taste / having received / thus / they say / oh / taste / oh / taste / (end-quote)

So even now, people say on obtaining any good taste, "Oh, the taste! Oh, the taste!"

*tad eva porānam aggaññam akkharam anupatanti, na tv ev' assa attham ājānanti.*

so / surely / ancient tradition / primary / expression / they follow / not / but / even / of it / meaning / they understand

and they follow an ancient primeval tradition without even understanding its meaning.

*atha kho tesam Vāsetṭhā sattānam rasāya paṭhaviyā antarahitāya bhūmi-pappaṭako pāturahosi.*

then / indeed / to these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / of the essence / of the earth / on the disappearance / earth-fungus / was manifest

Then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, on the disappearance of the earth-essence, an earth fungus appeared to these beings,

*seyyathā pi nāma ahicchattako, evam evam pāturahosi.*

just as / too / indeed / mushroom / thus / was manifest in the same way that a mushroom appears.

*so ahosi vaṇṇa-sampanno gandha-sampanno rasa-sampanno.*

it / was / colour-endowed / smell-endowed / taste-endowed / It was endowed with colour, smell, and taste;

*seyyathā pi nāma sampannam vā sappi sampannam vā navanītam, evam-vaṇṇo ahosi.*

just as / too / indeed / endowed / or / ghee / endowed / or / butter / of such-colour / it was

it was the colour of ghee or butter,

*seyyathā pi nāma khuddam madhu anelakam, evam-assādo ahosi.*

just as / too / indeed / wild honey / sweet / pure / of such-taste / it was and it had a taste like the sweetness of pure wild honey.

*atha kho te Vāsetṭhā sattā bhūmi-pappaṭakam upakkamiṃsu paribhuñjitum.*

then / indeed / these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / earth-fungus / they began / to eat

So, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, these beings began to eat the earth-fungus,

*te taṃ paribhuñjantā taṃ-bhakkhā tad-āhārā ciraṃ dīghaṃ addhānaṃ aṭṭhaṃsu.*  
these / this / relishing / this-feeding on / this-food / for a long time /  
long period / they remained  
and, relishing it they remained feeding on this food for a very long time.

*yathā yathā kho te Vāseṭṭhā sattā bhūmi-pappaṭakaṃ paribhuñjantā taṃ-  
bhakkhā tad-āhārā ciraṃ dīghaṃ addhānaṃ aṭṭhaṃsu,*  
just as / indeed / these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / earth-  
fungus / relishing / this-feeding on / that-food / for a long time / long  
period / they remained  
And, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, just as these beings remained relishing this  
earth-fungus and feeding on it as their food for a very long time,

*tathā tathā tesāṃ sattānaṃ bhīyyoso mattāya kharattañ c'eva kāyasmim̐ okkami,  
vaṇṇa-vevaṇṇatā ca paññāyittha.*  
just so / to these / to the beings / more / by measure / roughness / and  
/ just / in the body / developed / colour-discolouration / and / were  
discerned  
just so an even greater measure of coarseness developed in their bodies  
and good and bad-looking appeared.

*ek' idaṃ sattā vaṇṇavanto honti, ek' idaṃ sattā dubbaṇṇā.*  
some / here / beings / beautiful / were / some / here / beings / ugly  
Some of the beings here were beautiful and others ugly,

*tattha ye te sattā vaṇṇavanto, te dubbaṇṇe satte atimaññanti.*  
there / who-ever / beings / beautiful / these / ugly / beings / they  
despise  
and those beings that were beautiful despised the ugly ones, thinking,

*mayam etehi vaṇṇavantatarā, amheh' ete dubbaṇṇatarā ti.*  
we / than these / more beautiful / than us / these / uglier / (end-quote)  
“We are more beautiful than them; they are uglier than us.”

*tesāṃ vaṇṇ-ātimāna-paccayā mān-ātimāna-jātikānaṃ bhūmi-pappaṭako  
antaradhāyi.*  
for those / colour-conceit-condition / for pride-conceit-natured / earth-  
fungus / disappeared  
Due to the arrogance of beauty, the earth-fungus disappeared for those  
who were proud and conceited by nature.

*bhūmi-pappaṭake antarahite badālatā pāturaḥosi.*  
earth-fungus / on the disappearance / creeper / appeared  
And on the disappearance of the earth-fungus a creeper appeared,

*seyyathā pi nāma kalambukā, evaṃ evaṃ pāturaḥosi.*  
just as / too / indeed / mushroom / thus / was manifest  
in the same way that the *kalumbuka* creeper appears.

*sā ahosi vaṇṇa-sampannā gandha-sampannā rasa-sampannā.*  
it / was / colour-endowed / smell-endowed / taste-endowed /  
It was endowed with colour, smell, and taste;

*seyyathā pi nāma sampannaṃ vā sappi sampannaṃ vā navanītaṃ evaṃ-vaṇṇā  
ahosi.*  
just as / too / indeed / endowed / or / ghee / endowed / or / butter /  
of such-colour / it was  
it was the colour of ghee or butter,

*seyyathā pi nāma khuddaṃ madhu aneḷakaṃ, evaṃ-assādā ahosi.*  
just as / too / indeed / wild honey / sweet / pure / of such-taste / it was  
and it had a taste like the sweetness of pure wild honey.

*atha kho te Vāsetṭhā sattā badālatam upakkamiṃsu paribhuñjitum.*  
then / indeed / these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / creeper /  
they began / to eat  
So, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, these beings began to eat the creeper,

*te tam paribhuñjantā tam-bhakkhā tad-āhārā ciraṃ dīgham addhānaṃ aṭṭhaṃsu.*  
these / this / relishing / this-feeding on / this-food / for a long time /  
long period / they remained  
and relishing it they remained feeding on this food for a very long time.

*yathā yathā kho te Vāsetṭhā sattā badālatam paribhuñjantā tam-bhakkhā tad-  
āhārā . pe.*  
in as much as / indeed / these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings /  
creeper / relishing / this-feeding on / that-food / etc.  
And, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, as these beings remained relishing this  
creeper and feeding on it as their food ... etc.

*badālatāya antarahitāya sannipatiṃsu, sannipatitoā anutthuniṃsu, ahu vata no,  
ahāyi vata no badālatā ti.*  
of the creeper / of the earth / by the disappearance / they assembled /  
having assembled / they lamented / it was / alas / for us / it is gone /  
alas / for us / creeper / (end-quote)  
On account of the disappearance of the creeper, they assembled together,  
and lamented, “Oh, alas! Oh, alas! We had the creeper and now it is  
gone!”

*tad etarahi pi manussā kena cid eva dukkha-dhammena phuṭṭhā evaṃ āhaṃsu:  
ahu vata no, ahāyi vata no ti.*  
so / now / too / people / something / surely / by bad-thing / touched /  
thus / they say / it was / alas / for us / it is gone / alas / for us / (end-  
quote)  
So even now, people say on experiencing something bad, “Oh, alas! Oh,  
alas! We had it and now it is gone!”



*tad eva porāṇaṃ aggaññaṃ akkharaṃ anupatanti, na tv ev' assa atthaṃ ājānanti.*  
so / surely / ancient tradition / primary / expression / they follow / not  
/ but / even / of it / meaning / they understand  
and they follow an ancient primeval tradition without even understanding  
its meaning.

*atha kho tesam Vāseṭṭhā sattānaṃ badālatāya antarahitāya akaṭṭha-pāko sāli  
pāturaḥosi, akaṇo athuso su-gandho taṇḍula-pphalo.*  
then / indeed / to these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / of the  
creeper / on the disappearance / uncultivated-ripe / rice / was  
manifest / without red dust coating / without husk / good-scent /  
husked rice-fruit  
Then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, on the disappearance of the creeper,  
uncultivated, fragrant, husked rice, without the red dust coating and  
ready to cook, appeared to these beings.

*yaṃ taṃ sāyaṃ sāyamāsāya āharanti, pāto taṃ hoti pakkam paṭivirūḷhaṃ.*  
whichever / in the evening / for the evening meal / they bring / in the  
morning / that / is / ripe / grown again  
Whatever they brought in the evening for the evening meal, that was  
grown again and ripe by the morning,

*yaṃ taṃ pāto pātārāsāya āharanti, sāyaṃ taṃ hoti pakkam paṭivirūḷhaṃ,  
nāpadānaṃ paññāyati.*  
whichever / in the morning / for the morning meal / they bring / in the  
evening / that / is / ripe / grown again / not-harvesting / is discerned  
and whatever they brought in the morning for the morning meal, that  
was grown again and ripe by the evening, and no harvesting was  
necessary.

*atha kho te Vāseṭṭhā sattā akaṭṭha-pākaṃ sāliṃ paribhuñjantā taṃ-bhakkhā tad-  
āhārā . pe. vannaṇevannaṇatā ca paññāyittha.*  
then / indeed / these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings /  
uncultivated-ripe / rice / relishing / this-feeding on / this-food / etc. /  
colour-discolouration / and / were discerned  
So, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, these beings, relishing the uncultivated, ripe  
rice and feeding on it as their food ... etc. ... and good and bad-looking  
were discerned.

*itthiyā ca itthi-liṅgaṃ pāturaḥosi, purisassa ca purisa-liṅgaṃ.*  
for a woman / and / woman-characteristic / appeared / for a man / and  
/ man-characteristic  
In the women female characteristics appeared, and in the men male  
characteristics.

*itthī ca sudaṃ ativelam purisaṃ upanijjhāyati, puriso ca itthim.*  
woman / and / even / excessively / man / thinks about / man / and /  
woman  
As women thought excessively about men, so men did about women,

*tesaṃ ativelemaṃ aññaṃ-aññaṃ upanijjhāyataṃ sārāgo udapādi, pariāho  
kāyasmim̐ okkami.*

to them / excessively / one another / thinking about / passion / arose /  
lust / in the body / arose within  
and due to excessive thinking about one another, passion developed and  
lust arose in their bodies,

*te pariāha-paccayā methunaṃ dhammaṃ paṭisevimsu.*  
these / by the lust-condition / sex / thing / they indulged  
and because of this lust, they indulged in sexual intercourse.

*ye kho pana te Vāsetthā tena samayena sattā passanti methunaṃ dhammaṃ  
paṭisevante, aññe paṃsum̐ khipanti, aññe seṭṭhim̐ khipanti, aññe gomayaṃ  
khipanti.*

whoever / indeed / but / these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / at that /  
time / beings / they saw / sex / thing / indulging / others / dirt /  
throw / others / ash / throw / others / cow dung / throw  
But, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, when other beings saw them indulging in  
sexual intercourse, some threw dirt, others threw ash, and others threw  
cow-dung,

*nassa asuci, nassa asucī ti.*  
perish / impure one / perish / impure one / (end-quote)  
saying, "Perish, impure one! Perish impure one!"

*kathaṃ hi nāma satto sattassa eva-rūpaṃ karissatī ti.*  
how / for / indeed / being / to a being / such-form / one will do / (end-  
quote)  
and, "How could one do such a thing to another?"

*tad etarahi pi manussā ekaccesu janapadesu vadhuyā nibbuyhamānāya aññe  
paṃsum̐ khipanti, aññe seṭṭhim̐ khipanti, aññe gomayaṃ khipanti.*  
so / now / too / human beings / in some / countries / brides / being led  
out / others / dirt / throw / others / ash / throw / others / cow dung  
/ throw

So even now people in some countries, as brides are being led out, some  
throw dirt, others throw ash, and others throw cow-dung.

*tad eva porānaṃ aggaññaṃ akkharaṃ anupatanti, na tv ev' assa atthaṃ ājānanti.*  
so / surely / ancient tradition / primary / expression / they follow / not  
/ even / of it / meaning / they understand  
And they follow an ancient primeval tradition without understanding its  
meaning.

*adhamma-sammataṃ kho pana Vāsetthā tena samayena hoti, tad etarahi  
dhamma-sammataṃ.*  
unrighteous-considered / indeed / but / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / at  
that / time / it is / so / now / righteous-considered  
However, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, what was considered at that time  
improper conduct is now considered proper conduct.

*ye kho pana Vāseṭṭhā tena samayena sattā methunaṃ dhammaṃ paṭisevanti, te māsam pi dvemāsam pi na labhanti gāmaṃ vā nigamaṃ vā pavisitum.*  
whoever / indeed / but / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / at that / time / beings / sex / thing / they indulge in / they / for a month / too / for two months / not / they obtain / village / or / town / or / to enter  
But at that time, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, those beings who indulged in sexual intercourse were not permitted to enter the village or town for a month or two.

*yato kho Vāseṭṭhā te sattā tasmim̐ samaye asaddhamme ativeლაṃ pātavyataṃ āpajjimsu,*  
since / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / those / beings / in that / occasion / in immorality / excessively / indulgence / they had  
Since, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, those beings indulged excessively in that immoral behaviour,

*atha agārāni upakkamimsu kātum̐ tass' eva asaddhammassa paṭicchādan-attham̐.*  
then / houses / they began / to build / of that / just / immorality / covering-reason  
they began to build houses in order to hide that immorality.

*atha kho Vāseṭṭhā aññatarassa sattassa alasa-jātikassa etad ahoṣi:*  
then / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / to a certain / being / of lazy-nature / this / it was  
Then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, it occurred to a certain lazy-natured being,

*ambho, kim ev-āhaṃ vihaññāmi sāliṃ āharanto sāyaṃ sāyam-āsāya pāto pātārāsāya.*  
sir / why / just-I / I am troubled / rice / bringing / evening / evening-meal / morning / morning-meal  
“Hey, why do I bother myself bringing rice in the evening for the evening meal, and in the morning for the morning meal?”

*yan nū-n-āhaṃ sāliṃ āhareyyaṃ sakid eva sāya-pātar-āsāyā ti.*  
what / is it-not-I / rice / I would bring / once / just / evening-morning-meal / (end-quote)  
What if I just gather rice once for both the evening and morning meals?”

*atha kho so Vāseṭṭhā satto sāliṃ āhāsi sakid eva sāyapātarāsāya.*  
then / indeed / this / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / being / rice / brought / once / just / evening-morning-meal  
And so, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, this being gathered rice just once for both the evening and morning meals.

*atha kho Vāseṭṭhā aññataro satto yena so satto ten' upasaṅkami; upasaṅkamitvā taṃ sattaṃ etad avoca:*  
then / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / a certain / being / towards / this / being / there / he approached / having approached / to that / being / this / he said  
And later when another being came up to this being and said to him,

*ehi bho satta sāl-āhāraṃ gamissāmā ti.*  
come / sir / being / rice-gathering / let us go / (end-quote)  
“Come on, friend, let’s go rice gathering,”

*alaṃ bho satta āhato me sālī sakid eva sāyapātarāsāyā ti.*  
enough / friend / being / gathered / by me / rice / once / just /  
evening-morning-meal / (end-quote)  
he replied, No, friend, enough rice has already been gathered by me for  
both the evening and morning meals.”

*atha kho so Vāseṭṭhā satto tassa sattassa diṭṭh-ānugatiṃ āpajjamāno sālīṃ āhāsi*  
*sakid eva dvīhāya, evaṃ pi kira bho, sādḥū ti.*  
then / indeed / this / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / being / of that / being  
/ seen-imitation / acquiring / rice / gathered / once / just / for two  
days / thus / too / really / sir / good / (end-quote)  
Then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, this being in imitation of the view of the  
other being gathered rice just once for two days, thinking, “Friend, this  
is a really good idea.”

*atha kho Vāseṭṭhā aññataro satto yena so satto ten’ upasaṅkami, upasaṅkamitvā*  
*taṃ sattaṃ etad avoca:*  
then / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / a certain / being / towards /  
this / being / there / he approached / having approached / to that /  
being / this / he said  
And later when another being came up to this being and said to him,

*ehi bho satta sāl-āhāraṃ gamissāmā ti.*  
come / sir / being / rice-gathering / let us go / (end-quote)  
“Come on, friend, let’s go rice gathering,”

*alaṃ bho satta āhato me sālī sakid eva dvīhāyā ti.*  
enough / friend / being / gathered / by me / rice / once / just / for two  
days / (end-quote)  
he replied, No, friend, enough rice has already been gathered by me for  
two days.”

*atha kho so Vāseṭṭhā satto tassa sattassa diṭṭhānugatiṃ āpajjamāno sālīṃ āhāsi*  
*sakid eva catuhāya, evaṃ pi kira bho sādḥū ti.*  
then / indeed / this / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / being / of that / being  
/ seen-imitation / acquiring / rice / gathered / once / just / for four  
days / thus / too / really / sir / good / (end-quote)  
Then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, this being in imitation of the view of the  
other being gathered rice just once for four days, thinking, “Friend, this  
is a really good idea.”

*atha kho Vāseṭṭhā aññataro satto yena so satto ten’ upasaṅkami, upasaṅkamitvā*  
*taṃ sattaṃ etadavoca:*  
then / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / a certain / being / towards /  
this / being / there / he approached / having approached / to that /  
being / this / he said  
And later when another being came up to this being and said to him,

*ehi bho satta sāl-āhāraṃ gamissāmā ti.*  
come / sir / being / rice-gathering / let us go / (end-quote)  
“Come on, friend, let’s go rice gathering,”

*alaṃ bho satta āhato me sālī sakid eva catuhāyā ti.*  
enough / friend / being / gathered / by me / rice / once / just / for four  
days / (end-quote)  
he replied, No, friend, enough rice has already been gathered by me for  
four days.”

*atha kho so Vāseṭṭhā satto tassa sattassa diṭṭhānugatiṃ āpajjamāno sālīṃ āhāsi*  
*sakid eva atṭhāhāya, evaṃ pi kira bho sādhu ti.*  
then / indeed / this / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / being / of that / being  
/ seen-imitation / acquiring / rice / gathered / once / just / for eight  
days / thus / too / really / sir / good / (end-quote)  
Then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, this being in imitation of the view of the  
other being gathered rice just once for eight days, thinking, “Friend,  
this is a really good idea.”

*yato kho te Vāseṭṭhā sattā sannidhi-kāraṃ sālīṃ upakkamiṃsu paribhuñjituṃ*  
*atha kaṇo pi taṇḍulaṃ pariyonandhi, thuso pi taṇḍulaṃ pariyonandhi,*  
since / indeed / these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / store-  
maker / rice / they go into / to eat / then / red rice powder / too /  
rice kernel / it covered over / husk / too / rice kernel / it covered  
Since Vasettha and Bharadvaja, these beings got into eating stored rice, a  
red powder and husk covered over the rice kernel,

*lūnam pi nappativirūḷhaṃ apadānaṃ paññāyittha, saṇḍa-saṇḍā sālīyo atṭhaṃsu.*  
reaped / too / not grown again / harvesting / it was discerned / in  
clusters / rice / they stood  
reaped rice did not re-grow, harvesting was discerned, and the rice grew  
in clusters.

*atha kho te Vāseṭṭhā sattā sannipatiṃsu sannipatitvā anutthuniṃsu pāpakā vata*  
*bho dhammā sattesu pātubhūtā,*  
then / indeed / these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / they  
assembled / having assembled / they lamented / evil / alas! / friend /  
things / among beings / appeared  
Then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, these beings assembled and lamented,  
“Alas! Evil things have appeared among us.

*mayam hi pubbe mano-mayā ahumhā pītibhakkhā sayam-pabhā antalikkha-carā*  
*subha-tṭhāyino, ciraṃ dīgham addhānaṃ atṭhamhā.*  
we / for / formerly / mind-made / we were / rapture-feeding / self-  
luminous / sky-moving / lustre-remaining / for a long time / long /  
period / we stayed  
For formerly we were mind-made, feeding on rapture, self-luminous,  
moving through the sky, lustrous, and we stayed that way for a very  
long time.

*tesaṃ no amhākaṃ kadāci karahaci dīghassa addhuno accayena rasa-paṭhavī  
udakasmim samatāni.*

for them / us / for us / at any time / at some time / of long / time /  
after the lapse of / essence- earth / on the water / evenness  
And at some time for us after a long period of time, earth-essence spread  
evenly over the water.

*sā ahosi vaṇṇa-sampannā gandha-sampannā rasa-sampannā.*

it / was / colour-endowed / smell-endowed / taste-endowed /  
It was endowed with colour, smell, and taste.

*te mayaṃ rasa-paṭhaviṃ hatthehi ālumpa-kāraṃ upakkamimha paribhuñjitum,*  
those / we / essence-earth / with hands / piece-making / we began / to  
eat

We began to eat the earth-essence by breaking pieces with our hands,

*tesaṃ no rasa-paṭhaviṃ hatthehi ālumpa-kāraṃ upakkamataṃ paribhuñjitum  
sayam-pabhā antaradhāyi.*

to those / to us / essence-earth / with hands / piece-making / began / to  
eat / self-luminosity / disappeared  
and when we did this, our self-luminosity disappeared.

*sayam-pabhāya antarahitāya candima-suriyā pāturahesuṃ.*

self-luminosity / with the disappearance / moon-sun / were manifest  
And when our self-luminosity was lost, the sun and moon were made  
manifest;

*candima-suriyesu pātubhutesu, nakkhattāni tārakārūpāni pāturahesuṃ.*

with moon-sun / with the manifestation / constellations / stars / were  
manifest

with the manifestation of the sun and moon, constellations and stars were  
made manifest;

*nakkhattesu tārakārūpesu pātubhutesu, rattin-divā paññāyimsu.*

with constellations / with stars / with the manifestation / night-day /  
they appeared

with the manifestation of the constellations and stars, night and day  
appeared;

*rattin-divesu paññāyamānesu, mās-addha-māsā paññāyimsu.*

with night-days / with appearing / months-half-months / they appeared  
with the appearance of night and day, months and fortnights appeared;

*mās-addha-māsesu paññāyamānesu, utu-saṃvaccharā paññāyimsu.*

with months-half-months / with appearing / seasons-years / they  
appeared

with the appearance of months and fortnights, seasons and years  
appeared;

*te mayam rasa-paṭhaviṃ paribhuñjantā tam-bhakkhā tad-āhārā ciraṃ dīgham  
addhānaṃ aṭṭhamhā,*  
those / we / essence-earth / eating / this-feeding / that-food / for a long  
time / long / period / we stayed  
and we remained eating this earth-essence and feeding on it as our food  
for a very long time,

*tesaṃ no pāpakānaṃ ñeva akusalānaṃ dhammānaṃ pātubhāvā rasa-paṭhavi  
antaradhāyi.*  
to these / to us / of evil / also / of unwholesome / of things / appearance  
/ essence-earth / disappearance  
and on account of the evil, unwholesome things among us, the earth-  
essence disappeared.

*rasa-paṭhaviyā antarahitāya bhūmi-pappaṭako pāturahosi.*  
of the essence-earth / on the disappearance / earth-fungus / was  
On the disappearance of the earth-essence, an earth fungus appeared.

*so ahosi vaṇṇa-sampanno gandha-sampanno rasa-sampanno.*  
it / was / colour-endowed / smell-endowed / taste-endowed /  
It was endowed with colour, smell, and taste.

*te mayam bhūmi-pappaṭakaṃ upakkamimha paribhuñjitum.*  
those / we / earth-fungus / we began / to eat  
We began to eat the earth-fungus,

*te mayam tam paribhuñjantā taṃbhakkhā tadāhārā ciraṃ dīgham addhānaṃ  
aṭṭhamhā.*  
those / we / this / relishing / this-feeding on / this-food / for a long time  
/ long period / we remained  
and, relishing it we remained feeding on this food for a very long time,

*tesaṃ no pāpakānaṃ ñeva akusalānaṃ dhammānaṃ pātubhāvā bhūmi-  
pappaṭako antaradhāyi.*  
to those / to us / of evil / also / of unwholesome / of things /  
appearance / earth-fungus / disappearance  
and on account of the evil, unwholesome things among us, the earth-  
fungus disappeared.

*bhūmi-pappaṭake antarahite badālatā pāturahosi.*  
earth-fungus / on the disappearance / creeper / appeared  
And on the disappearance of the earth-fungus a creeper appeared.

*sā ahosi vaṇṇa-sampannā gandha-sampannā rasa-sampannā.*  
it / was / colour-endowed / smell-endowed / taste-endowed /  
It was endowed with colour, smell, and taste;

*te mayam badālatam upakkamimha paribhuñjitum.*  
those / we / creeper / we began / to eat  
and we began to eat the creeper,

*te mayaṃ taṃ paribhuñjantā taṃ-bhakkhā tad-āhārā ciraṃ dīgham addhānaṃ  
aṭṭhamhā.*

those / we / this / relishing / this-feeding on / this-food / for a long time  
/ long period / we remained  
and relishing it we remained feeding on this food for a very long time.

*tesaṃ no pāpakānaṃ ñeva akusalānaṃ dhammānaṃ pātubhāvā badālatā  
antaradhāyi.*

to those / to us / of evil / also / of unwholesome / of things /  
appearance / creeper / disappearance  
And on account of the evil, unwholesome things among us, the creeper  
disappeared.

*badālatāya antarahitāya akaṭṭha-pāko sāli pāturahosi, akaṇo athuso suddho su-  
gandho taṇḍula-pphalo.*

of the creeper / on the disappearance / uncultivated-ripe / rice / was  
manifest / without red dust coating / without husk / pure / good-  
scent / husked rice-fruit  
On the disappearance of the creeper, pure, ripe, uncultivated, fragrant,  
husked rice, without the red dust coating and ready to cook, appeared.

*yaṃ taṃ sāyaṃ sāyamāsāya āharāma pāto taṃ hoti pakkaṃ paṭivirūḷhaṃ.*

whichever / in the evening / for the evening meal / we bring / in the  
morning / that / is / ripe / grown again  
Whatever we brought in the evening for the evening meal, that was  
grown again and ripe by the morning,

*yaṃ taṃ pāto pātarāsāya āharāma, sāyaṃ taṃ hoti pakkaṃ paṭivirūḷhaṃ  
nāpadānaṃ paññāyittha.*

whichever / in the morning / for the morning meal / we bring / in the  
evening / that / is / ripe / grown again / not-harvesting / is discerned  
and whatever we brought in the morning for the morning meal, that was  
grown again and ripe by the evening, and no harvesting was  
necessary.

*te mayaṃ akaṭṭha-pākaṃ sāliṃ paribhuñjantā taṃ-bhakkhā tad-āhārā ciraṃ  
dīgham addhānaṃ aṭṭhamhā.*

those / we / uncultivated-ripe / rice / relishing / this-feeding on / this-  
food / for a long time / long period / we remained  
And relishing the uncultivated, ripe rice we remained feeding on it as our  
food for a very long time.



*tesaṃ no pāpakānaṃ ñeva akusalānaṃ dhammānaṃ pātubhāvā kaṇo pi taṇḍulaṃ pariyonandhi, thuso pi taṇḍulaṃ pariyonandhi, lūnaṃ pi na paṭivirūlhaṃ, apadānaṃ paññāyittha, saṇḍa-saṇḍā sāliyo thitā.*  
to those / to us / of evil / also / of unwholesome / of things / appearance / red rice powder / too / rice kernel / it covered over / husk / too / rice kernel / it covered over / reaped / too / not / grown again / harvesting / it was discerned / in clusters / rice / stood  
And on account of the evil, unwholesome things among us, a red powder and husk covered over the rice kernel, reaped rice did not re-grow, harvesting was discerned, and the rice stood in clusters.

*yan nūna mayaṃ sāliṃ vibhajeyyāma, mariyādaṃ thapeyyāma ti.*  
what if / we / rice / we would divide / boundary / we would establish / (end-quote)  
Why don't we divide the rice and establish boundaries?"

*atha kho te Vāseṭṭhā sattā sāliṃ vibhajimsu, mariyādaṃ thapesuṃ.*  
then / indeed / those / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / rice / they divided / boundary / they established  
Then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, these beings divided the rice and established boundaries.

*atha kho Vāseṭṭhā aññataro satto lola-jātiko sakaṃ bhāgaṃ parirakkhanto aññataraṃ bhāgaṃ adinnaṃ ādiyitvā paribhuñji.*  
then / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / a certain / being / wanton-nature / own / share / protecting / a certain / share / not given / having taken / he ate  
Then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, a certain wanton being, guarding his own share, took the share of another that hadn't been given and ate it.

*tam enaṃ aggahesuṃ, gahetvā etad avocum: pāpakaṃ vata bho satta karosi, yatra hi nāma sakaṃ bhāgaṃ parirakkhanto aññataraṃ bhāgaṃ adinnaṃ ādiyitvā paribhuñjasi.*  
then / that one / they seized / having seized / this / they said / evil / alas! / sir / being / you do / in as much as / own / share / protecting / a certain / share / not given / having taken / you ate  
So they seized that one and said to him: "Alas, sir! You have done wrong when, guarding your own share, you took the share of another that hadn't been given and ate it

*mā ssu bho satta puna pi evarūpam akāsī ti.*  
do not / even / sir / being / again / such-thing / you do / (end-quote)  
Never again do such a thing!"

*evaṃ bho ti kho Vāseṭṭhā so satto tesaṃ sattānaṃ paccassosi.*  
yes / sir / (end-quote) / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / this / being / to these / beings / assented  
"Yes, sir," this being assented to the others.

*dutiyam pi kho Vāseṭṭhā so satto ...pe... tatiyam pi kho Vāseṭṭhā so satto sakaṃ  
bhāgaṃ parirakkhanto aññataraṃ bhāgaṃ adinnaṃ ādiyitvā paribhuñji.*

a second time / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / this / being / ...  
etc. ... / a third time / this / being / own / share / protecting / a  
certain / share / not given / having taken / he ate

Vasettha and Bharadvaja, a second time this being ... etc. ... and a third  
time this being, guarding his own share, took the share of another that  
hadn't been given and ate it.

*tam enaṃ aggahesuṃ, aggahetvā etad avocuṃ: pāpakaṃ vata bho satta karosi,  
yatra hi nāma sakaṃ bhāgaṃ parirakkhanto aññataraṃ bhāgaṃ adinnaṃ  
ādiyitvā paribhuñjasi.*

then / that one / they seized / having seized / this / they said / evil /  
alas! / sir / being / you do / in as much as / own / share / protecting  
/ a certain / share / not given / having taken / you ate

So they seized that one and said to him: "Alas, sir! You have done wrong  
when, guarding your own share, you took the share of another that  
hadn't been given and ate it

*mā ssu bho satta puna pi evarūpam akāsi ti.*

do not / even / sir / being / again / such-thing / you do / (end-quote)  
Never again do such a thing!"

*aññe pāninā pahariṃsu, aññe leḍḍunā pahariṃsu, aññe daṇḍena pahariṃsu.*  
others / by hand / they hit / others / by clod / they hit / others / by  
stick / they hit

Some struck him with their hands, others with clods, and yet others with  
sticks.

*tad agge kho Vāseṭṭhā adinn-ādānaṃ paññāyati, garahā paññāyati, musā-vādo  
paññāyati, daṇḍā-dānaṃ paññāyati.*

since then / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / not given-taking / is  
discerned / accusation / is discerned / false-speech / is discerned /  
stick-giving / is discerned

From then on, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, theft appeared, accusation  
appeared, lying appeared, and punishment appeared.

*atha kho te Vāseṭṭhā sattā sannipatiṃsu, sannipatitvā anutthuniṃsu, pāpakā  
vata bho dhammā sattesu pātubhūtā,*

then / indeed / these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / they  
assembled / having assembled / they lamented / evil / alas! / friend /  
things / among beings / appeared

Then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, these beings assembled and lamented,  
"Alas! Evil things have appeared among us.

*yatra hi nāma adinn-ādānaṃ paññāyati, garahā paññāyati, musā-vādo  
paññāyati, daṇḍā-dānaṃ paññāyati,*

in as much as / not given-taking / is discerned / accusation / is discerned  
/ false-speech / is discerned / stick-giving / is discerned

Since theft has appeared, accusation has appeared, lying has appeared,  
and punishment has appeared,

*yan nūna mayaṃ ekaṃ sattaṃ sammanneyyāma.*  
what if / we / one / being / we would elect  
why don't we elect one being among us

*so no sammā-khīyitabbaṃ khīyeyya, sammā-garahitabbaṃ garaheyya,  
sammāpabbājetabbaṃ pabbājeyya.*  
he / for us / rightly-ought to be indignant / he would be indignant /  
rightly-ought to be accused / he would accuse / rightly-ought to be  
banished / he would banish  
who would become indignant over what rightly ought to cause  
indignation, accuse whomever rightly ought to be accused, and banish  
whomever rightly ought to be banished.

*mayaṃ pan' assa sālīnaṃ bhāgaṃ anuppadassāmā ti.*  
we / moreover / to him / rice / share / we will grant / (end-quote)  
Moreover we would grant to him a share of the rice."

*atha kho te Vāseṭṭhā sattā yo nesaṃ satto abhirūpa-taro ca dassanīya-taro ca  
pāsādika-taro ca mahesakkha-taro ca, taṃ sattaṃ upasaṅkamitvā etad avocumī:*  
then / indeed / these / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / beings / which /  
among them / being / handsome-more / and / beautiful-more / and  
/ pleasing-more / and / capable-more / and / that / being / having  
approached / this / they said  
Then, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, these beings approached the being  
among them who was the most handsome, beautiful, pleasing, and  
capable, and said this:

*ehi bho satta, sammā-khīyitabbaṃ khīya, sammā-garahitabbaṃ garaha, sammā-  
pabbājetabbaṃ pabbājehi.*  
come / friend / being / rightly-ought to be indignant / be indignant /  
rightly-ought to be accused / accuse / rightly-ought to be banished /  
banish  
"Come, friend, become indignant over what rightly ought to cause  
indignation, accuse whomever rightly ought to be accused, and banish  
whomever rightly ought to be banished.

*mayaṃ pana te sālīnaṃ bhāgaṃ anuppadassāmā ti.*  
we / however / to you / rice / share / we will grant / (end-quote)  
and we will grant to you a share of the rice."

*evaṃ bho ti kho Vāseṭṭhā so satto tesam sattānaṃ paṭissutvā,*  
thus / sir / (end-quote) / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / this /  
being / to those / beings / having assented  
"Yes, sir," this being assented to the others, and then

*sammākhīyitabbaṃ khīyi, sammāgarahitabbaṃ garahi, sammāpabbājetabbaṃ pabbājesi.*

rightly-ought to be indignant / he was indignant / rightly-ought to be accused / he accused / rightly-ought to be banished / he banished he became indignant over what rightly ought to cause indignation, accused whomever rightly ought to be accused, and banished whomever rightly ought to be banished,

*te pan' assa sālīnaṃ bhāgaṃ anuppadaṃsu.*

they / however / to him / rice / share / they granted and they thus granted to him a share of the rice."

*mahā-jana-sammato ti kho Vāsetṭhā mahā-sammato, mahā-sammato tv eva paṭhamam akkharam upanibbattam.*

great-people-elected / (end-quote) / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / great-elect / great-elect / indeed / first / expression / derived "Elected by the people" is the meaning of *mahasammata*, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, and *mahasammata* is indeed the first expression to be derived.

*khettānaṃ patī ti kho Vāsetṭhā khattiyo, khattiyo tv eva dutiyam akkharam upanibbattam.*

of the fields / lord / (end-quote) / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / khattiya / khattiya / indeed / second / expression / derived "Lord of the fields" is the meaning of *khattiya*, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, and *khattiya* is indeed the second expression to be derived.

*dhammena pare rañjetī ti kho Vāsetṭhā rājā, rājā tv eva tatiyam akkharam upanibbattam.*

by righteousness / others / he brings delight / (end-quote) / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / raja / raja / indeed / third / expression / derived "He brings delight to others through righteousness" is the meaning of *raja*, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, and *raja* is indeed the third expression to be derived.

*iti kho Vāsetṭhā evam etassa khattiya-maṇḍalassa porāṇena aggaññena akkharena abhinibbatti ahoṣi.*

thus / indeed / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / thus / of this / khattiya-circle / with ancient / with primeval / with expression / production / there was

Thus, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, there was the emergence of the *Khattiya* class along with these ancient and primeval expressions;

*tesaṃ ñeva sattānaṃ anaññesaṃ sadisānaṃ ñeva no asadisānaṃ dhammen' eva no adhammena.*

among these / also / of beings / not other / of like / also / not / of unlike / righteously / just / not / unrighteously among these very beings, not others; like ourselves, not unlike; righteously, not unrighteously.

*dhammo hi Vāseṭṭhā seṭṭho jan' etasmiṃ diṭṭhe c' eva dhamme abhisamparāyaṇī ca.*

Dhamma / for / Vasettha (and Bharadvaja) / best / generation / in this / in this very life (*diṭṭh' eva dhamme*) / and / in the future / and  
For, Vasettha and Bharadvaja, Dhamma is the very best in this generation both in this very life and in the future. [D.III.86-93 – xxvii.(*Aggañña*).11-21]

### Passage 3

p. 182

*bhūtapubbaṃ imasmiṃ yeva bhikkhu-saṅghe aññatarassa bhikkhuno evaṃ cetaso parivitaṅko udapādi:*

in the past / in this / just / monk-community / of a certain / monk / thus / in the mind / thought / arose

In the past, in just this community of monks, a thought arose in the mind of a certain monk:

*kattha nu kho ime cattāro mahābhūtā aparisesā nirujjhanti, seyyathidaṃ paṭhavī-dhātu āpo-dhātu tejo-dhātu vāyo-dhātū ti.*

where / do / indeed / these / four / great elements / without remainder / cease / namely / earth-element / water-element / fire-element / air-element / (end-quote)

“Indeed, where do these four great elements, that is, the earth, water, fire, and air elements, cease without remainder?”

*atha kho so bhikkhu tathārūpaṃ samādhim samāpajji yathā samāhite citte devayāniyo maggo pāturahosi.*

then / indeed / this / monk / such / concentration / attained / as / in concentrated / mind / deva-leading to / path / appeared

Then this monk attained such a level of concentration that through his concentrated mind a path leading to the devas appeared.

*atha kho so bhikkhu yena Cātu-mahā-rājikā devā ten' upasankami, upasankamivā Cātu-mahā-rājike deve etad avoca:*

then / indeed / this / monk / towards / four-great-kings / devas / that way / he approached / having approached / to the four-great-kings / devas / this / he said

Then, this monk approached the devas of the Four Great Kings and, drawing near, he said to them:

*kattha nu kho āvuso ime cattāro mahābhūtā aparisesā nirujjhanti, seyyathidaṃ paṭhavī-dhātu āpo-dhātu tejo-dhātu vāyo-dhātū ti.*

where / do / indeed / friends / these / four / great elements / without remainder / cease / namely / earth-element / water-element / fire-element / air-element / (end-quote)

“Friends, where do these four great elements, that is, the earth, water, fire, and air elements, cease without remainder?”

*evaṃ vutte Cātu-mahā-rājikā devā taṃ bhikkhuṃ etad avocuṃ:*  
thus / said / four-great-kings / devas / this / monk / thus / said  
When this was said, the devas of the Four Great Kings replied to this  
monk:

*mayam pi kho, bhikkhu, na jānāma yatth' ime cattāro mahābhūtā aparisesā  
nirujjhanti, seyyathidaṃ paṭhavī-dhātu āpo-dhātu tejo-dhātu vāyo-dhātū.*  
we / too / indeed / monk / not / we know / where / these / four /  
great elements / without remainder / cease / namely / earth-element  
/ water-element / fire-element / air-element

“Monk, we also do not know where these four great elements, that is, the  
earth, water, fire, and air elements, cease without remainder.

*atthi kho bhikkhu cattāro Mahārājā amhehi abhikkanta-tarā ca paṇītatārā ca.*  
there are / indeed / monk / four / great kings / than us / advanced-  
more / and / excellent-more / and

There are, monk, the Four Great Kings, who are more advanced and  
excellent than us.

*te kho evaṃ jāneyyumuṃ, yatth' ime cattāro mahābhūtā aparisesā nirujjhanti  
seyyathidaṃ paṭhavī-dhātu āpo-dhātu tejo-dhātu vāyo-dhātū ti.*  
they / indeed / thus / might know / where / these / four / great  
elements / without remainder / cease / namely / earth-element /  
water-element / fire-element / air-element / (end-quote)

Indeed they might know where these four great elements, that is, the  
earth, water, fire, and air elements, cease without remainder.”

*atha kho so bhikkhu yena cattāro Mahārājā ten' upasankami, upasankamivā  
cattāro Mahārāje etad avoca:*

then / indeed / this / monk / towards / four / great-kings / that way /  
he approached / having approached / four / to the great-kings / this /  
he said

Then, this monk approached the Four Great Kings and, drawing near, he  
said to them:

*kattha nu kho āvuso ime cattāro mahābhūtā aparisesā nirujjhanti, seyyathidaṃ  
paṭhavī-dhātu āpo-dhātu tejo-dhātu vāyo-dhātū ti.*

where / do / indeed / friends / these / four / great elements / without  
remainder / cease / namely / earth-element / water-element / fire-  
element / air-element / (end-quote)

“Friends, where do these four great elements, that is, the earth, water,  
fire, and air elements, cease without remainder?”

*evaṃ vutte cattāro Mahārājā taṃ bhikkhuṃ etad avocuṃ:*

thus / said / four / great-kings / this / monk / thus / said

When this was said, the Four Great Kings replied to this monk:

*mayam pi kho, bhikkhu, na jānāma yatth' ime cattāro mahābhūtā aparisesā  
nirujjhanti, seyyathīdam paṭhavī-dhātu āpo-dhātu tejo-dhātu vāyo-dhātū.*  
we / too / indeed / monk / not / we know / where / these / four /  
great elements / without remainder / cease / namely / earth-element  
/ water-element / fire-element / air-element  
“Monk, we also do not know where these four great elements, that is, the  
earth, water, fire, and air elements, cease without remainder.

*atthi kho bhikkhu Tāvatiṃsā nāma devā amhehi abhikkanta-tarā ca paṇīta-tarā  
ca.*  
there are / indeed / monk / the thirty-three / named / devas / than us /  
advanced-more / and / excellent-more / and  
There are, monk, the Thirty-Three devas, who are more advanced and  
excellent than us.

*te kho evaṃ jāneyyumaṃ yatth' ime cattāro mahābhūtā aparisesā nirujjhantī ti.*  
they / indeed / thus / would know / where / these / four / great  
elements / without remainder / cease / (end-quote)  
Indeed they would know where these four great elements cease without  
remainder.” [D.I.215-6 – xi.(Kevaddha).67-69]

## Exercise 21

### English into Pali

p. 183

*Then, following the ripening of that embryo, the geisha Sālavatī gave birth to a son (acc.).*

atha kho / paripākam-anvāya / tassa / gabbhassa / gaṇikā / Sālavatī / vijāyi / puttam

atha kho Sālavatī gaṇikā tassa gabbhassa paripākamanvāya puttam vijāyi.

*Then Sālavatī ordered a slave girl: "You there! After (express this simply by using gerunds) putting this boy into an old winnowing-basket (loc.) (and) taking him out throw (him) away on a rubbish heap." ...*

atha kho / gaṇikā / Sālavatī / āṇāpesi / dāsim / handa je / pakkipitvā / imaṃ / dārakam / kattarasuppe / nīharitvā / chaḍḍehi / saṅkarakūṭe (iti)

atha kho Sālavatī gaṇikā dāsim āṇāpesi: handa je, imaṃ dārakam kattarasuppe pakkipitvā nīharitvā saṅkarakūṭe chaḍḍehi. ...

*At that time a son of the king (rājakumāro) named Abhaya, going to the king's-audience just at the (right) time (dat.), saw that boy surrounded by crows.*

tena (kho pana) / samayena / rāja-kumāro / nāma / abhaya / gacchanto / rāj-upaṭṭhānam / eva / kālassa / addasa / taṃ / dārakam / samparikiṇṇam / kākehi

tena kho pana samayena abhaya nāma rājakumāro kālasseva rājupaṭṭhānam gacchanto addasa taṃ dārakam kākehi samparikiṇṇam,

*Having seen he asked people: "What (is) that, I say!, surrounded by crows?"*  
disvāna / pucchi / manusse / kiṃ / etaṃ / bhaṇe / samparikiṇṇam / kākehi (iti)

disvāna manusse pucchi: kiṃ etaṃ, bhaṇe, kākehi samparikiṇṇanti?

*"A boy, O king (title devo used in addressing a prince of the blood)."*

dārako / deva (iti)

dārako, devāti.

*"(Does he) live, I say! (?)"*

jīvati / bhaṇe (iti)

jīvati, bhaṇeti?

*"(He) lives, O king."*

jīvati / deva (iti)

jīvati, devāti.



*Now! I say! having led that boy to our citadel give (him) to nurses to rear." ...*  
tena hi / bhāṇe / netvā / taṃ / dāraḥkaṃ / amhākaṃ / antepuraṃ /  
detha / dhātīnaṃ / posetuṃ (iti)  
tena hi, bhāṇe, taṃ dāraḥkaṃ amhākaṃ antepuraṃ netvā dhātīnaṃ detha  
posetuntī. ...

*They made the name "Jīvaka" for him (thinking): "(he) lives";*  
akaṃsu / nāmaṃ / jīvako (iti) / tassa / jīvati (iti)  
tassa jīvātīti jīvakoṭi nāmaṃ akaṃsu.

*they made the name "Komārabhacca" (thinking): "(He) was caused to be reared  
by the prince."*  
akaṃsu / nāmaṃ / komārabhacco (iti) / posāpito / kumārena (iti)  
kumārena posāpitoti 'komārabhacco'ti nāmaṃ akaṃsu.

*Then Jīvaka Komārabhacca soon attained ((p)pa-āp) discretion ...*  
atha kho / jīvako / komārabhacco / na-cirass (eva) / pāpuṇi / viññutaṃ  
atha kho jīvako komārabhacco nacirasseva viññutaṃ pāpuṇi ...

*Then he thought this: "These royal courts (are) not easy to live upon without-a-  
profession (ins.: 'with-a-non-profession')."*  
atha kho / jīvakaṃ komārabhaccaṃ / ahosi / etad / imāni (kho) / rāja-  
kulāni / na / sukarāni / upajīvituṃ / asippena  
atha kho jīvakaṃ komārabhaccaṃ etadahosi: imāni kho rājakulāni na  
sukarāni asippena upajīvituṃ.

*Supposing I were to learn (opt.) a profession?"*  
yaṃnūna / ahaṃ sikkheyyaṃ / sippaṃ (iti)  
yaṃnūnāhaṃ sippaṃ sikkheyyanti.

*Now at that time there dwelt (present tense) in Takkasilā a doctor who-was-the-  
foremost-of-(all)-regions.*  
pana (kho) / tena / samayena / paṭivasati / takkasilāyaṃ / vejjo / disā-  
pāmokkho  
tena kho pana samayena takkasilāyaṃ disāpāmokkho vejjo paṭivasati.

*Then Jīvaka Komārabhacca went away to Takkasilā,*  
atha (kho) / jīvako / komārabhacco / (tena) pakkāmi / yena / takkasilā  
atha kho jīvako komārabhacco yena takkasilā tena pakkāmi.

*in due course approached Takkasilā (and) that doctor, (and) having approached  
said this to that doctor:*  
anupubbena / (tena) upasaṅkami / (yena) takkasilā / (yena) vejjo /  
upasaṅkamitvā / avoca / etad / taṃ / vejjaṃ  
anupubbena yena takkasilā, yena vejjo tenupasaṅkami; upasaṅkamitvā  
taṃ vejjaṃ etadavoca:

*“O teacher, I wish to learn the profession.” ...*  
ācariya / ahaṃ / icchāmi / sikkhituṃ / sippaṃ (iti)  
icchāmaḥaṃ, ācariya, sippaṃ sikkhitunti. ...

*Then Jīvaka grasped (present tense) much, grasped lightly ...*  
atha (kho) / jīvako / komārabhacco / gaṇhāti / bahuṃ (ca) / gaṇhāti /  
lahuṃ (ca)  
atha kho jīvako komārabhacco bahuñca gaṇhāti lahuñca gaṇhāti ...

*When seven (satta, inflect as pañca) years had passed Jīvaka thought this:*  
(atha kho) / sattannaṃ / vassānaṃ / accayena / jīvakassa /  
komārabhaccassa / ahosi / etad  
atha kho jīvakassa komārabhaccassa sattannaṃ vassānaṃ accayena  
etadahosi:

*“I indeed grasp much ... the end of this profession is not discerned, when will the  
end of this profession be discerned?”*  
ahaṃ / kho / gaṇhāmi / bahuṃ (ca) / ... / anto / imassa / sippassa / na  
/ paññāyati / kadā / anto / imassa / sippassa / paññāyissati (iti)  
ahaṃ kho bahuñca gaṇhāmi ... nayimassa sippassa anto paññāyati. kadā  
imassa sippassa anto paññāyissatīti.

*Then Jīvaka approached that doctor ...*  
atha (kho) / jīvako / komārabhacco / tenupasaṅkami / (yena) / so /  
athavejjo  
atha kho jīvako komārabhacco yena so vejjo tenupasaṅkami ...

*Now! I say, Jīvaka, taking a gardener's-trowel (khaṇṭṭi), wandering for a league  
on all sides of Takkasilā, whatever non-medicine you may see, bring that.”*  
tena hi / bhaṇe / jīvaka / ādāya / khaṇṭṭiṃ / āhiṇḍitvā / yojanaṃ /  
samantā / takkasilāya / yaṃ kiñci / abhesajjaṃ / passeyyāsi / āharāti  
/ taṃ  
tena hi bhaṇe jīvaka, khaṇṭṭiṃ ādāya takkasilāya samantā yojanaṃ  
āhiṇḍitvā yaṃ kiñci abhesajjaṃ passeyyāsi taṃ āharāti.

*“Yes, teacher” ... wandering (he) saw no non-medicine at all ...*  
evaṃ / ācariya (iti) / ... / āhiṇḍanto / addasa / na / abhesajjaṃ / kiñci  
evaṃ, ācariyāti ... āhiṇḍanto na kiñci abhesajjaṃ addasa. ...

*“... I saw no non-medicine at all.”*  
addasaṃ / na / abhesajjaṃ / kiñci (iti)  
na kiñci abhesajjaṃ addasanti.

*“You have learned (p.p.+ asi), I say, O Jīvaka, sufficient for your livelihood!”*  
asi susikkhito / bhaṇe / jīvaka / alaṃ (ettakaṃ) / te / jīvikāya (iti)  
susikkhitosi, bhaṇe jīvaka. alaṃ te ettakaṃ jīvikāyāti [Vin.I.269-70 – Vinaya /  
Mahāvagga / Dutiyō bhāgo / 8 Cīvarakkhandhakaṃ 5-11 (202 Jīvakavatthu)]